11 NCAC 05A .0901 DEFINITIONS

As used in this Subchapter:

(1) "9S Inspection" means an inspection conducted by the Office of State Fire Marshal (OSFM) to ensure compliance with the requirements of this Section in order to receive a public protection classification rating.

(2) "Automatic Aid" means assistance dispatched automatically by contractual agreement between two communities or fire districts to all structure fires.

(3) "Eligible Firefighter" means all persons 18 years of age or older who are firefighters as defined by G.S. 58-86-2.

(4) "Engine" means a motorized vehicle meeting the requirements of NFPA 1901, "Standard for Automotive Fire Apparatus."

(5) "Fire Department" means an organization established or organized under applicable State and local laws, for the purpose of limiting, reducing, or preventing damage or personal injury caused by fire or other emergency.

(6) "Fire Districts" or "Insurance Districts" means an area within a city, town, municipality, or county that is established in order to provide fire prevention and fire suppression services.

(7) "Fire Station" means a building for the housing of fire department apparatus and personnel.

(8) "Gallons Per Minute" or "GPM" means the volume of water flow from a hose, hydrant, or other fire suppression apparatus.

(9) "Pounds Per Square Inch" or "PSI" means the pressure a gas or liquid exerts on the walls of its container.

(10) "Public Protection Classification" or "PPC" means a rating given to fire districts or insurance districts throughout the State on their ability to provide fire prevention and fire suppression services to affected areas within its jurisdictional boundaries.

(11) "Road Miles" are the miles that a fire apparatus will travel from a fire station to an emergency scene.

(12) "Rural Fire District" means a fire district that is outside the jurisdictional boundaries of a city, town or municipality and is established pursuant to G.S. Chapter 69, Article 3A of or G.S. Chapter 153A, Article 11.

(13) "Structure Fire" means a condition where an actual monetary loss or physical damage has occurred to a building or constructed area, due to the result of a fire.

(14) "Tanker" means a fire truck/engine designed to carry water to fires, whether equipped with or without a pump to dispense the water.

11 NCAC 05A .0902 PURPOSE
(a) This Section establishes standards for insurance public protection classifications for fire districts throughout the State.
(b) Fire districts in all rural areas of the State and in cities with populations of 100,000 or fewer according to the most recent annual population estimates certified by the State Budget Officer shall be inspected by the Department in accordance with the requirements of this Section. All other fire districts in the State shall be inspected by the Insurance Services Office ("ISO") in accordance with this Section.
(c) A "PPC 1" is the best rating, and a "PPC 10" indicates that the fire district does not meet the minimum protection requirements.
(d) A fire district that meets the certification requirements set forth in this Section shall be given a public protection classification of "PPC 9S."
(e) A fire district that meets the certification requirements set forth in this Section, but contains properties within its jurisdictional limits that are more than five but within six road miles from a responding fire station, shall be given a public protection classification rating of "PPC 9E."
(f) If a fire district contains some properties within its jurisdictional limits that meet the requirements of a certain PPC rating, and some properties within its jurisdictional limits that meet the requirements of another PPC rating, the fire district may receive a split rating.
(g) To receive a public protection classification better than a "PPC 9S," a fire district must meet the requirements of this Section and the North Carolina Fire Suppression Rating Schedule ("NCFSRS").


11 NCAC 05A .0903 RATING OF FIRE DISTRICTS
(a) To receive a PPC rating, a fire department shall submit a written request to OSFM containing the following information:
   (1) The name of the fire district;
   (2) The name of the entity that operates the fire district (e.g., city, town, county, non-profit corporation);
   (3) The name of the person in charge of the entity that operates the fire district;
   (4) The name and title of the Fire Chief or his or her designee;
   (5) The physical address of the location of every fire station utilized by the fire department;
   (6) The mailing address of the fire department;
   (7) The Federal (FEIN) Tax ID number of the fire department;
   (8) Copies of any contracts with a local government body to provide fire protection; and
   (9) A Geographic Information System ("GIS") computer-generated map of the fire district, and documentation of the approval of the map by the local governing body if applicable.
(b) A fire department may contract with more than one unit of government to provide fire protection. In addition, a local unit of government may contract with more than one fire department to provide fire protection.
(c) 9S Re-Inspections. Fire departments shall be re-inspected by OSFM, at least every 10 years and shall be notified by OSFM of such 9S re-inspection in writing at least 30 days in advance. In addition, upon receipt of information alleging noncompliance with this Section that is reviewed and verified by OSFM, OSFM shall perform unannounced re-inspections of fire departments.
(d) New Station Inspection. A fire department may request a certification inspection for any new station. Before OSFM will conduct the inspection, the fire department must provide the following:
   (1) Proof of Certificate of Occupancy; and
   (2) If the fire department is adding to their rated insurance district with an additional station or making any changes to the insurance district lines, new maps and approvals in accordance with Subparagraph (a)(9) of this Rule.

(e) Merging of fire departments. When two or more fire departments merge into one fire department, OSFM shall conduct a 9S inspection. Before the inspection will be conducted, the fire departments must provide the requirements of Paragraph (a) of this Rule.

(f) Unless otherwise approved pursuant to Paragraph (g) of this Rule, a fire district may not extend more than five road miles from a responding fire station.

(g) A rural fire district may extend its boundaries to more than five road miles but within six road miles from a responding fire department if, in addition to the requirements of Paragraph (a) of this Rule, the fire department enters a written automatic aid contract with another jurisdiction that requires the responding party to respond with at least one piece of fire apparatus capable of carrying at least 1,000 gallons of water.


11 NCAC 05A .0904 FACILITIES
(a) A fire station shall be provided with heating for all-weather protection of apparatus.
(b) If a fire department has multiple fire stations, each fire station shall not be more than 10 road miles from another fire station within the fire district.


11 NCAC 05A .0905 APPARATUS SPECIFICATIONS AND EQUIPMENT
(a) Engines. All stations shall have at least one engine that is:
   (1) Constructed in accordance with NFPA 1901, "Standard for Automotive Fire Apparatus"; and
   (2) Equipped with the following:
      (A) A pump certified by an independent third-party certification organization that is accredited for inspection and testing systems on fire apparatus in accordance with NFPA 1901, "Standard for Automotive Fire Apparatus."
      (B) A pump rated at not less than 750 GPM at 150 PSI net pump pressure.
      (C) A tank with at least a 300-gallon capacity.
      (D) Two 200-foot pre-connected hose lines, with a diameter of 1 ½ inches, 1 ¾ inches, or 2 inches, with nozzles that have a minimum flow of 95 GPM.
      (E) At least 20 feet of hard-suction hose in a size to flow the capacity of the engine, or at least 15 feet of soft-suction hose with a diameter of at least four inches.
      (F) Four self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) in proper working condition. A SCBA shall be considered in proper working condition if the facepiece, back frame and harness, cylinder, hoses, low air alarms, regulators, and accessories are tested
and operational in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations. The SCBA's shall be certified in accordance with NFPA 1981, "Standard on Open-Circuit Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) for Emergency Services."

(G) Four spare SCBA cylinders.
(H) One roof ladder at least 12 feet long.
(I) One extension ladder at least 24 feet long.
(J) One folding ladder.
(K) One pike-head axe.
(L) One flat-head axe.
(M) One forcible entry tool.
(N) One pike pole or plaster hook at least 6 feet long.
(O) Two portable, rechargeable hand lights suitable for use in hazardous conditions in accordance with NFPA 70, "National Electrical Code."
(P) 100 feet of utility rope, at least ½ inch in diameter.
(Q) Two 20 pound, class BC portable extinguishers.
(R) One 2½-gallon water extinguisher.
(S) One first aid kit.
(T) One bolt cutter at least 14 inches long.
(U) One two-way radio assigned to the apparatus.
(V) One traffic vest for each riding position.

(b) Tankers. If a station has a tanker, the tanker shall:
   (1) Be equipped with at least 1,000 gallons of water.
   (2) Be equipped with hoses and equipment for filling the tank and transferring water to the engine.
   (3) Be properly baffled in accordance with NFPA 1901, "Standard for Automotive Fire Apparatus."
   (4) Be equipped with one traffic vest for each riding position.

(c) Protective Clothing. Each eligible firefighter shall be provided protective clothing approved pursuant to NFPA 1851, "Standard on Selection, Care, and Maintenance of Protective Ensembles for Structural Fire Fighting and Proximity Fire Fighting," including:
   (1) Helmet.
   (2) Coat.
   (3) Pants.
   (4) Boots.
   (5) Gloves.
   (6) Hoods.

(d) A fire station shall inspect all equipment inventory monthly, and document the inspection.
(e) A fire station shall perform maintenance on engines and tankers in accordance with manufacturers recommendations, and maintain logs documenting all such maintenance.
(f) A fire department shall perform a fire pump performance test on all engines annually, in accordance with NFPA 1911, "Standard for the Inspection, Maintenance, Testing, and Retirement of In-Service Emergency Vehicles." If the engine was purchased within the previous 12 months, the certification required by Part (a)(2)(A) of this Rule shall satisfy this requirement.
(g) All NFPA standards referenced in this Rule are herein incorporated by reference, including subsequent amendments and editions. Copies of these standards are available for public inspection at the Department, or may viewed online for free at the National Fire Protection Association website at http://www.nfpa.org.
11 NCAC 05A .0906 STAFFING LEVELS
(a) Fire Station.
   (1) Each fire department shall maintain a minimum of 15 eligible firefighters on its roster.
   (2) Each fire department shall provide a roster containing the names and date of birth of all eligible firefighters. A report submitted to the North Carolina State Firefighters' Association pursuant to G.S. 58-86-25 constitutes compliance with this Subparagraph.
   (3) Each fire department shall provide current workers compensation insurance certifications for all of its eligible firefighters.
   (4) Firefighters under the age of 18 will not be counted for purposes of meeting the requirements of this Rule.
(b) Additional Fire Stations: Fire departments that operate more than one station shall have four additional personnel for each additional station.

11 NCAC 05A .0907 TRAINING
(a) Eligible firefighters shall attend at least 36 hours of training annually in the area of fire prevention, fire suppression, or protection of life and property. No more than 12 hours of emergency medical services training may be counted toward the 36-hour training requirement.
(b) Fire departments shall provide at least four hours of training per month, for a total of 48 hours of training per year.
(c) Within one year of appointment, the fire chief of each fire department shall complete a class on management of fire department operations and records approved by the State Fire and Rescue Commission in accordance with G.S. 58, Article 78.
(d) Fire departments shall maintain training records in accordance with 11 NCAC 05A .0911.

11 NCAC 05A .0908 COMMUNICATIONS AND ALARMS
(a) Fire departments shall utilize the Public Service Answering Point (PSAP) established pursuant to G.S. 143B, Article 15, Part 10, to receive 911 calls and dispatching, 24 hours per day, 7 days per week.
(b) Notification to firefighters of emergencies may be provided by pagers, portable radios with alerting capabilities, or station alerting devices with paid personnel. Text paging or phone paging by a third party shall not be an acceptable means of notification.
(c) In jurisdictions utilizing Automatic Vehicle Location (AVL) systems, the fire department that is responsible for the fire district shall be dispatched, along with the closest unit recommendation of the AVL systems. In accordance with 11 NCAC 05A .0903(g), if a jurisdiction is utilizing AVL for unit dispatch, it shall ensure that an apparatus with a minimum of 1,000 gallons of water is dispatched as required by the automatic aid protocols.
**11 NCAC 05A .0909 RESPONSE TO STRUCTURE FIRES**
(a) Each fire department shall ensure the response of at least four of its eligible firefighters and one engine to all structure fires. The fire chief may be one of the four responding members.
(b) The fire department responding to a structure fire shall have a plan to provide a minimum flow of 200 GPM for 20 minutes within five minutes of the first arriving engine.


**11 NCAC 05A .0910 INCIDENT REPORTING**
(a) When a fire department responds to a fire, the fire chief shall ensure that a fire incident report is completed on the current version of the National Fire Incident Reporting System (NFIRS).
(b) A fire department shall keep records on dates, times, and locations of all fires on the current version of the NFIRS.
(c) All reports shall be submitted to OSFM within 120 days of incident occurrence.
(d) When a fire department responds to a fire involving fatalities, an initial report shall be filed by the fire chief or fire marshal of the authority having jurisdiction within 48 hours of the incident to the Office of State Fire Marshal.


**11 NCAC 05A .0911 RECORDS**
A fire department shall maintain the following records for 36 months:
(1) Apparatus maintenance logs for in service engines and tankers, in accordance with 11 NCAC 05A .0905.
(2) Apparatus equipment inventory checks for all in service engines and tankers, in accordance with 11 NCAC 05A .0905.
(3) Fire pump performance tests, in accordance with 11 NCAC 05A .0905.
(4) Training records for all eligible firefighters, in accordance with 11 NCAC 05A .0907.


**11 NCAC 05A .0912 NON-COMPLIANCE**
(a) Upon completion of an inspection, the OSFM inspector will review the inspection results with the fire chief or the chief's designee. Any fire department that fails to meet any of the standards set forth in this Section shall be considered non-compliant for the purpose of determining Fire Insurance District Rating Classifications.
(b) A non-compliant fire department shall have a period of 30 days from the date of the inspection to submit a written corrective action plan to OSFM. The corrective action plan shall address each deficiency found in the inspection and the corrective action the fire department will take in response to the deficiency. Upon receipt of approval of the corrective action plan from OSFM, the fire department shall have six months to become compliant. If the fire department remains non-compliant after the expiration of the six-
month corrective action period, OSFM shall consult with the entity that operates the fire district and place the fire department on probation until the fire department becomes compliant, for a period not to exceed six months. Upon completion of the probationary period, OSFM shall re-inspect the fire department for compliance. If the fire department remains non-compliant, OSFM shall designate the fire department as a "PPC10" (non-certified).