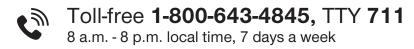
## Evidence Of Coverage 2021

Medicare Advantage Plan with Prescription Drugs

**AARP Medicare Advantage Choice Plan 2 (PPO)** 







#### **January 1 – December 31, 2021**

## **Evidence of Coverage:**

#### Your Medicare Health Benefits and Services and Prescription Drug Coverage as a Member of our plan

This booklet gives you the details about your Medicare health care and prescription drug coverage from January 1 – December 31, 2021. It explains how to get coverage for the health care services and prescription drugs you need.



This is an important legal document. Please keep it in a safe place.

This plan, AARP Medicare Advantage Choice Plan 2 (PPO), is insured through UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company or one of its affiliates. (When this **Evidence of Coverage** says "we," "us," or "our," it means UnitedHealthcare. When it says "plan" or "our plan," it means AARP Medicare Advantage Choice Plan 2 (PPO).)

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Para obtener más información, por favor comuníquese con Servicio al Cliente al 1-800-643-4845. (Usuarios TTY deben llamar 711). Horario es de 8 a.m. a 8 p.m., los 7 días de la semana, hora local.

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This document may be available in an alternate format such as Braille, large print or audio. Please contact our Customer Service number at 1-800-643-4845, TTY: 711, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week, for additional information.

Benefits, premium, deductible, and/or copayments/coinsurance may change on January 1, 2022. The formulary, pharmacy network, and provider network may change at any time. You will receive notice when necessary.

OMB Approval 0938-1051 (Expires: December 31, 2021)

### 2021 Evidence of Coverage

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# Chapter 1

Getting started as a member

# Chapter 1 Getting started as a member

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#### SECTION 1 Introduction

## Section 1.1 You are enrolled in AARP Medicare Advantage Choice Plan 2 (PPO), which is a Medicare PPO Plan

You are covered by Medicare, and you have chosen to get your Medicare health care and your prescription drug coverage through our plan, AARP Medicare Advantage Choice Plan 2 (PPO).

There are different types of Medicare health plans. Our plan is a Medicare Advantage PPO Plan (PPO stands for Preferred Provider Organization). Like all Medicare health plans, this Medicare PPO is approved by Medicare and run by a private company.

Coverage under this Plan qualifies as Qualifying Health Coverage (QHC) and satisfies the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act's (ACA) individual shared responsibility requirement. Please visit the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) website at: www.irs.gov/affordable-care-act/individuals-and-families for more information.

#### Section 1.2 What is the Evidence of Coverage booklet about?

This **Evidence of Coverage** booklet tells you how to get your Medicare medical care and prescription drugs covered through our plan. This booklet explains your rights and responsibilities, what is covered, and what you pay as a member of the plan.

The words "coverage" and "covered services" refer to the medical care, services and prescription drugs available to you as a member of the plan.

It's important for you to learn what the plan's rules are and what services are available to you. We encourage you to set aside some time to look through this **Evidence of Coverage** booklet.

If you are confused or concerned or just have a question, please contact our plan's Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

#### Section 1.3 Legal information about the Evidence of Coverage

#### It's part of our contract with you

This **Evidence of Coverage** is part of our contract with you about how the plan covers your care. Other parts of this contract include your enrollment form, the **List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)**, and any notices you receive from us about changes to your coverage or conditions that affect your coverage. These notices are sometimes called "riders" or "amendments."

The contract is in effect for months in which you are enrolled in the plan between January 1, 2021 and December 31, 2021.

Each calendar year, Medicare allows us to make changes to the plans that we offer. This means we can change the costs and benefits of the plan after December 31, 2021. We can also choose to stop offering the plan, or to offer it in a different service area, after December 31, 2021.

#### Medicare must approve our plan each year

Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) must approve our plan each year. You can continue to get Medicare coverage as a member of our plan as long as we choose to continue to offer the plan and Medicare renews its approval of the plan.

#### SECTION 2 What makes you eligible to be a plan member?

#### Section 2.1 Your eligibility requirements

#### You are eligible for membership in our plan as long as:

$\square$ You have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B (Section 2.2 tells you about Medicare Part
A and Medicare Part B)
□ - and - you live in our geographic service area (Section 2.3 below describes our service area).

#### Section 2.2 What are Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B?

☐ **- and -** you are a United States citizen or are lawfully present in the United States

When you first signed up for Medicare, you received information about what services are covered under Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B. Remember:

<ul> <li>Medicare Part A generally helps cover services provided by</li> </ul>	y hospitals (for inpatient services,
skilled nursing facilities, or home health agencies).	

☐ Medicare Part B is for most other medical services (such as physician's services, home infusion therapy, and other outpatient services) and certain items (such as durable medical equipment (DME) and supplies).

## Section 2.3 Here is the plan service area for AARP Medicare Advantage Choice Plan 2 (PPO)

Although Medicare is a Federal program, our plan is available only to individuals who live in our plan service area. To remain a member of our plan, you must continue to reside in the plan service area. The service area is described below.

Our service area includes these counties in North Carolina: Anson, Beaufort, Bertie, Bladen, Camden, Chowan, Columbus, Currituck, Duplin, Edgecombe, Gates, Greene, Halifax, Hertford, Hoke, Hyde, Jones, Lenoir, Martin, Montgomery, Moore, Northampton, Pamlico, Pasquotank, Pender, Perquimans, Pitt, Scotland, Stanly, Tyrrell, Warren, Washington.

If you plan to move out of the service area, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

When you move, you will have a Special Enrollment Period that will allow you to switch to Original Medicare or enroll in a Medicare health or drug plan that is available in your new location.

It is also important that you call Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

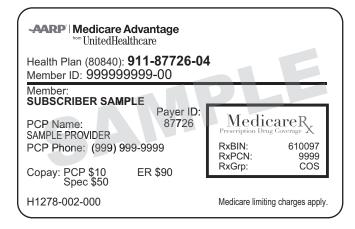
#### Section 2.4 U.S. Citizen or Lawful Presence

A member of a Medicare health plan must be a U.S. citizen or lawfully present in the United States. Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) will notify AARP Medicare Advantage Choice Plan 2 (PPO) if you are not eligible to remain a member on this basis. AARP Medicare Advantage Choice Plan 2 (PPO) must disenroll you if you do not meet this requirement.

#### SECTION 3 What other materials will you get from us?

## Section 3.1 Your UnitedHealthcare member ID card – Use it to get all covered care and prescription drugs

While you are a member of our plan, you must use your UnitedHealthcare member ID card for our plan whenever you get any services covered by this plan and for prescription drugs you get at network pharmacies. You should also show the provider your Medicaid card, if applicable. Here's a sample UnitedHealthcare member ID card to show you what yours will look like:





Do NOT use your red, white, and blue Medicare card for covered medical services while you are a member of this plan. If you use your Medicare card instead of your UnitedHealthcare member ID card, you may have to pay the full cost of medical services yourself. Keep your Medicare card in a safe place. You may be asked to show it if you need hospital services, hospice services, or participate in routine research studies.

Here's why this is so important: If you get covered services using your red, white, and blue Medicare card instead of using your UnitedHealthcare member ID card while you are a plan member, you may have to pay the full cost yourself.

If your UnitedHealthcare member ID card is damaged, lost, or stolen, call Customer Service right away and we will send you a new card. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

## Section 3.2 The Provider Directory: Your guide to all providers in the plan's network

The **Provider Directory** lists our network providers and durable medical equipment suppliers.

#### What are "network providers"?

**Network providers** are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, durable medical equipment suppliers, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and any plan cost-sharing as payment in full. We have arranged for these providers to deliver covered services to members in our plan. The most recent list of providers and suppliers is available on our website at www.myAARPMedicare.com.

#### Why do you need to know which providers are part of our network?

As a member of our plan, you can choose to receive care from out-of-network providers. Our plan will cover services from either in-network or out-of-network providers, as long as the services are covered benefits and medically necessary. However, if you use an out-of-network provider, your share of the costs for your covered services may be higher. See Chapter 3 (Using the plan's coverage for your medical services) for more specific information.

If you don't have your copy of the **Provider Directory**, you can request a copy from Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the cover of this booklet). You may ask Customer Service for more information about our network providers, including their qualifications. You can also search for provider information on our website. Both Customer Service and the website can give you the most up-to-date information about changes in our network providers. (You can find our website and phone information on the cover of this booklet.)

#### Section 3.3 The Pharmacy Directory: Your guide to pharmacies in our network

#### What are "network pharmacies"?

Network pharmacies are all of the pharmacies that have agreed to fill covered prescriptions for our plan members.

#### Why do you need to know about network pharmacies?

You can use the **Pharmacy Directory** to find the network pharmacy you want to use. There are changes to our network of pharmacies for next year. An updated Pharmacy Directory is located on

our website at www.myAARPMedicare.com. You may also call Customer Service for updated provider information or to ask us to mail you a Pharmacy Directory. Please review the 2021 Pharmacy Directory to see which pharmacies are in our network.

If you don't have the **Pharmacy Directory**, you can get a copy from Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). At any time, you can call Customer Service to get up-to-date information about changes in the pharmacy network. You can also find this information on our website at www.myAARPMedicare.com.

#### Section 3.4 The plan's List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)

The plan has a **List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)**. We call it the "Drug List" for short. It tells which Part D prescription drugs are covered under the Part D benefit included in our plan. The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of a team of doctors and pharmacists. The list must meet requirements set by Medicare. Medicare has approved the plan's Drug List.

The Drug List also tells you if there are any rules that restrict coverage for your drugs.

We will provide you a copy of the Drug List. To get the most complete and current information about which drugs are covered, you can visit the plan's website (www.myAARPMedicare.com) or call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

# Section 3.5 The Part D Explanation of Benefits (the "Part D EOB"): Reports with a summary of payments made for your Part D prescription drugs

When you use your Part D prescription drug benefits, we will send you a summary report to help you understand and keep track of payments for your Part D prescription drugs. This summary report is called the **Part D Explanation of Benefits** (or the "Part D EOB").

The Part D Explanation of Benefits tells you the total amount you, or others on your behalf, have spent on your Part D prescription drugs and the total amount we have paid for each of your Part D prescription drugs during the month. The Part D EOB provides more information about the drugs you take, such as increases in price and other drugs with lower cost-sharing that may be available. You should consult with your prescriber about these lower cost options. Chapter 6 (What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs) gives more information about the Part D Explanation of Benefits and how it can help you keep track of your drug coverage.

A **Part D Explanation of Benefits** summary is also available upon request. To get a copy, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

#### SECTION 4 Your monthly premium for the plan

#### Section 4.1 How much is your plan premium?

As a member of our plan, you pay a monthly plan premium. For 2021, the monthly premium for our plan is \$26.00. In addition, you must continue to pay your Medicare Part B premium (unless your Part B premium is paid for you by Medicaid or another third party).

#### In some situations, your plan premium could be less

The "Extra Help" program helps people with limited resources pay for their drugs. Chapter 2, Section 7 tells more about this program. If you qualify, enrolling in the program might lower your monthly plan premium.

If you are already enrolled and getting help from this program, the information about premiums in this Evidence of Coverage may not apply to you. We sent you a separate insert, called the "Evidence of Coverage Rider for People Who Get Extra Help Paying for Prescription Drugs" (also known as the "Low Income Subsidy Rider" or the "LIS Rider"), which tells you about your drug coverage. If you don't have this insert, please call Customer Service and ask for the "LIS Rider." (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

#### In some situations, your plan premium could be more

In some situations, your plan premium could be more than the amount listed above in Section 4.1. These situations are described below.

- If you signed up for extra benefits, also called "optional supplemental benefits", then you pay an additional premium each month for these extra benefits. If you have any questions about your plan premiums, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). The premium amount for the Platinum Dental Rider is \$38.00.
   Some members are required to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty because they did not join a Medicare drug plan when they first became eligible or because they had a continuous period of 63 days or more when they didn't have "creditable" prescription drug coverage.
   ("Creditable" means the drug coverage is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as
  - Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage.) For these members, the Part D late enrollment penalty is added to the plan's monthly premium. Their premium amount will be the monthly plan premium plus the amount of their Part D late enrollment penalty.
  - ° If you receive "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay for your prescription drugs, you will not pay a late enrollment penalty.
  - o If you are required to pay the Part D late enrollment penalty, the cost of the late enrollment penalty depends on how long you went without Part D or other creditable prescription drug coverage. Chapter 1, Section 5 explains the Part D late enrollment penalty.
  - ° If you have a Part D late enrollment penalty and do not pay it, you could be disenrolled from the plan.
- □ Some members may be required to pay an extra charge, known as the Part D Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount, also known as IRMAA, because, 2 years ago, they had a modified adjusted gross income, above a certain amount, on their IRS tax return. Members subject to an IRMAA will have to pay the standard premium amount and this extra charge,

which will be added to their premium. Chapter 1, Section 6 explains the IRMAA in further detail.

## SECTION 5 Do you have to pay the Part D "late enrollment penalty"?

#### Section 5.1 What is the Part D "late enrollment penalty"?

**Note:** If you receive "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay for your prescription drugs, you will not pay a late enrollment penalty.

The late enrollment penalty is an amount that is added to your Part D premium. You may owe a Part D late enrollment penalty if at any time after your initial enrollment period is over, there is a period of 63 days or more in a row when you did not have Part D or other creditable prescription drug coverage. "Creditable prescription drug coverage" is coverage that meets Medicare's minimum standards since it is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage. The cost of the late enrollment penalty depends on how long you went without Part D or other creditable prescription drug coverage. You will have to pay this penalty for as long as you have Part D coverage.

The Part D late enrollment penalty is added to your monthly premium. When you first enroll in our plan, we let you know the amount of the penalty.

Your Part D late enrollment penalty is considered part of your plan premium.

#### Section 5.2 How much is the Part D late enrollment penalty?

Medicare determines the amount of the penalty. Here is how it works:

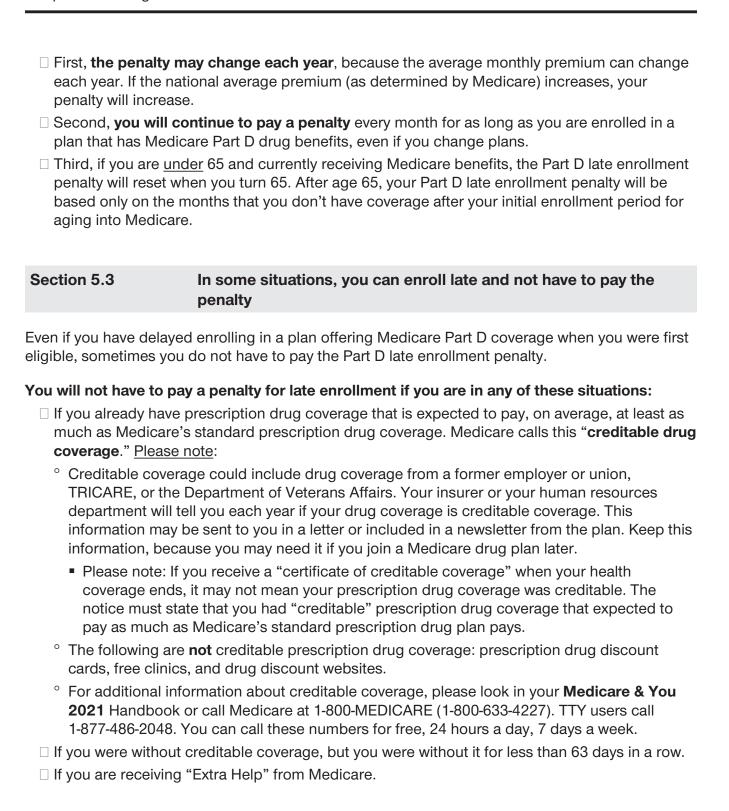
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☐ First count the number of full months that you delayed enrolling in a Medicare drug plan, aft you were eligible to enroll. Or count the number of full months in which you did not have creditable prescription drug coverage, if the break in coverage was 63 days or more. The penalty is 1% for every month that you didn't have creditable coverage. For example, if you get 14 months without coverage, the penalty will be 14%.
☐ Then Medicare determines the amount of the average monthly premium for Medicare drug

□ To calculate your monthly penalty, you multiply the penalty percentage and the average monthly premium and then round it to the nearest 10 cents. In the example here it would be

14% times \$33.06, which equals \$4.63. This rounds to \$4.60. This amount would be added to

the monthly premium for someone with a Part D late enrollment penalty.

There are three important things to note about this monthly Part D late enrollment penalty:



Section 5.4 What can you do if you disagree about your Part D late enrollment penalty?

If you disagree about your Part D late enrollment penalty, you or your representative can ask for a review of the decision about your late enrollment penalty. Generally, you must request this review within 60 days from the date on the first letter you receive stating you have to pay a late enrollment penalty. If you were paying a penalty before joining our plan, you may not have another chance to request a review of that late enrollment penalty. Call Customer Service to find out more about how to do this (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

## SECTION 6 Do you have to pay an extra Part D amount because of your income?

#### Section 6.1 Who pays an extra Part D amount because of income?

If your modified adjusted gross income as reported on your IRS tax return from 2 years ago is above a certain amount, you'll pay the standard premium amount and an Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount, also known as IRMAA. IRMAA is an extra charge added to your premium.

If you have to pay an extra amount, Social Security, not your Medicare plan, will send you a letter telling you what that extra amount will be and how to pay it. The extra amount will be withheld from your Social Security, Railroad Retirement Board, or Office of Personnel Management benefit check, no matter how you usually pay your plan premium, unless your monthly benefit isn't enough to cover the extra amount owed. If your benefit check isn't enough to cover the extra amount, you will get a bill from Medicare. You must pay the extra amount to the government. It cannot be paid with your monthly plan premium.

#### Section 6.2 How much is the extra Part D amount?

If your modified adjusted gross income (MAGI) as reported on your IRS tax return is above a certain amount, you will pay an extra amount in addition to your monthly plan premium. For more information on the extra amount you may have to pay based on your income, visit www.medicare.gov/part-d/costs/premiums/drug-plan-premiums.html.

## Section 6.3 What can you do if you disagree about paying an extra Part D amount?

If you disagree about paying an extra amount because of your income, you can ask Social Security to review the decision. To find out more about how to do this, contact Social Security at 1-800-772-1213 (TTY 1-800-325-0778).

#### Section 6.4 What happens if you do not pay the extra Part D amount?

The extra amount is paid directly to the government (not your Medicare plan) for your Medicare Part D coverage. If you are required by law to pay the extra amount and you do not pay it, you will be disenrolled from the plan and lose prescription drug coverage.

#### SECTION 7 More information about your monthly premium

#### Many members are required to pay other Medicare premiums

In addition to paying the monthly plan premium, many members are required to pay other Medicare premiums. As explained in Section 2 above, in order to be eligible for our plan, you must have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B. Some plan members (those who aren't eligible for premium-free Part A) pay a premium for Medicare Part A. Most plan members pay a premium for Medicare Part B. You must continue paying your Medicare premiums to remain a member of the plan.

If your modified adjusted gross income as reported on your IRS tax return from 2 years ago is above a certain amount, you'll pay the standard premium amount and an Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount, also known as IRMAA. IRMAA is an extra charge added to your premium.

If you are required to pay the extra amount and you do not pay it, you <u>will</u> be disenrolled from the plan and lose prescription drug coverage.
If you have to pay an extra amount, Social Security, <b>not your Medicare plan</b> , will send you a letter telling you what that extra amount will be.
For more information about Part D premiums based on income, go to Chapter 1, Section 6 of this booklet. You can also visit www.medicare.gov on the web or call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. Or you may call Social Security at 1-800-772-1213. TTY users should call 1-800-325-0778.

Your copy of **Medicare & You 2021** gives information about the Medicare premiums in the section called "2021 Medicare Costs." This explains how the Medicare Part B and Part D premiums differ for people with different incomes. Everyone with Medicare receives a copy of **Medicare & You** each year in the fall. Those new to Medicare receive it within a month after first signing up. You can also download a copy of **Medicare & You 2021** from the Medicare website (www.medicare.gov). Or, you can order a printed copy by phone at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

#### Section 7.1 There are several ways you can pay your plan premium

There are four ways you can pay your plan premium. Please contact Customer Service to notify us of your premium payment option choice or if you'd like to change your existing option. (You can find our phone number on the back cover of this booklet.)

If you decide to change the way you pay your premium, it can take up to three months for your new payment method to take effect. While we are processing your request for a new payment method, you are responsible for making sure that your plan premium is paid on time.

#### Option 1: You can pay by check

We will send you a monthly bill for your monthly plan premium. Make your payment payable to UnitedHealthcare. Please see your bill for the mailing address and other information. Include your member ID number on your check or money order. If making a payment for more than one member, include a payment slip for each member. Include the member ID number for each member on the check or money order. All payments must be received on or before the due date shown on the monthly bill. If you need your monthly bill replaced, please call Customer Service.

#### **Option 2: Electronic Funds Transfer**

Instead of paying by check, you can have your monthly plan premium automatically deducted from your checking account. Your monthly payment will be deducted around the 5th of each month. If you wish to sign up for Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT), you may follow the instructions on your monthly bill, or you may call Customer Service.

#### Option 3: You can pay by credit card

Instead of paying by check, you can pay your monthly plan premium with your credit card. If you wish to sign up to use your credit card to pay your monthly plan premium please call Customer Service.

#### Option 4: You can have the plan premium taken out of your monthly Social Security check

You can have the plan premium taken out of your monthly Social Security check. Contact Customer Service for more information on how to pay your monthly plan premium this way. We will be happy to help you set this up. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

#### What to do if you are having trouble paying your plan premium

Your plan premium is due in our office by the first day of the month. If we have not received your premium payment by the first day of the month, we will send you a delinquency notice. In addition, we have the right to pursue collection of these premium amounts you owe.

If you are having trouble paying your premium on time, please contact Customer Service to see if we can direct you to programs that will help with your premium. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

If we end your membership because you did not pay your plan premium, you will have health coverage under Original Medicare.

If we end your membership with the plan because you did not pay your premium, and you don't currently have prescription drug coverage then you may not be able to receive Part D coverage until the following year if you enroll in a new plan during the annual enrollment period. During the annual Medicare open enrollment period, you may either join a stand-alone prescription drug plan

or a health plan that also provides drug coverage. (If you go without "creditable" drug coverage for more than 63 days, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty for as long as you have Part D coverage.)

At the time we end your membership, you may still owe us for premiums you have not paid. We have the right to pursue collection of the premiums you owe. If you request enrollment in one of our plans and have unpaid premiums in a current or prior plan of ours, we have the right to require payment of any premium amounts you owe, before allowing you to enroll.

If you think we have wrongfully ended your membership, you have a right to ask us to reconsider this decision by making a complaint. Chapter 9, Section 10 of this booklet tells how to make a complaint. If you had an emergency circumstance that was out of your control and it caused you to not be able to pay your premiums within our grace period, you can ask us to reconsider this decision by calling 1-800-643-4845 between 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 711. You must make your request no later than 60 days after the date your membership ends.

#### Section 7.2 Can we change your monthly plan premium during the year?

**No.** We are not allowed to change the amount we charge for the plan's monthly plan premium during the year. If the monthly plan premium changes for next year we will tell you in September and the change will take effect on January 1.

However, in some cases the part of the premium that you have to pay can change during the year. This happens if you become eligible for the "Extra Help" program or if you lose your eligibility for the "Extra Help" program during the year. If a member qualifies for "Extra Help" with their prescription drug costs, the "Extra Help" program will pay all or part of the member's monthly plan premium. If Medicare pays only a portion of this premium, we will bill you for the amount Medicare doesn't cover. A member who loses their eligibility during the year will need to start paying their full monthly premium. You can find out more about the "Extra Help" program in Chapter 2, Section 7.

#### SECTION 8 Please keep your plan membership record up to date

## Section 8.1 How to help make sure that we have accurate information about you

Your membership record has information from your enrollment form, including your address and telephone number. It shows your specific plan coverage including your Primary Care Provider.

The doctors, hospitals, pharmacists, and other providers in the plan's network need to have correct information about you. **These network providers use your membership record to know what services and drugs are covered and the cost-sharing amounts for you**. Because of this, it is very important that you help us keep your information up to date.

#### Let us know about these changes:

☐ Changes to your name, your address, or your phone number.		
Changes in any other medical or drug insurance coverage you have (such as from your employer, your spouse's employer, Workers' Compensation, or Medicaid).		
$\hfill \square$ If you have any liability claims, such as claims from an automobile accident.		
☐ If you have been admitted to a nursing home.		
☐ If you receive care in an out-of-area or out-of-network hospital or emergency room.		
☐ If your designated responsible party (such as a caregiver) changes.		
☐ If you are participating in a clinical research study.		

If any of this information changes, please let us know by calling Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

It is also important to contact Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

#### Read over the information we send you about any other insurance coverage you have

Medicare requires that we collect information from you about any other medical or drug insurance coverage that you have. That's because we must coordinate any other coverage you have with your benefits under our plan. (For more information about how our coverage works when you have other insurance, see Section 10 in this chapter.)

Once each year, we will send you a letter that lists any other medical or drug insurance coverage that we know about. Please read over this information carefully. If it is correct, you don't need to do anything. If the information is incorrect, or if you have other coverage that is not listed, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

## SECTION 9 We protect the privacy of your personal health information

#### Section 9.1 We make sure that your health information is protected

Federal and state laws protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. We protect your personal health information as required by these laws.

For more information about how we protect your personal health information, please go to Chapter 8, Section 1.3 of this booklet.

#### SECTION 10 How other insurance works with our plan

#### Section 10.1 Which plan pays first when you have other insurance?

When you have other insurance (like employer group health coverage), there are rules set by Medicare that decide whether our plan or your other insurance pays first. The insurance that pays

first is called the "primary payer" and pays up to the limits of its coverage. The one that pays second, called the "secondary payer," only pays if there are costs left uncovered by the primary coverage. The secondary payer may not pay all of the uncovered costs.
These rules apply for employer or union group health plan coverage:
☐ If you have retiree coverage, Medicare pays first.
☐ If your group health plan coverage is based on your or a family member's current employment, who pays first depends on your age, the number of people employed by your employer, and whether you have Medicare based on age, disability, or End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD):
o If you're under 65 and disabled and you or your family member is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 100 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 100 employees.
o If you're over 65 and you or your spouse is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 20 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 20 employees.
If you have Medicare because of ESRD, your group health plan will pay first for the first 30 months after you become eligible for Medicare.
These types of coverage usually pay first for services related to each type:
☐ No-fault insurance (including automobile insurance)
☐ Liability (including automobile insurance)
□ Black lung benefits
□ Workers' Compensation

Medicaid and TRICARE never pay first for Medicare-covered services. They only pay after Medicare, employer group health plans, and/or Medigap have paid.

If you have other insurance, tell your doctor, hospital, and pharmacy. If you have questions about who pays first, or you need to update your other insurance information, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You may need to give your plan member ID number to your other insurers (once you have confirmed their identity) so your bills are paid correctly and on time.

# Chapter 2

Important phone numbers and resources

# Chapter 2 Important phone numbers and resources

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#### **SECTION 1**

# AARP Medicare Advantage Choice Plan 2 (PPO) Contacts (how to contact us, including how to reach Customer Service at the plan)

#### How to contact our plan's Customer Service

For assistance with claims, billing, or UnitedHealthcare member ID card questions, please call or write to our plan Customer Service. We will be happy to help you.

Method	Customer Service - Contact Information
CALL	1-800-643-4845 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week Customer Service also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.
TTY	711
	Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
WRITE	UnitedHealthcare Customer Service Department P.O. Box 30770, Salt Lake City, UT 84130-0770
WEBSITE	www.myAARPMedicare.com

#### How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision about your medical care

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical services. For more information on asking for coverage decisions about your medical care, see Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

You may call us if you have questions about our coverage decision process.

Method	Coverage Decisions for Medical Care - Contact Information
CALL	1-800-643-4845 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
TTY	711
	Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week

Method	Coverage Decisions for Medical Care - Contact Information
FAX	1-888-950-1170
WRITE	UnitedHealthcare Customer Service Department (Organization Determinations) P.O. Box 30770, Salt Lake City, UT 84130-0770
WEBSITE	www.myAARPMedicare.com

#### How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care

An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. For more information on making an appeal about your medical care, see Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

Method	Appeals for Medical Care - Contact Information
CALL	1-800-643-4845 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week For fast/expedited appeals for medical care: 1-877-262-9203 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
TTY	711
	Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
FAX	For fast/expedited appeals only: 1-866-373-1081
WRITE	UnitedHealthcare Appeals and Grievances Department P.O. Box 6106, MS CA124-0157, Cypress, CA 90630-0016
WEBSITE	www.myAARPMedicare.com

#### How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your medical care

You can make a complaint about us or one of our network providers, including a complaint about the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes. (If you have a problem about the plan's coverage or payment, you should look at the section above about making an appeal.) For more information on making a complaint about your medical care,

## see Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

Method	Complaints about Medical Care – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-643-4845 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week For fast/expedited complaints about medical care: 1-877-262-9203 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
TTY	711  Calls to this number are free.  Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
FAX	For fast/expedited complaints only: 1-866-373-1081
WRITE	UnitedHealthcare Appeals and Grievances Department P.O. Box 6106, MS CA124-0157, Cypress, CA 90630-0016
MEDICARE WEBSITE	You can submit a complaint about AARP Medicare Advantage Choice Plan 2 (PPO) directly to Medicare. To submit an online complaint to Medicare go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx.

### How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision about your Part D prescription drugs

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your prescription drugs covered under the Part D benefit included in your plan. For more information on asking for coverage decisions about your Part D prescription drugs, see Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

Method	Coverage Decisions for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-643-4845 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week

Method	Coverage Decisions for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information
TTY	711
	Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
FAX	1-844-403-1028
WRITE	OptumRx Prior Authorization Department P.O. Box 25183, Santa Ana, CA 92799
WEBSITE	www.myAARPMedicare.com

#### How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your Part D prescription drugs

An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. For more information on making an appeal about your Part D prescription drugs, see Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

Method	Appeals for Part D Prescription Drugs - Contact Information
CALL	1-800-643-4845 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week For fast/expedited appeals for Part D prescription drugs: 1-800-595-9532 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
TTY	711  Calls to this number are free.  Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
FAX	For standard Part D prescription drug appeals: 1-866-308-6294 For fast/expedited Part D prescription drug appeals: 1-866-308-6296
WRITE	UnitedHealthcare Part D Appeal and Grievance Department P.O. Box 6106, MS CA124-0197, Cypress, CA 90630-0016
WEBSITE	www.myAARPMedicare.com

#### How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your Part D prescription drugs

You can make a complaint about us or one of our network pharmacies, including a complaint about the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes. (If your problem is about the plan's coverage or payment, you should look at the section above about making an appeal.) For more information on making a complaint about your Part D prescription drugs, see Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

Method	Complaints about Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-643-4845 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week For fast/expedited complaints about Part D prescription drugs: 1-800-595-9532 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
TTY	711  Calls to this number are free.  Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
FAX	For standard Part D prescription drug complaints:  1-866-308-6294  For fast/expedited Part D prescription drug complaints:  1-866-308-6296
WRITE	UnitedHealthcare Part D Appeal and Grievance Department P.O. Box 6106, MS CA124-0197, Cypress, CA 90630-0016
MEDICARE WEBSITE	You can submit a complaint about AARP Medicare Advantage Choice Plan 2 (PPO) directly to Medicare. To submit an online complaint to Medicare go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx.

Where to send a request asking us to pay for our share of the cost for medical care or a drug you have received.

For more information on situations in which you may need to ask us for reimbursement or to pay a bill you have received from a provider, see Chapter 7 (Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs).

Please note: If you send us a payment request and we deny any part of your request, you can appeal our decision. See Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)) for more information.

Method	Payment Requests - Contact Information
CALL	1-800-643-4845 Calls to this number are free. Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
TTY	711  Calls to this number are free.  Hours of Operation: 8 a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week
WRITE	Medical claims payment requests: UnitedHealthcare P.O. Box 31362, Salt Lake City, UT 84131-0362 Part D prescription drug payment requests: OptumRx P.O. Box 650287, Dallas, TX 75265-0287
WEBSITE	www.myAARPMedicare.com

# SECTION 2 Medicare (how to get help and information directly from the Federal Medicare program)

Medicare is the Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant).

The Federal agency in charge of Medicare is the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (sometimes called "CMS"). This agency contracts with Medicare Advantage organizations, including us.

Method	Medicare - Contact Information
CALL	1-800-MEDICARE, or 1-800-633-4227 Calls to this number are free. 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
TTY	1-877-486-2048 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.

Method	Medicare - Contact Information
	Calls to this number are free.
WEBSITE	www.medicare.gov
	This is the official government website for Medicare. It gives you up-to-date information about Medicare and current Medicare issues. It also has information about hospitals, nursing homes, physicians, home health agencies, and dialysis facilities. It includes booklets you can print directly from your computer. You can also find Medicare contacts in your state.  The Medicare website also has detailed information about your Medicare eligibility and enrollment options with the following tools:  Medicare Eligibility Tool: Provides Medicare eligibility status information.  Medicare Plan Finder: Provides personalized information about available Medicare prescription drug plans, Medicare health plans, and Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) policies in your area. These tools provide an estimate of what your out-of-pocket costs might be in different Medicare plans.
	You can also use the website to tell Medicare about any complaints you have about AARP Medicare Advantage Choice Plan 2 (PPO):  Tell Medicare about your complaint: You can submit a complaint about AARP Medicare Advantage Choice Plan 2 (PPO) directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx. Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.  If you don't have a computer, your local library or senior center may be able to help you visit this website using its computer. Or, you can call Medicare and tell them what information you are looking for. They will find the information on the website, print it out, and send it to you. (You can call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.).

#### **SECTION 3**

State Health Insurance Assistance Program (free help, information, and answers to your questions about Medicare)

The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) is a government program with trained counselors in every state. In your state, the SHIP is called North Carolina Seniors Health Insurance Information Program (SHIIP).

Your SHIP is independent (not connected with any insurance company or health plan). It is a state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

SHIP counselors can help you with your Medicare questions or problems. They can help you understand your Medicare rights, help you make complaints about your medical care or treatment, and help you straighten out problems with your Medicare bills. SHIP counselors can also help you understand your Medicare plan choices and answer questions about switching plans.

Method	State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) – Contact Information North Carolina North Carolina Seniors Health Insurance Information Program (SHIIP)
CALL	1-855-408-1212
TTY	711
WRITE	325 N Salisbury ST, Raleigh, NC 27603
WEBSITE	http://www.ncdoi.com/SHIIP/Default.aspx

#### **SECTION 4**

# Quality Improvement Organization (paid by Medicare to check on the quality of care for people with Medicare)

There is a designated Quality Improvement Organization for serving Medicare beneficiaries in each state. For North Carolina, the Quality Improvement Organization is called KEPRO.

Your state's Quality Improvement Organization has a group of doctors and other health care professionals who are paid by the Federal government. This organization is paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. The state's Quality Improvement Organization is an independent organization. It is not connected with our plan.

You should contact your state's Quality Improvement Organization in any of these situations:

	•		•	•	
☐ You have	a complaint about	the quality of care	you have rec	eived.	
☐ You think	coverage for your	hospital stay is en	ding too soon	۱.	
☐ You think	coverage for your	home health care,	skilled nursin	ng facility care, o	or Comprehensive
Outpatie	nt Rehabilitation Fac	cility (CORF) servi	ces are ending	g too soon.	

Method	Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) – Contact Information North Carolina KEPRO
CALL	1-888-317-0751 9 a.m 5 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday; 11 a.m 3 p.m. local time, weekends and holidays
TTY	1-855-843-4776 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
WRITE	5201 W Kennedy BLVD, STE 900, Tampa, FL 33609
WEBSITE	https://www.keproqio.com/providers/transition

#### SECTION 5 Social Security

Social Security is responsible for determining eligibility and handling enrollment for Medicare. U.S. citizens and lawful permanent residents who are 65 or older, or who have a disability or End-Stage Renal Disease and meet certain conditions, are eligible for Medicare. If you are already getting Social Security checks, enrollment into Medicare is automatic. If you are not getting Social Security checks, you have to enroll in Medicare. Social Security handles the enrollment process for Medicare. To apply for Medicare, you can call Social Security or visit your local Social Security office.

Social Security is also responsible for determining who has to pay an extra amount for their Part D drug coverage because they have a higher income. If you got a letter from Social Security telling you that you have to pay the extra amount and have questions about the amount or if your income went down because of a life-changing event, you can call Social Security to ask for reconsideration.

If you move or change your mailing address, it is important that you contact Social Security to let them know.

Method	Social Security - Contact Information	
CALL	1-800-772-1213 Calls to this number are free. Available 7:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday. You can use Social Security's automated telephone services to get recorded information and conduct some business 24 hours a day.	
TTY	1-800-325-0778	

Method	ethod Social Security - Contact Information	
	This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Available 7:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday.	
WEBSITE	www.ssa.gov	

#### **SECTION 6**

# Medicaid (a joint Federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with limited income and resources)

Medicaid is a joint Federal and state government program that helps with medical costs for certain people with limited incomes and resources. Some people with Medicare are also eligible for Medicaid.

In addition, there are programs offered through Medicaid that help people with Medicare pay their Medicare costs, such as their Medicare premiums. These "Medicare Savings Programs" help people with limited income and resources save money each year:

Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB): Helps pay Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and
other cost-sharing (like deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments). (Some people with QMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (QMB+).)
<b>Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB):</b> Helps pay Part B premiums. (Some people with SLMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (SLMB+).)
Qualified Individual (QI): Helps pay Part B premiums.

☐ Qualified Disabled & Working Individuals (QDWI): Helps pay Part A premiums.

To find out more about Medicaid and its programs, contact your state Medicaid agency.

Method	State Medicaid Program – Contact Information North Carolina Division of Medical Assistance	
CALL	1-888-245-0179 8 a.m 5 p.m. ET, Monday - Friday	
TTY	1-877-452-2514 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.	
WRITE	2501 Mail Service CTR, Raleigh, NC 27699-2501	

Method	State Medicaid Program – Contact Information North Carolina Division of Medical Assistance
WEBSITE	https://dma.ncdhhs.gov/medicaid

## SECTION 7 Information about programs to help people pay for their prescription drugs

#### Medicare's "Extra Help" Program

Medicare provides "Extra Help" to pay prescription drug costs for people who have limited income and resources. Resources include your savings and stocks, but not your home or car. If you qualify, you get help paying for any Medicare drug plan's monthly premium, yearly deductible, and prescription copayments. This "Extra Help" also counts toward your out-of-pocket costs. People with limited income and resources may qualify for "Extra Help." Some people automatically qualify for "Extra Help" and don't need to apply. Medicare mails a letter to people who automatically qualify for "Extra Help."

You may be able to get "Extra Help" to pay for your prescription drug premiums and costs. To see if you qualify for getting "Extra Help," call:

if you	qualify for getting "Extra Help," call:
	-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048, 24 hours a day, 7 ays a week;
	he Social Security Office at 1-800-772-1213, between 7 am to 7 pm, Monday through Friday. TY users should call 1-800-325-0778 (applications); or
	our State Medicaid Office (applications). (See Section 6 of this chapter for contact of ormation.)
cost-s	believe you have qualified for "Extra Help" and you believe that you are paying an incorrect sharing amount when you get your prescription at a pharmacy, our plan has established a ses that allows you to either request assistance in obtaining evidence of your proper ment level, or, if you already have the evidence, to provide this evidence to us.
□F	ax the information to 501-262-7070 or mail it to P.O. Box 29300, Hot Springs, AR 71903-9300
th If th C	When we receive the evidence showing your copayment level, we will update our system so nat you can pay the correct copayment when you get your next prescription at the pharmacy. you overpay your copayment, we will reimburse you. Either we will forward a check to you in ne amount of your overpayment or we will offset future copayments. If the pharmacy hasn't ollected a copayment from you and is carrying your copayment as a debt owed by you, we nay make the payment directly to the pharmacy. If a state paid on your behalf, we may make

payment directly to the state. Please contact Customer Service if you have questions (phone

numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

#### **Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program**

AARP Medicare Advantage Choice Plan 2 (PPO) offers additional gap coverage for Select Insulin Drugs. During the Coverage Gap stage, your out-of-pocket costs for Select Insulin Drugs will be \$35 for a one month retail supply. Please go to Chapter 6, Section 2.1 for more information about your coverage during the Coverage Gap stage. Note: This cost-sharing only applies to beneficiaries who do not qualify for a program that helps pay for your drugs ("Extra Help"). To find out which drugs are Select Insulin Drugs, review the most recent Drug List we provided electronically. If you have questions about the Drug List, you can also call Customer Service (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

The Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program provides manufacturer discounts on brand name drugs to Part D members who have reached the coverage gap and are not receiving "Extra Help." For brand name drugs, the 70% discount provided by manufacturers excludes any dispensing fee for costs in the gap. Members pay 25% of the negotiated price and a portion of the dispensing fee for brand name drugs.

If you reach the coverage gap, we will automatically apply the discount when your pharmacy bills you for your prescription and your **Part D Explanation of Benefits** (Part D EOB) will show any discount provided. Both the amount you pay and the amount discounted by the manufacturer count toward your out-of-pocket costs as if you had paid them and move you through the coverage gap. The amount paid by the plan (5%) does not count toward your out-of-pocket costs.

You also receive some coverage for generic drugs. If you reach the coverage gap, the plan pays 75% of the price for generic drugs and you pay the remaining 25% of the price. For generic drugs, the amount paid by the plan (75%) does not count toward your out-of-pocket costs. Only the amount you pay counts and moves you through the coverage gap. Also, the dispensing fee is included as part of the cost of the drug.

The Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program is available nationwide. Because your plan offers additional gap coverage during the Coverage Gap Stage, your out-of-pocket costs will sometimes be lower than the costs described here. Please go to Chapter 6, Section 6 for more information about the amount of your copayment or coinsurance during the Coverage Gap Stage.

If you have any questions about the availability of discounts for the drugs you are taking or about the Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program in general, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

### What if you have coverage from an AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)? What is the AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)?

The AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP) helps ADAP-eligible individuals living with HIV/AIDS have access to life-saving HIV medications. Medicare Part D prescription drugs that are also covered by ADAP qualify for prescription cost-sharing assistance. Note: To be eligible for the ADAP operating in your State, individuals must meet certain criteria, including proof of State residence and HIV status, low income as defined by the State, and uninsured/under-insured status.

If you are currently enrolled in an ADAP, it can continue to provide you with Medicare Part D prescription cost-sharing assistance for drugs on the ADAP formulary. In order to be sure you

continue receiving this assistance, please notify your local ADAP enrollment worker of any changes in your Medicare Part D plan name or policy number.

For information on eligibility criteria, covered drugs, or how to enroll in the program, please call your state ADAP office listed below.

Method	AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP) – Contact Information North Carolina Division of Public Health
CALL	1-919-733-3419 8 a.m 5 p.m. local time, Monday - Friday
WEBSITE	https://epi.dph.ncdhhs.gov/cd/hiv/hmap.html

## What if you get "Extra Help" from Medicare to help pay your prescription drug costs? Can you get the discounts?

No. If you get "Extra Help," you already have coverage for your prescription drug costs during the coverage gap.

#### What if you don't get a discount, and you think you should have?

If you think that you have reached the coverage gap and did not get a discount when you paid for your brand name drug, you should review your next **Part D Explanation of Benefits** (Part D EOB) notice. If the discount doesn't appear on your **Part D Explanation of Benefits**, you should contact us to make sure that your prescription records are correct and up-to-date. If we don't agree that you are owed a discount, you can appeal. You can get help filing an appeal from your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) (telephone numbers are in Section 3 of this Chapter) or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

#### SECTION 8 How to contact the Railroad Retirement Board

The Railroad Retirement Board is an independent Federal agency that administers comprehensive benefit programs for the nation's railroad workers and their families. If you have questions regarding your benefits from the Railroad Retirement Board, contact the agency.

If you receive your Medicare through the Railroad Retirement Board, it is important that you let them know if you move or change your mailing address.

Method	Railroad Retirement Board - Contact Information
CALL	1-877-772-5772 Calls to this number are free. If you press "0," you may speak with an RRB representative from 9:00 am to 3:30 pm, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday, and from 9:00 am to 12:00 pm on Wednesday. If you press "1", you may access the

Method	Railroad Retirement Board - Contact Information
	automated RRB HelpLine and recorded information 24 hours a day, including weekends and holidays.
TTY	1-312-751-4701 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are <b>not</b> free.
WEBSITE	rrb.gov/

# SECTION 9 Do you have "group insurance" or other health insurance from an employer?

If you (or your spouse) get benefits from your (or your spouse's) employer or retiree group as part of this plan, you may call the employer/union benefits administrator or Customer Service if you have any questions. You can ask about your (or your spouse's) employer or retiree health benefits, premiums, or the enrollment period. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.) You may also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227; TTY: 1-877-486-2048) with questions related to your Medicare coverage under this plan.

If you have other prescription drug coverage through your (or your spouse's) employer or retiree group, please contact **that group's benefits administrator**. The benefits administrator can help you determine how your current prescription drug coverage will work with our plan.

# Chapter 3

Using the plan's coverage for your medical services

# **Chapter 3**

# Using the plan's coverage for your medical services

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# SECTION 1 Things to know about getting your medical care covered as a member of our plan

This chapter explains what you need to know about using the plan to get your medical care covered. It gives definitions of terms and explains the rules you will need to follow to get the medical treatments, services, and other medical care that are covered by the plan.

For the details on what medical care is covered by our plan and how much you pay when you get this care, use the benefits chart in the next chapter, Chapter 4 (Medical Benefits Chart, what is covered and what you pay).

# Section 1.1 What are "network providers" and "covered services"?

Here are some definitions that can help you understand how you get the care and services that are covered for you as a member of our plan:

,
<b>"Providers"</b> are doctors and other health care professionals licensed by the state to provide medical services and care. The term "providers" also includes hospitals and other health care facilities.
"Network providers" are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and your cost-sharing amount as payment in full. We have arranged for these providers to deliver covered services to members in our plan. The providers in our network bill us directly for care they give you. When you see a network provider, you pay only your share of the cost for their services.
"Covered services" include all the medical care, health care services, supplies, and equipment that are covered by our plan. Your covered services for medical care are listed in the benefits chart in Chapter 4.

# Section 1.2 Basic rules for getting your medical care covered by the plan

As a Medicare health plan, AARP Medicare Advantage Choice Plan 2 (PPO) must cover all services covered by Original Medicare and must follow Original Medicare's coverage rules.

The plan will generally cover your medical care as long as:

 plant time generally early care meaned as lengther
The care you receive is included in the plan's Medical Benefits Chart (this chart is in Chapter 4 of this booklet).
The care you receive is considered medically necessary. "Medically necessary" means that the services, supplies, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.
You receive your care from a provider who is eligible to provide services under Original Medicare. As a member of our plan, you can receive your care from either a network provider or an out-of-network provider (for more about this, see Section 2 in this chapter).

- The providers in our network are listed in the Provider Directory.
- If you use an out-of-network provider, your share of the costs for your covered services may be higher.
- Please note: While you can get your care from an out-of-network provider, the provider must be eligible to participate in Medicare. Except for emergency care, we cannot pay a provider who has opted out of or been excluded or precluded from the Medicare Program. If you go to a provider who is not eligible to participate in Medicare, you will be responsible for the full cost of the services you receive. Check with your provider before receiving services to confirm that they are eligible to participate in Medicare.

# SECTION 2 Using network and out-of-network providers to get your medical care

# Section 2.1 You must choose a Primary Care Provider (PCP) to provide and oversee your medical care

## What is a "PCP" and what does the PCP do for you?

## What is a PCP?

A Primary Care Provider (PCP) is a network physician who is selected by you to provide and coordinate your covered services.

#### What types of providers may act as a PCP?

PCPs are generally physicians specializing in Internal Medicine, Family Practice or General Practice.

### What is the role of my PCP?

Your relationship with your PCP is an important one because your PCP is responsible for the coordination of your health care and is also responsible for your routine health care needs. You may want to ask your PCP for assistance in selecting a network specialist and follow-up with your PCP after any specialist visits. It is important for you to develop and maintain a relationship with your PCP.

#### How do you choose your PCP?

You must select a PCP from the **Provider Directory** at the time of your enrollment. You may, however, visit any network provider you choose.

For a copy of the most recent **Provider Directory**, or for help in selecting a PCP, call Customer Service or visit the website listed in Chapter 2 of this booklet for the most up-to-date information about our network providers.

If you do not select a PCP at the time of enrollment, we may pick one for you. You may change your PCP at any time. See "Changing your PCP" below.

#### **Changing your PCP**

You may change your PCP for any reason, at any time. Also, it's possible that your PCP might leave our plan's network of providers and you would have to find a new PCP in our plan or you will pay more for covered services.

If you want to change your PCP, call Customer Service. If the PCP is accepting additional plan members, the change will become effective on the first day of the following month. You will receive a new UnitedHealthcare member ID card that shows this change.

## Section 2.2 How to get care from specialists and other network providers

A specialist is a doctor who provides health care services for a specific disease or part of the body. There are many kinds of specialists. Here are a few examples:

$\Omega$ nco	logiete	care fo	or patient	c with	cancor
OHICO	เบนเรเร	Care ic	n Danem	5 WILLI	Caricer.

☐ Cardiologists care for patients with heart conditions.

☐ Orthopedists care for patients with certain bone, joint, or muscle conditions.

If you use an out-of-network provider, your share of the costs for your covered services will be as shown in the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 under "Out-of-Network." You pay the out-of-network cost-sharing even if you received a referral for the services, or if you requested a pre-visit coverage decision from us. However, in the event that no contracted network provider is available, you can ask to access care at in-network cost-sharing from an out-of-network provider. Call Customer Service to let us know if you need to see an out-of-network provider, or to get help finding an innetwork provider. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

Even though your PCP is trained to handle the majority of common health care needs, there may be a time when you feel that you need to see a network specialist. You do not need a referral from your PCP to see a network specialist or behavioral/mental health provider. Although you do not need a referral from your PCP to see a network specialist, your PCP can recommend an appropriate network specialist for your medical condition, answer questions you have regarding a network specialist's treatment plan and provide follow-up health care as needed. For coordination of care, we recommend you notify your PCP when you see a network specialist.

Please refer to the **Provider Directory** for a listing of plan specialists available through your network, or you may consult the **Provider Directory** online at the website listed in Chapter 2 of this booklet.

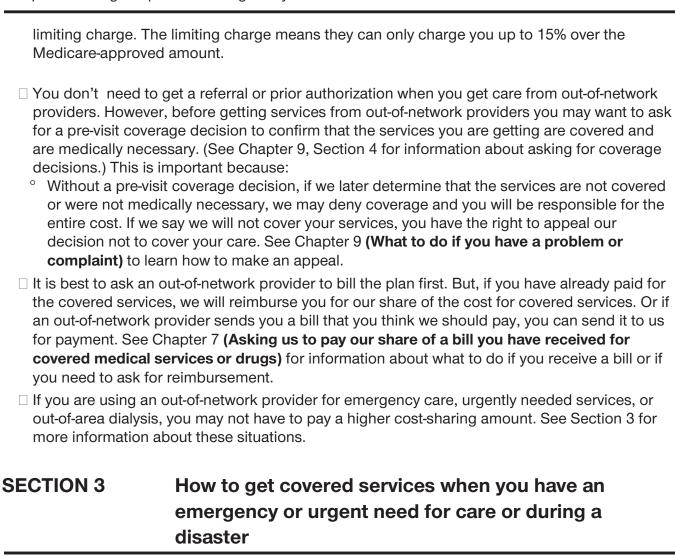
### What if a specialist or another network provider leaves our plan?

It is important that you know that we may make changes to the hospitals, doctors, and specialists (providers) that are part of your plan during the year. There are a number of reasons why your provider might leave your plan, but if your doctor or specialist does leave your plan you have certain rights and protections that are summarized below:

□ Eve	n though	our network	of providers	may cha	nge durin	g the year	, Medicare	requires t	hat we
furn	ish you w	rith uninterru	upted access	to qualifi	ed doctor	s and spe	cialists.		

-	good faith effort to provide you with at least 30 days' notice that your provider an so that you have time to select a new provider.
<ul><li>We will assist yo needs.</li></ul>	u in selecting a new qualified provider to continue managing your health care
·	going medical treatment you have the right to request, and we will work with at the medically necessary treatment you are receiving is not interrupted.
•	have not furnished you with a qualified provider to replace your previous your care is not being appropriately managed, you have the right to file an cision.
assist you in find	at your doctor or specialist is leaving your plan, please contact us so we can ling a new provider to manage your care.
•	ner Service for assistance at the number listed in Chapter 2 of this booklet.
authorization is the r	re prior authorization from the plan in order to be covered. Obtaining prior esponsibility of the PCP or treating provider. Services and items requiring priored in Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4, Section 2.1.
Section 2.3	How to get care from out-of-network providers
please note provider emergency situation as long as the servic out-of-network prov	plan, you can choose to receive care from out-of-network providers. However, is that do not contract with us are under no obligation to treat you, except in so our plan will cover services from either network or out-of-network providers, es are covered benefits and are medically necessary. However, if you use an ider, your share of the costs for your covered services may be higher. Here things to know about using out-of-network providers:
must be eligible provider who ha you receive care responsible for t	r care from an out-of-network provider, however, in most cases that provider to participate in Medicare. Except for emergency care, we cannot pay a sopted out of or been excluded or precluded from the Medicare Program. If from a provider who is not eligible to participate in Medicare, you will be the full cost of the services you receive. Check with your provider before as to confirm that they are eligible to participate in Medicare.
services using C whether to acce supplier has sign full payment for but you should a to pay for each so or suppliers acc	in services out-of-network within the United States, we will pay for covered by instance of Medicare rules. Under Original Medicare, providers can choose of Medicare assignment. Assignment means that the doctor, provider, or need an agreement with Medicare to accept the Medicare-approved amount as covered services. Most doctors, providers, and suppliers accept assignment, always check to make sure. You may also want to find out how much you have service or supply before you get it. To determine whether non-network doctors ept assignment (participate in Medicare), contact Medicare (See Chapter 2, <b>Evidence of Coverage</b> ).

If you obtain services from a doctor or provider within the United States who doesn't accept assignment, you will be responsible for the cost-sharing applicable to the covered service(s) under our plan, plus any difference between the amount we pay the provider and the Medicare



### Section 3.1 Getting care if you have a medical emergency

#### What is a "medical emergency" and what should you do if you have one?

A "medical emergency" is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life, loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

If you have a medical emergency:

☐ **Get help as quickly as possible.** Call 911 for help or go to the nearest emergency room or hospital. Call for an ambulance if you need it. You do **not** need to get approval or a referral first from your PCP.

#### What is covered if you have a medical emergency?

You may get covered emergency medical care whenever you need it, anywhere in the world. Our plan covers ambulance services in situations where getting to the emergency room in any other way could endanger your health. For more information, see the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of this booklet.

If you receive emergency or urgently-needed services outside of the United States or its territories, you generally will be required to pay the bill at the time you receive the services. Most foreign providers are not eligible to receive reimbursement directly from Medicare, and will ask you to pay for the services directly. Ask for a written, detailed bill or receipt showing the specific services provided to you. Send a copy of the itemized bill or an itemized receipt to us to pay you back. You should be prepared to assist us in obtaining any additional information necessary to properly process your request for reimbursement, including medical records.

If you have an emergency, we will talk with the doctors who are giving you emergency care to help manage and follow up on your care. The doctors who are giving you emergency care will decide when your condition is stable and the medical emergency is over.

After the emergency is over you are entitled to follow-up care to be sure your condition continues to be stable. Your follow-up care will be covered by our plan. If you get your follow-up care from out-of-network providers, you will pay the higher out-of-network cost-sharing.

## What if it wasn't a medical emergency?

Sometimes it can be hard to know if you have a medical emergency. For example, you might go in for emergency care – thinking that your health is in serious danger – and the doctor may say that it wasn't a medical emergency after all. If it turns out that it was not an emergency, as long as you reasonably thought your health was in serious danger, we will cover your care.

However, after the doctor has said that it was **not** an emergency, the amount of cost-sharing that you pay will depend on whether you get the care from network providers or out-of-network providers. If you get the care from network providers, your share of the costs will usually be lower than if you get the care from out-of-network providers.

# Section 3.2 Getting care when you have an urgent need for services

#### What are "urgently needed services"?

"Urgently needed services" are non-emergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care. Urgently needed services may be furnished by network providers or by out-of-network providers when network providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible. The unforeseen condition could, for example, be an unforeseen flare-up of a known condition that you have.

#### What if you are in the plan's service area when you have an urgent need for care?

In most situations, if you are in the plan's service area and you use an out-of-network provider, you will pay a higher share of the costs for your care. Check your **Provider Directory** for a list of network Urgent Care Centers.

### What if you are outside the plan's service area when you have an urgent need for care?

When you are outside the service area and cannot get care from a network provider, our plan will cover urgently needed services that you get from any provider at the cost-sharing amount for Urgently Needed Services as described in Chapter 4.

Our plan covers worldwide emergency and urgently needed services outside the United States under the following circumstances: emergency services, including emergency or urgently needed care and emergency ambulance transportation from the scene of an emergency to the nearest medical treatment facility. Transportation back to the United States from another country is not covered. Pre-scheduled, pre-planned treatments (including dialysis for an ongoing condition) and/or elective procedures are not covered.

## Section 3.3 Getting care during a disaster

If the Governor of your state, the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services, or the President of the United States declares a state of disaster or emergency in your geographic area, you are still entitled to care from your plan.

Please visit the following website: www.myAARPMedicare.com for information on how to obtain needed care during a disaster.

Generally, if you cannot use a network provider during a disaster, your plan will allow you to obtain care from out-of-network providers at in-network cost-sharing. If you cannot use a network pharmacy during a disaster, you may be able to fill your prescription drugs at an out-of-network pharmacy. Please see Chapter 5, Section 2.5 for more information.

# SECTION 4 What if you are billed directly for the full cost of your covered services?

## Section 4.1 You can ask us to pay our share of the cost of covered services

If you have paid more than your share for covered services, or if you have received a bill for the full cost of covered medical services, go to Chapter 7 (Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs) for information about what to do.

# Section 4.2 If services are not covered by our plan, you must pay the full cost

Our plan covers all medical services that are medically necessary, these services are listed in the plan's Medical Benefits Chart (this chart is in Chapter 4 of this booklet), and are obtained

consistent with plan rules. You are responsible for paying the full cost of services that aren't covered by our plan, either because they are not plan covered services, or plan rules were not followed.

If you have any questions about whether we will pay for any medical service or care that you are considering, you have the right to ask us whether we will cover it before you get it. You also have the right to ask for this in writing. If we say we will not cover your services, you have the right to appeal our decision not to cover your care.

Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)) has more information about what to do if you want a coverage decision from us or want to appeal a decision we have already made. You may also call Customer Service to get more information (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

For covered services that have a benefit limitation, you pay the full cost of any services you get after you have used up your benefit for that type of covered service. For example, if your plan covers one routine physical exam per year and you receive that routine physical but choose to have a second routine physical within the same year, you pay the full cost of the second routine physical. Any amounts that you pay after you have reached the benefit limitation do not count toward your annual out-of-pocket maximum. (See Chapter 4 for more information on your plan's out-of-pocket maximum.) You can call Customer Service when you want to know how much of your benefit limit you have already used.

## **SECTION 5**

# How are your medical services covered when you are in a "clinical research study"?

### Section 5.1 What is a "clinical research study"?

A clinical research study (also called a "clinical trial") is a way that doctors and scientists test new types of medical care, like how well a new cancer drug works. They test new medical care procedures or drugs by asking for volunteers to help with the study. This kind of study is one of the final stages of a research process that helps doctors and scientists see if a new approach works and if it is safe.

Not all clinical research studies are open to members of our plan. Medicare first needs to approve the research study. If you participate in a study that Medicare has **not** approved, **you will be responsible for paying all costs for your participation in the study.** 

Once Medicare approves the study, someone who works on the study will contact you to explain more about the study and see if you meet the requirements set by the scientists who are running the study. You can participate in the study as long as you meet the requirements for the study and you have a full understanding and acceptance of what is involved if you participate in the study.

If you participate in a Medicare-approved study, Original Medicare pays most of the costs for the covered services you receive as part of the study. When you are in a clinical research study, you may stay enrolled in our plan and continue to get the rest of your care (the care that is not related to the study) through our plan.

If you want to participate in a Medicare-approved clinical research study, you do **not** need to get approval from us or your PCP. The providers that deliver your care as part of the clinical research study do **not** need to be part of our plan's network of providers.

Although you do not need to get our plan's permission to be in a clinical research study, **you do need to tell us before you start participating in a clinical research study**.

If you plan on participating in a clinical research study, contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) to let them know that you will be participating in a clinical trial and to find out more specific details about what your plan will pay.

# Section 5.2 When you participate in a clinical research study, who pays for what?

Once you join a Medicare-approved clinical research study, you are covered for routine items and services you receive as part of the study, including:

$\ \square$ Room and board for a hospital stay that Medicare would pay for even if you weren't in a study	/.
$\square$ An operation or other medical procedure if it is part of the research study.	

☐ Treatment of side effects and complications of the new care.

Original Medicare pays most of the cost of the covered services you receive as part of the study. After Medicare has paid its share of the cost for these services, our plan will also pay for part of the costs. We will pay the difference between the cost-sharing in Original Medicare and your cost-sharing as a member of our plan. This means you will pay the same amount for the services you receive as part of the study as you would if you received these services from our plan.

Here's an example of how the cost-sharing works: Let's say that you have a lab test that costs \$100 as part of the research study. Let's also say that your share of the costs for this test is \$20 under Original Medicare, but the test would be \$10 under our plan's benefits. In this case, Original Medicare would pay \$80 for the test and we would pay another \$10. This means that you would pay \$10, which is the same amount you would pay under our plan's benefits.

In order for us to pay for our share of the costs, you will need to submit a request for payment. With your request, you will need to send us a copy of your Medicare Summary Notices or other documentation that shows what services you received as part of the study and how much you owe. Please see Chapter 7 for more information about submitting requests for payment.

When you are part of a clinical research study, **neither Medicare nor our plan will pay for any of the following:** 

ie following:	
☐ Generally, Medicare will <b>not</b> pay for the new item or service that the study is testing unless Medicare would cover the item or service even if you were <b>not</b> in a study.	S
☐ Items and services the study gives you or any participant for free.	
☐ Items or services provided only to collect data, and not used in your direct health care. For example, Medicare would not pay for monthly CT scans done as part of the study if your medical condition would normally require only one CT scan.	r

#### Do you want to know more?

You can get more information about joining a clinical research study by reading the publication "Medicare and Clinical Research Studies" on the Medicare website (www.medicare.gov). You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

## **SECTION 6**

# Rules for getting care covered in a "religious nonmedical health care institution"

## Section 6.1 What is a religious non-medical health care institution?

A religious non-medical health care institution is a facility that provides care for a condition that would ordinarily be treated in a hospital or skilled nursing facility. If getting care in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility is against a member's religious beliefs, we will instead provide coverage for care in a religious non-medical health care institution. You may choose to pursue medical care at any time for any reason. This benefit is provided only for Part A inpatient services (non-medical health care services). Medicare will only pay for non-medical health care services provided by religious non-medical health care institutions.

# Section 6.2 Receiving Care From a Religious Non-Medical Health Care Institution

To get care from a religious non-medical health care institution, you must sign a legal document that says you are conscientiously opposed to getting medical treatment that is "non-excepted."

- "Non-excepted" medical care or treatment is any medical care or treatment that is **voluntary** and **not required** by any federal, state, or local law.
   "Excepted" medical treatment is medical care or treatment that you get that is **not** voluntary.
- □ "Excepted" medical treatment is medical care or treatment that you get that is **not** voluntary or **is required** under federal, state, or local law.

To be covered by our plan, the care you get from a religious non-medical health care institution must meet the following conditions:

- ☐ The facility providing the care must be certified by Medicare.
- ☐ Our plan's coverage of services you receive is limited to **non-religious** aspects of care.
- ☐ If you get services from this institution that are provided to you in a facility, the following conditions apply:
  - You must have a medical condition that would allow you to receive covered services for inpatient hospital care or skilled nursing facility care.
  - and you must get approval in advance from our plan before you are admitted to the facility or your stay will not be covered.

You are covered for unlimited days in the hospital, as long as your stay meets Medicare coverage guidelines. The coverage limits are described under **Inpatient Hospital Care** in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4.

# SECTION 7 Rules for ownership of durable medical equipment

# Section 7.1 Will you own the durable medical equipment after making a certain number of payments under our plan?

Durable medical equipment (DME) includes items such as oxygen equipment and supplies, wheelchairs, walkers, powered mattress systems, crutches, diabetic supplies, speech generating devices, IV infusion pumps, nebulizers, and hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home. The member always owns certain items, such as prosthetics. In this section, we discuss other types of DME that you must rent.

In Original Medicare, people who rent certain types of DME own the equipment after paying copayments for the item for 13 months. As a member of our plan, however, you usually will not acquire ownership of rented DME items no matter how many copayments you make for the item while a member of our plan. Under certain limited circumstances we will transfer ownership of the durable medical equipment item. Call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) to find out about the requirements you must meet and the documentation you need to provide.

# What happens to payments you made for durable medical equipment if you switch to Original Medicare?

If you did not acquire ownership of the DME item while in our plan, you will have to make 13 new consecutive payments after you switch to Original Medicare in order to own the item. Payments you made while in our plan do not count toward these 13 consecutive payments.

If you made fewer than 13 payments for the DME item under Original Medicare **before** you joined our plan, your previous payments also do not count toward the 13 consecutive payments. You will have to make 13 new consecutive payments after you return to Original Medicare in order to own the item. There are no exceptions to this case when you return to Original Medicare.

# SECTION 8 Rules for Oxygen Equipment, Supplies, and Maintenance

# Section 8.1 What oxygen benefits are you entitled to?

If you qualify for Medicare oxygen equipment coverage, then for as long as you are enrolled, our plan will cover:

□ Rental of oxygen equipment
□ Delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
☐ Tubing and related oxygen accessories for the delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents

☐ Maintenance and repairs of oxygen equipment

If you leave our plan or no longer medically require oxygen equipment, then the oxygen equipment must be returned to the owner.

## Section 8.2 What is your cost-sharing? Will it change after 36 months?

Your cost sharing for Medicare oxygen equipment coverage is 20% coinsurance, every time you get covered equipment or supplies.

Your cost-sharing will not change after being enrolled for 36 months in our plan.

If prior to enrolling in our plan you had made 36 months of rental payment for oxygen equipment coverage, your cost sharing in our plan is 20% coinsurance.

# Section 8.3 What happens if you leave your plan and return to Original Medicare?

If you return to Original Medicare, then you start a new 36-month cycle which renews every five years. For example, if you had paid rentals for oxygen equipment for 36 months prior to joining our plan, join our plan for 12 months, and then return to Original Medicare, you will pay full cost sharing for oxygen equipment coverage.

Similarly, if you made payments for 36 months while enrolled in our plan and then return to Original Medicare, you will pay full cost sharing for oxygen equipment coverage.

# Chapter 4

Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

# **Chapter 4**

# Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

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# SECTION 1 Understanding your out-of-pocket costs for covered services

This chapter focuses on your covered services and what you pay for your medical benefits. It includes a Medical Benefits Chart that lists your covered services and shows how much you will pay for each covered service as a member of AARP Medicare Advantage Choice Plan 2 (PPO). Later in this chapter, you can find information about medical services that are not covered. It also explains limits on certain services.

# Section 1.1 Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services

To understand the payment information we give you in this chapter, you need to know about the types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services.

$\square$ A <b>"copayment"</b> is the fix	red amount you pay each time you	receive certain medical services.
You pay a copayment at	the time you get the medical service	ce. (The Medical Benefits Chart in
Section 2 tells you more	about your copayments.)	

□ "Coinsurance" is the percentage you pay of the total cost of certain medical services. You pay a coinsurance at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2 tells you more about your coinsurance.)

Most people who qualify for Medicaid or for the Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB) program should never pay deductibles, copayments or coinsurance. Be sure to show your proof of Medicaid or QMB eligibility to your provider, if applicable. If you think that you are being asked to pay improperly, contact Customer Service.

# Section 1.2 What is the most you will pay for Medicare Part A and Part B covered medical services?

Under our plan, there are two different limits on what you have to pay out-of-pocket for covered medical services:

□ Your **in-network maximum out-of-pocket amount** is \$5,900. This is the most you pay during the calendar year for covered Medicare Part A and Part B services received from network providers. The amounts you pay for copayments and coinsurance for covered services from network providers count toward this in-network maximum out-of-pocket amount. (The amounts you pay for plan premiums, Part D prescription drugs and services from out-of-network providers do not count toward your in-network maximum out-of-pocket amount. In addition, amounts you pay for some services do not count toward your in-network maximum out-of-pocket amount. These services are marked with an asterisk in the Medical Benefits Chart.) If you have paid \$5,900 for covered Part A and Part B services from network providers, you will not have any out-of-pocket costs for the rest of the year when you see our network providers. However, you must continue to pay your plan premium and the Medicare Part B premium (unless your Part B premium is paid for you by Division of Medical Assistance (Medicaid) or

another third party).

Your **combined maximum out-of-pocket amount** is \$10,000. This is the most you pay during the calendar year for covered Medicare Part A and Part B services received from both innetwork and out-of-network providers. The amounts you pay for copayments and coinsurance for covered services count toward this combined maximum out-of-pocket amount. (The amounts you pay for your Plan premium and for your Part D prescription drugs do not count toward your combined maximum out-of-pocket amount. In addition, amounts you pay for some services do not count toward your combined maximum out-of-pocket amount. These services are marked with an asterisk in the Medical Benefits Chart.) If you have paid \$10,000 for covered services, you will have 100% coverage and will not have any out-of-pocket costs for the rest of the year for covered Part A and Part B services. However, you must continue to pay your plan premium and the Medicare Part B premium (unless your Part B premium is paid for you by Division of Medical Assistance (Medicaid) or another third party).

# Section 1.3 Our plan does not allow network providers to "balance bill" you

As a member of AARP Medicare Advantage Choice Plan 2 (PPO), an important protection for you is that you only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you use network providers to get services covered by our plan. We do not allow network providers to "balance bill" you. Even if we pay less than the provider charges for a service, the network provider is not allowed to bill you for the balance. The network provider is allowed to collect only the plan cost-sharing amount from you and is not allowed to charge or bill you more for covered services.

In some cases, out-of-network providers can balance bill you for covered services. If you obtain covered services from an out-of-network provider who does not accept Medicare assignment, you will be responsible for the plan cost-sharing, plus any difference between the amount we pay the provider and the Medicare limiting charge. These services are marked with a plus sign (+) in the Medical Benefits Chart.

# SECTION 2 Use the Medical Benefits Chart to find out what is covered for you and how much you will pay

#### Section 2.1 Your medical benefits and costs as a member of the plan

The Medical Benefits Chart on the following pages lists the services AARP Medicare Advantage Choice Plan 2 (PPO) covers and what you pay out-of-pocket for each service. The services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered only when the following coverage requirements are met:

Your Medicare covered services must be provided according to the coverage guidelines
established by Medicare.
Your services (including medical care, services, supplies, and equipment) must be medically
necessary. "Medically necessary" means that the services, supplies, or drugs are needed for
the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted
standards of medical practice.

☐ You have a primary care provider (a PCP) who is providing and overseeing your care.	
□ Some of the in-network services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered only if yo doctor or other network provider gets approval in advance (sometimes called "prior authorization") from us.	ur
<ul> <li>Covered services that may need approval in advance to be covered as in-network servic are marked in italics in the Medical Benefits Chart.</li> </ul>	es
<ul> <li>Network providers agree by contract to obtain prior authorization from the plan and agree not balance bill you.</li> </ul>	e to
<ul> <li>You never need approval in advance for out-of-network services from out-of-network providers.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>While you don't need approval in advance for out-of-network services, you or your docto ask us to make a coverage decision in advance.</li> </ul>	r can
Other important things to know about our coverage:	
<ul> <li>For benefits where your cost-sharing is a coinsurance percentage, the amount you pay depends on what type of provider you receive the services from:</li> </ul>	
o If you receive the covered services from a network provider, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the plan's reimbursement rate (as determined in the contract between the provider and the plan).	
o If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who participates with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate participating providers.	
o If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who does not particill with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare Allowable Charge, plus the difference between the Medicare Allowable Charge and the Original Medicare Limiting Charge.	
□ Like all Medicare health plans, we cover everything that Original Medicare covers. For sor these benefits, you pay <b>more</b> in our plan than you would in Original Medicare. For others, pay <b>less</b> . (If you want to know more about the coverage and costs of Original Medicare, logour <b>Medicare &amp; You 2021</b> Handbook. View it online at www.medicare.gov or ask for a comby calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.)	you ook ir
□ For all preventive services that are covered at no cost under Original Medicare, we also continuously the service at no cost to you when you use a network provider. However, if you also are tree or monitored for an existing medical condition during the visit when you receive the prevent service, a copayment will apply for the care received for the existing medical condition. Set the Medical Benefits Chart for information about your share of the <b>out-of-network</b> costs for these services.	eated ntive ee
☐ Sometimes, Medicare adds coverage under Original Medicare for new services during the year. If Medicare adds coverage for any services during 2021, either Medicare or our plan	

cover those services.

You will see this apple next to the preventive services in the benefits chart.

<b>Medically Necessary</b> - means health care services, supplies, or drugs needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your sickness, injury or illness that are all of the following as determined
by us or our designee, within our sole discretion:
☐ In accordance with <b>Generally Accepted Standards of Medical Practice</b> .
☐ Most appropriate, in terms of type, frequency, extent, site and duration, and considered effective for your sickness, injury, or illness.
$\hfill \square$ Not mainly for your convenience or that of your doctor or other health care provider.
Meet, but do not exceed your medical need, are at least as beneficial as an existing and available medically appropriate alternative, and are furnished in the most cost-effective manner that may be provided safely and effectively.

**Generally Accepted Standards of Medical Practice** are standards that are based on credible scientific evidence published in peer-reviewed medical literature generally recognized by the relevant medical community, relying primarily on controlled clinical trials, or, if not available, observational studies from more than one institution that suggest a causal relationship between the service or treatment and health outcomes.

If no credible scientific evidence is available, then standards that are based on Physician specialty society recommendations or professional standards of care may be considered. We reserve the right to consult expert opinion in determining whether health care services are Medically Necessary. The decision to apply Physician specialty society recommendations, the choice of expert and the determination of when to use any such expert opinion, shall be within our sole discretion.

# **Medical Benefits Chart**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network		
Providers may ask you for more than one cost share payment if you get more than one service at an appointment. For example:  □ Your doctor will ask for a copayment for the office visit and additional copayments for each				
x-ray that is performed while you are  Solution a sopayment  X-ray that is performed while you are	there.	. ,		
services for example but not limited t administered while you are there.		-		
☐ Your pharmacist will ask for a separa	te copayment for each preso	cription he or she fills.		
☐ The specific cost sharing that will apply depends on which services you receive. The Medical Benefits Chart below lists the cost sharing that applies for each specific service.				
Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm Screening  A one-time (once per lifetime) screening ultrasound for people at risk. The plan only covers this screening if you have certain risk factors and if you get a referral for it from your physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for this preventive screening.	40% coinsurance for members eligible for this preventive screening.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.		

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Acupuncture for chronic low back pain  Covered services include:  Up to 12 visits in 90 days are covered for Medicare beneficiaries under the following circumstances:  For the purpose of this benefit, chronic low back pain is defined as:  • Lasting 12 weeks or longer;  • nonspecific, in that it has no identifiable systemic cause (i.e., not associated with metastatic, inflammatory, infectious, etc. disease);  • not associated with surgery; and  • not associated with pregnancy.  An additional eight sessions will be covered for those patients demonstrating an improvement. No more than 20 acupuncture treatments may be administered annually.  Treatment must be discontinued if the patient is not improving or is regressing.	You will pay the cost- sharing that applies to primary care services or specialist physician services (as described under "Physician/ Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office Visits") depending on if you receive services from a primary care physician or specialist. You pay these amounts until you reach the out- of-pocket maximum. Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	You will pay the cost- sharing that applies to primary care services or specialist physician services (as described under "Physician/ Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office Visits") depending on if you receive services from a primary care physician or specialist.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out- of-pocket maximum.
Ambulance Services  ☐ Covered ambulance services include fixed wing, rotary wing, and ground ambulance services, to the nearest appropriate facility that can provide care only if they	\$250 copayment for each one-way Medicare-covered ground trip. \$250 copayment for each one-way Medicare-covered air trip.	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
are furnished to a member whose medical condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person's health or if authorized by the plan.  Non-emergency transportation by ambulance is appropriate if it is documented that the member's condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person's health and that transportation by ambulance is medically required.	You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.  Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization for Non-emergency transportation.	
Annual Routine Physical Exam Includes comprehensive physical examination and evaluation of status of chronic diseases. Doesn't include lab tests, radiological diagnostic tests or non-radiological diagnostic tests. Additional cost share may apply to any lab or diagnostic testing performed during your visit, as described for each separate service in this Medical Benefits Chart. Annual Routine Physical Exam visits do not need to be scheduled 12 months apart but are limited to one each calendar year. Benefit is combined in and out-of- network.	\$0 copayment for a routine physical exam each year.	40% coinsurance for a routine physical exam each year.*

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
If you've had Part B for longer than 12 months, you can get an annual wellness visit to develop or update a personalized prevention plan based on your current health and risk factors. This is covered once every 12 months. Doesn't include lab tests, radiological diagnostic tests or non-radiological diagnostic tests. Additional cost share may apply to any lab or diagnostic testing performed during your visit, as described for each separate service in this Medical Benefits Chart.  Note: Your first annual wellness visit can't take place within 12 months of your "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit. However, you don't need to have had a "Welcome to Medicare" visit to be covered for annual wellness visits after you've had Part B for 12 months.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the annual wellness visit.	40% coinsurance for the annual wellness visit.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out- of-pocket maximum.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Bone Mass Measurement  For qualified individuals (generally, this means people at risk of losing bone mass or at risk of osteoporosis), the following services are covered every 24 months or more frequently if medically necessary: procedures to identify bone mass, detect bone loss, or determine bone quality, including a physician's interpretation of the results.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered bone mass measurement.	40% coinsurance for Medicare-covered bone mass measurement.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
Breast Cancer Screening (Mammograms)  Covered services include:  One baseline mammogram between the ages of 35 and 39  One screening mammogram every 12 months for women age 40 and older  Clinical breast exams once every 24 months	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for covered screening mammograms.	40% coinsurance for covered screening mammograms.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
Cardiac Rehabilitation Services  Comprehensive programs of cardiac rehabilitation services that include exercise, education, and counseling are covered for members who meet certain conditions with a doctor's order. The plan also covers intensive cardiac rehabilitation programs that are typically more rigorous or more	\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered cardiac rehabilitative visit.  Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	40% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered cardiac rehabilitative visit.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
intense than cardiac rehabilitation programs.		
Cardiovascular disease risk reduction visit (therapy for cardiovascular disease)  We cover one visit per year with your primary care doctor to help lower your risk for cardiovascular disease. During this visit, your doctor may discuss aspirin use (if appropriate), check your blood pressure, and give you tips to make sure you're eating healthy.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the cardiovascular disease preventive benefit.	40% coinsurance for the cardiovascular disease preventive benefit.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the outof-pocket maximum.
Cardiovascular Disease Testing  Blood tests for the detection of cardiovascular disease (or abnormalities associated with an elevated risk of cardiovascular disease) covered once every five years (60 months).	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for cardiovascular disease testing that is covered once every five years.	40% coinsurance for cardiovascular disease testing that is covered once every five years.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Cervical and Vaginal Cancer Screening  Covered services include:  For all women: Pap tests and pelvic exams are covered once every 24 months  If you are at high risk of cervical or vaginal cancer or you are of childbearing age and have had an abnormal Pap test within the past 3 years: one Pap test every 12 months  For asymptomatic women between the ages of 30 and 65: HPV Testing once every 5 years, in conjunction with the Pap test	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered preventive Pap and pelvic exams.	40% coinsurance for Medicare-covered preventive Pap and pelvic exams.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
Chiropractic Services  Covered services include:  Manual manipulation of the spine to correct subluxation (when one or more of the bones of your spine move out of position).  Excluded from Medicare coverage is any service other than manual manipulation for the treatment of subluxation.	\$20 copayment for each Medicare-covered visit. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum. Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	\$55 copayment for each Medicare-covered visit.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out- of-pocket maximum.
Colorectal Cancer Screening	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or	40% coinsurance for a Medicare-covered

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
For people 50 and older, the following are covered:    Flexible sigmoidoscopy (or screening barium enema as an alternative) every 48 months One of the following every 12 months:   Guaiac-based fecal occult blood test (gFOBT)   Fecal immunochemical test (FIT) DNA based colorectal screening every 3 years For people at high risk of colorectal cancer, we cover:   Screening colonoscopy (or screening barium enema as an alternative) every 24 months For people not at high risk of colorectal cancer, we cover:   Screening colonoscopy every 10 years (120 months), but not within 48 months of a screening sigmoidoscopy	deductible for a Medicare-covered colorectal cancer screening exam. There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for each Medicare-covered barium enema.	colorectal cancer screening exam.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum. 40% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered barium enema.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Dental Services In general, preventive dental services (such as cleaning, routine dental exams, and dental x-rays) are not covered by Original Medicare. We cover:	You are covered for additional dental benefits. See the additional dental benefit description at the end of this chart for details.*  Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	
Additional Dental Benefits You can get more information about this benefit by viewing the Vendor Information Sheet at www.myAARPMedicare.com, or by calling Customer Service to have a paper copy sent to you.		
Depression Screening  We cover one screening for depression per year. The screening must be done in a primary care setting that can provide follow-up treatment and/or referrals.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual depression screening visit.	40% coinsurance for an annual depression screening visit.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
Diabetes Screening  We cover this screening (includes fasting glucose tests) if you have any of the following risk factors: high blood pressure (hypertension), history of abnormal cholesterol and triglyceride levels (dyslipidemia), obesity, or a history of high blood sugar (glucose). Tests may also be covered if you meet	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered diabetes screening tests.	40% coinsurance for the Medicare-covered diabetes screening tests. + You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
other requirements, like being overweight and having a family history of diabetes.  Based on the results of these tests, you may be eligible for up to two diabetes screenings every 12 months.		
Diabetes Self-Management Training, Diabetic Services and Supplies  For all people who have diabetes (insulin and non-insulin users). Covered services include:		
□ Supplies to monitor your blood glucose: Blood glucose monitor, blood glucose test strips, lancet devices and lancets, and glucose-control solutions for checking the accuracy of test strips and monitors.  AARP Medicare Advantage Choice Plan 2 (PPO) covers any blood glucose monitors and test strips specified within this list. We will generally not cover alternate brands unless your doctor or other provider tells us that use of an alternate brand is medically necessary in your specific situation. If you are new to AARP Medicare Advantage Choice Plan 2 (PPO) and are using a brand of blood glucose	\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered diabetes monitoring supply.  We only cover Accu-Chek® and OneTouch® brands.  Covered glucose monitors include: OneTouch Verio Flex®, OneTouch Verio Reflect®, Accu-Chek® Guide Me, and Accu-Chek® Guide.	40% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered diabetes monitoring supply.  You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.  40% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered Continuous Glucose Monitor and supplies in accordance with Medicare guidelines.  You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.

#### What you must pay What you must pay Services that are covered for you when you get these when you get these services In-Network services Out-of-Network monitors and test strips that is not on Test strips: OneTouch For cost sharing our list, you may contact us within the Verio®, OneTouch applicable to insulin and first 90 days of enrollment into the plan Ultra®, Accu-Chek® syringes, see Chapter 6 to request a temporary supply of the Guide, Accu-Chek® What you pay for your alternate brand while you consult with Aviva Plus, and Accu-Part D prescription your doctor or other provider. During Chek® SmartView. drugs. this time, you should talk with your doctor to decide whether any of the Other brands are not preferred brands are medically covered by your plan. appropriate for you. If you or your Your provider may need doctor believe it is medically necessary to obtain prior for you to maintain use of an alternate authorization. brand, you may request a coverage exception to have AARP Medicare \$0 copayment for each Advantage Choice Plan 2 (PPO) Medicare-covered maintain coverage of a non-preferred Continuous Glucose product through the end of the benefit Monitor and supplies in year. Non-preferred products will not accordance with be covered following the initial 90 days Medicare guidelines. of the benefit year without an approved There are no brand coverage exception. limitations for If you (or your provider) don't agree Continuous Glucose with the plan's coverage decision, you Monitors. or your provider may file an appeal. Your provider may need You can also file an appeal if you don't to obtain prior agree with your provider's decision authorization. about what product or brand is appropriate for your medical condition. For cost sharing (For more information about appeals, applicable to insulin and see Chapter 9, What to do if you have a syringes, see Chapter 6 problem or complaint (coverage What you pay for your decisions, appeals, complaints).) Part D prescription drugs.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
<ul> <li>□ For people with diabetes who have severe diabetic foot disease: One pair per calendar year of therapeutic custom-molded shoes (including inserts provided with such shoes) and two additional pairs of inserts, or one pair of depth shoes and three pairs of inserts (not including the non-customized removable inserts provided with such shoes). Coverage includes fitting.</li> <li>□ Diabetes self-management training is covered under certain conditions. Limited to 20 visits of 30 minutes per year for a maximum of 10 hours the initial year. Follow-up training subsequent years after, limited to 4 visits of 30 minutes for a maximum of 2 hours per year.</li> </ul>	20% coinsurance for each pair of Medicare-covered therapeutic shoes.  You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.  Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.  \$0 copayment for Medicare-covered benefits.	40% coinsurance for each pair of Medicare-covered therapeutic shoes.  You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.  40% coinsurance for Medicare-covered benefits.+  You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
Durable Medical Equipment (DME) and Related Supplies (For a definition of "durable medical equipment," see Chapter 12 of this booklet.)  Covered items include, but are not limited to: wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home, IV	20% coinsurance for Medicare-covered benefits. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum. Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	50% coinsurance for Medicare-covered benefits. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, and walkers.  We cover all medically necessary DME covered by Original Medicare. If our supplier in your area does not carry a particular brand or manufacturer, you may ask them if they can special order it for you. The most recent list of suppliers is available on our website at www.myAARPMedicare.com.		
Emergency Care  Emergency care refers to services that are:    Furnished by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services, and   Needed to evaluate or stabilize an emergency medical condition.  A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life, loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.  Cost sharing for necessary emergency services furnished out-of-network is the	\$90 copayment for each emergency room visit. You do not pay this amount if you are admitted to the hospital within 24 hours for the same condition. If you are admitted to a hospital, you will pay cost sharing as described in the "Inpatient Hospital Care" section in this benefit chart. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
same as for such services furnished innetwork.		
Worldwide coverage for emergency department services.  This includes emergency or urgently needed care and emergency ambulance transportation from the scene of an emergency to the nearest medical treatment facility.  Transportation back to the United States from another country is not covered.  Pre-scheduled, pre-planned treatments (including dialysis for an ongoing condition) and/or elective procedures are not covered.  Services provided by a dentist are not covered.	\$0 copayment for worldwide coverage for emergency services. Please see Chapter 7 Section 1.1 for expense reimbursement for worldwide services. If you receive emergency care at an out-of-network hospital and need inpatient care after your emergency condition is stabilized, you must move to a network hospital in order to pay the in-network cost-sharing amount for the part of your stay after you are stabilized. If you stay at the out-of-network hospital, your stay will be covered but you will pay the out-of-network cost-sharing amount for the part of your stay after you are stabilized.	
Fitness Program  This benefit gives you access to Renew Active™, the gold standard in Medicare fitness programs for body and mind. Renew Active includes:  □ A free gym membership at a fitness location you select from our extensive, nationwide network.	Provided by: Renew Active <sup>TM</sup> \$0 copayment	\$0 copayment for an Athome fitness kit, available for members living 15 miles or more from a participating fitness center location. There are no out-of-network facilities available for this benefit.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
<ul> <li>□ A personalized fitness plan plus access to group classes. If you prefer to work out from home, you can access Fitbit Premium™ with thousands of workout videos.</li> <li>□ An online brain health program from AARP® Staying Sharp, including exclusive content for Renew Active members.</li> <li>□ Stay active socially with local health and wellness classes and events, and by joining the Online Fitbit® Community for Renew Active. No Fitbit device is needed.</li> <li>You can get more information by viewing the Vendor Information Sheet at www.myAARPMedicare.com or by calling Customer Service to have a paper copy sent to you.</li> </ul>		
Hearing Services Diagnostic hearing and balance evaluations performed by your provider to determine if you need medical treatment are covered as outpatient care when furnished by a physician, audiologist, or other qualified provider.	\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered exam.  Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	\$55 copayment for each Medicare-covered exam.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
Additional Routine Hearing Exams:   Limited to 1 exam(s) every year.	Hearing Exam: \$0 copayment	Hearing Exam: \$55 copayment*

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Benefit is combined in and out-of-network.		
Hearing Aids:  Choose from a broad selection of brand-name hearing aids, or UnitedHealthcare Hearing's exclusive brand Relate <sup>TM</sup> , custom-programmed for your hearing loss at the copay/technology levels listed. Hearing aids can be fit in-person or delivered directly to your home with access to virtual support (select products only).	Hearing Aids: Provided by: UnitedHealthcare Hearing \$375 copay for each Relate <sup>TM</sup> Basic level hearing aid delivered to your home (non-ear mold models).* Additional fees apply for optional follow-up visits.	Hearing Aids: Home delivered hearing aids available nationwide through UnitedHealthcare Hearing. You are responsible for all costs for hearing aids not purchased from a UnitedHealthcare Hearing network provider.
This benefit is limited to 2 hearing aids every 2 years. Hearing aid accessories are not covered by the plan, but are available for members to buy at an additional cost.	\$575 copay for each Relate <sup>TM</sup> Reserve level hearing aid.* \$625 copay for each Entry level name brand hearing aid.*	
To access your hearing aid benefit and get connected with a network provider, you must contact UnitedHealthcare Hearing at 855-523-9355, TTY 711 or visit UHCHearing.com/Medicare.	\$825 copay for each Essential level name brand hearing aid.* \$1,075 copay for each Standard level name brand hearing aid.* \$1,625 copay for each Advanced level name brand hearing aid.*	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
	\$2,075 copay for each Premium level name brand hearing aid.*	
	* Covered services that do not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount.  Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	
For people who ask for an HIV screening test or who are at increased risk for HIV infection, we cover:  One screening exam every 12 months  For women who are pregnant, we cover:  Up to three screening exams during a pregnancy	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for Medicare-covered preventive HIV screening.	40% coinsurance for members eligible for Medicare-covered preventive HIV screening.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
Home Health Agency Care  Prior to receiving home health services, a doctor must certify that you need home health services and will order home health services to be provided by a home health agency.	\$0 copayment for all home health visits provided by a network home health agency when Medicare criteria are met.	50% coinsurance for all home health visits provided by a home health agency when Medicare criteria are met.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
You must be homebound, which means leaving home is a major effort.  Covered services include, but are not limited to:  Part-time or intermittent skilled nursing and home health aide services (To be covered under the home health care benefit, your skilled nursing and home health aide services combined must total fewer than 8 hours per day and 35 hours per week)  Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy  Medical and social services  Medical equipment and supplies	Other copayments or coinsurance may apply (Please see Durable Medical Equipment and Related Supplies for applicable copayments or coinsurance).  Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	Other copayments or coinsurance may apply (Please see Durable Medical Equipment and Related Supplies for applicable copayments or coinsurance).  You pay these amounts until you reach the outof-pocket maximum.
Home Infusion Therapy Home infusion therapy involves the intravenous or subcutaneous administration of drugs or biologicals to an individual at home. The components needed to perform home infusion include the drug (for example, antivirals, immune globulin), equipment (for example, a pump), and supplies (for example, tubing and catheters).  Covered services include, but are not limited to:	You will pay the cost- sharing that applies to primary care services, specialist physician services, or Home Health (as described under "Physician/Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office Visits" or "Home Health Agency Care") depending on where you received administration or monitoring services.	You will pay the cost- sharing that applies to primary care services, specialist physician services, or Home Health (as described under "Physician/Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office Visits" or "Home Health Agency Care") depending on where you received administration or monitoring services.+

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
<ul> <li>Professional services, including nursing services, furnished in accordance with the plan of care</li> </ul>	You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.	You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
<ul> <li>Patient training and education not otherwise covered under the durable medical equipment benefit</li> </ul>	Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	
<ul> <li>□ Remote monitoring</li> <li>□ Monitoring services for the provision of home infusion therapy and home infusion drugs furnished by a qualified home infusion therapy supplier</li> </ul>	See "Durable Medical Equipment" earlier in this chart for any applicable cost-sharing for equipment and supplies related to Home Infusion Therapy.  You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.  Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	See "Durable Medical Equipment" earlier in this chart for any applicable cost-sharing for equipment and supplies related to Home Infusion Therapy.  You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
	See "Medicare Part B Prescription Drugs" later in this chart for any applicable cost-sharing for drugs related to Home Infusion Therapy. You pay these amounts until you reach the out- of-pocket maximum.	See "Medicare Part B Prescription Drugs" later in this chart for any applicable cost-sharing for drugs related to Home Infusion Therapy. You pay these amounts until you reach the out- of-pocket maximum.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
	Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	
Hospice Care You may receive care from any Medicare-certified hospice program. You are eligible for the hospice benefit when your doctor and the hospice medical director have given you a terminal prognosis certifying that you're terminally ill and have 6 months or less to live if your illness runs its normal course. Your hospice doctor can be a network provider or an out-of- network provider.	When you enroll in a Medic program, your hospice sen Part B services related to y paid for by Original Medica Advantage Choice Plan 2 (	vices and your Part A and our terminal prognosis are are, not AARP Medicare
Covered services include:  Drugs for symptom control and pain relief Short-term respite care Home care For hospice services and for services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are related to your terminal prognosis: Original Medicare (rather than our plan) will pay for your hospice services and any Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis. While you are in the hospice program, your hospice		

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
the services that Original Medicare pays for.		
For services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are not related to your terminal prognosis: If you need non-emergency, non-urgently needed services that are covered under Medicare Part A or B and that are not related to your terminal prognosis, your cost for these services depends on whether you use a provider in our plan's network:		
☐ If you obtain the covered services from a network provider, you only pay the plan cost-sharing amount for in-network services		
<ul> <li>If you obtain the covered services from an out-of-network provider, you pay the plan cost-sharing for out-of-network services</li> </ul>		
For services that are covered by AARP Medicare Advantage Choice Plan 2 (PPO) but are not covered by Medicare Part A or B: AARP Medicare Advantage Choice Plan 2 (PPO) will continue to cover plan-covered services that are not covered under Part A or B whether or not they are related to your terminal prognosis. You pay your plan cost-sharing amount for these services.		

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
For drugs that may be covered by the plan's Part D benefit:  Drugs are never covered by both hospice and our plan at the same time. For more information, please see Chapter 5, Section 9.4 (What if you're in Medicare-certified hospice).  Note: If you need non-hospice care (care that is not related to your terminal prognosis), you should contact us to arrange the services. Getting your non-hospice care through our network providers will lower your share of the costs for the services.  Our plan covers hospice consultation services (one time only) for a terminally ill person who hasn't elected the hospice benefit.		
Immunizations  Covered Medicare Part B services include:  Pneumonia vaccine  Flu shots, each flu season in the fall and winter, with additional flu shots if medically necessary  Hepatitis B vaccine if you are at high or intermediate risk of getting Hepatitis B	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the pneumonia, influenza, and Hepatitis B vaccines.  There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for all other Medicare-covered Immunizations.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the pneumonia, influenza, and Hepatitis B vaccines.+ There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for all other Medicare-covered Immunizations.+

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
☐ Other vaccines if you are at risk and they meet Medicare Part B coverage rules  We also cover some vaccines under our Part D prescription drug benefit. See Chapter 6 for more information about coverage and applicable cost sharing.		
Inpatient Hospital Care Includes inpatient acute, inpatient rehabilitation, long-term care hospitals, and other types of inpatient hospital services. Inpatient hospital care starts the day you are formally admitted to the hospital with a doctor's order. The day before you are discharged is your last inpatient day.	\$320 copayment each day for days 1 to 5 for Medicare-covered hospital care. \$0 copayment for additional Medicare-covered days. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.	40% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered hospital stay for unlimited days. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum. Medicare hospital benefit periods do not
Covered services include, but are not limited to:  Semi-private room (or a private room if medically necessary)  Meals including special diets Regular nursing services Costs of special care units (such as intensive care or coronary care units) Drugs and medications Lab tests X-rays and other radiology services	Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.  If you get authorized inpatient care at an outof-network hospital after your emergency condition is stabilized, your cost is the cost-sharing you would pay at a network hospital.  Medicare hospital benefit periods do not apply. (See definition of	apply. (See definition of benefit periods in the chapter titled Definitions of important words.) For inpatient hospital care, the cost-sharing described above applies each time you are admitted to the hospital. A transfer to a separate facility type (such as an Inpatient Rehabilitation Hospital or Long Term Care Hospital) is

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
□ Necessary surgical and medical supplies □ Use of appliances, such as wheelchairs □ Operating and recovery room costs □ Physical, occupational, and speech language therapy. □ Under certain conditions, the following types of transplants are covered: corneal, kidney, kidney-pancreatic, heart, liver, lung, heart/ lung, bone marrow, stem cell, and intestinal/multivisceral. The plan has a network of facilities that perform organ transplants. The plan's hospital network for organ transplant services is different than the network shown in the 'Hospitals' section of your provider directory. Some hospitals in the plan's network for other medical services are not in the plan's network for transplant services. For information on network facilities for transplant services, please call AARP Medicare Advantage Choice Plan 2 (PPO) Customer Service at 1-800-643-4845 TTY 711. If you need a transplant, we will arrange to have your case reviewed by a	benefit periods in the chapter titled Definitions of important words.) For inpatient hospital care, the cost-sharing described above applies each time you are admitted to the hospital. A transfer to a separate facility type (such as an Inpatient Rehabilitation Hospital or Long Term Care Hospital) is considered a new admission. For each inpatient hospital stay, you are covered for unlimited days as long as the hospital stay is covered in accordance with plan rules.	considered a new admission. For each inpatient hospital stay, you are covered for unlimited days as long as the hospital stay is covered in accordance with plan rules.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Medicare-approved transplant center that will decide whether you are a candidate for a transplant. Transplant providers may be local or outside of the service area. If our in-network transplant services are outside the community pattern of care, you may choose to go locally as long as the local transplant providers are willing to accept the Original Medicare rate. If AARP Medicare Advantage Choice Plan 2 (PPO) provides transplant services at a location outside of the pattern of care for transplants in your community and you chose to obtain transplants at this distant location, we will arrange or pay for appropriate lodging and transportation costs for you and a companion. While you are receiving care at the distant location, we will also reimburse transportation costs to and from the hospital or doctor's office for evaluations, transplant services and follow-up care. (Transportation in the distant location includes, but is not limited to: vehicle mileage, economy/ coach airfare, taxi fares, or rideshare services.) Costs for lodging or places to stay such as hotels, motels or short-term		

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
housing as a result of travel for a covered organ transplant may also be covered. You can be reimbursed for eligible costs up to \$125 per day total. Transportation services are not subject to the daily limit amount.		
<ul> <li>Blood - including storage and administration. Coverage begins with the first pint of blood that you need.</li> </ul>		
☐ Physician services		
Note: To be an inpatient, your provider must write an order to admit you formally as an inpatient of the hospital. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an "outpatient." This is called an "Outpatient Observation" stay. If you are not sure if you are an inpatient or an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.	Outpatient observation cost-sharing is explained in Outpatient Surgery and Other Medical Services Provided at Hospital Outpatient Facilities and Ambulatory Surgical Centers.	Outpatient observation cost-sharing is explained in Outpatient Surgery and Other Medical Services Provided at Hospital Outpatient Facilities and Ambulatory Surgical Centers.
You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called "Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!" This fact sheet is available on the Web at https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2018-09/11435-Are-You-an-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf or by calling 1-800-		

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.		
Inpatient Mental Health Care Covered services include:  Mental health care services that require a hospital stay. There is a 190-day lifetime limit for inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital. The 190-day limit does not apply to Mental Health services provided in a psychiatric unit of a general hospital.  Inpatient substance abuse services	\$320 copayment each day for days 1 to 5 each time you are admitted.  \$0 copayment for additional Medicare-covered days, up to 90 days. Plus an additional 60 lifetime reserve days. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.  Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.  Medicare hospital benefit periods are used to determine the total number of days covered for inpatient mental health care. (See definition of benefit periods in the chapter titled Definitions of important words.)  However, the cost-sharing described above applies each time you	40% coinsurance each time you are admitted, up to 90 days. Plus an additional 60 lifetime reserve days.  You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.  Medicare hospital benefit periods are used to determine the total number of days covered for inpatient mental health care. (See definition of benefit periods in the chapter titled Definitions of important words.)  However, the cost-sharing described above applies each time you are admitted to the hospital, even if you are admitted multiple times within a benefit period.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
	are admitted to the hospital, even if you are admitted multiple times within a benefit period.	
Inpatient Stay: Covered services received in a hospital or Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) during a non-covered inpatient stay  If you have exhausted your inpatient benefits or if the inpatient stay is not reasonable and necessary, we will not cover your inpatient stay. However, in some cases, we will cover certain services you receive while you are in the hospital or the skilled nursing facility (SNF). Covered services include, but are not limited to:	When your stay is no longer covered, these services will be covered as described in the following sections:	When your stay is no longer covered, these services will be covered as described in the following sections:
□ Physician services	Please refer below to Physician/Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office Visits.	Please refer below to Physician/Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office Visits.
□ Diagnostic tests (like lab tests)	Please refer below to Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies.	Please refer below to Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies.
<ul> <li>X-ray, radium, and isotope therapy including technician materials and services</li> </ul>	Please refer below to Outpatient Diagnostic	Please refer below to Outpatient Diagnostic

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
	Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies.	Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies.
<ul> <li>□ Surgical dressings</li> <li>□ Splints, casts and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations</li> </ul>	Please refer below to Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies.	Please refer below to Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies.
□ Prosthetics and orthotics devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of an internal body organ (including contiguous tissue), or all or part of the function of a permanently inoperative or malfunctioning internal body organ, including replacement or repairs of such devices	Please refer below to Prosthetic Devices and Related Supplies.	Please refer below to Prosthetic Devices and Related Supplies.
☐ Leg, arm, back, and neck braces; trusses, and artificial legs, arms, and eyes including adjustments, repairs, and replacements required because of breakage, wear, loss, or a change in the patient's physical condition	Please refer below to Prosthetic Devices and Related Supplies.	Please refer below to Prosthetic Devices and Related Supplies.
<ul> <li>Physical therapy, speech language therapy, and occupational therapy</li> </ul>	Please refer below to Outpatient Rehabilitation Services.	Please refer below to Outpatient Rehabilitation Services.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
This benefit is for people with diabetes, renal (kidney) disease (but not on dialysis), or after a kidney transplant when ordered by your doctor.  We cover three hours of one-on-one counseling services during your first year that you receive medical nutrition therapy services under Medicare (this includes our plan, any other Medicare Advantage plan, or Original Medicare), and two hours each year after that. If your condition, treatment, or diagnosis changes, you may be able to receive more hours of treatment with a physician's order. A physician must prescribe these services and renew their order yearly if your treatment is needed into the next calendar year.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for Medicare-covered medical nutrition therapy services.	40% coinsurance for members eligible for Medicare-covered medical nutrition therapy services.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
Medicare Diabetes Prevention Program (MDPP)  MDPP services will be covered for eligible Medicare beneficiaries under all Medicare health plans.  MDPP is a structured health behavior change intervention that provides practical training in long-term dietary change, increased physical activity, and problem-solving strategies for	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the MDPP benefit.	40% coinsurance for the MDPP benefit.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
overcoming challenges to sustaining weight loss and a healthy lifestyle.		
Medicare Part B Prescription Drugs  These drugs are covered under Part B of Original Medicare. Members of our plan receive coverage for these drugs through our plan. Covered drugs include:  Drugs that usually aren't selfadministered by the patient and are injected or infused while you are getting physician, hospital outpatient, or ambulatory surgical center services  Drugs you take using durable medical equipment (such as nebulizers) that were authorized by the plan  Clotting factors you give yourself by injection if you have hemophilia  Immunosuppressive drugs, if you were enrolled in Medicare Part A at the time of the organ transplant  Injectable osteoporosis drugs, if you are homebound, have a bone fracture that a doctor certifies was related to post-menopausal osteoporosis, and cannot selfadminister the drug  Antigens (for allergy shots)	20% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered Part B drug. Additionally, for the administration of that drug, you will pay the cost-sharing that applies to primary care provider services, specialist services, or outpatient hospital services (as described under "Physician/ Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office Visits" or "Outpatient Hospital Services" in this benefit chart) depending on where you received drug administration or infusion services.  You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.  Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	40% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered Part B drug. Additionally, for the administration of that drug, you will pay the cost-sharing that applies to primary care provider services, specialist services, or outpatient hospital services (as described under "Physician/ Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office Visits" or "Outpatient Hospital Services" in this benefit chart) depending on where you received drug administration or infusion services.  You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
□ Certain oral anti-cancer drugs and anti-nausea drugs □ Certain drugs for home dialysis, including heparin, the antidote for heparin when medically necessary, topical anesthetics, and erythropoiesis-stimulating agents (such as Epogen®, Procrit®, Epoetin Alfa, Aranesp®, or Darbepoetin Alfa) □ Intravenous Immune Globulin for the home treatment of primary immune deficiency diseases □ Chemotherapy Drugs, and the Administration of chemotherapy drugs The following link will take you to a list of Part B Drugs that may be subject to Step Therapy: https://www.medicare.uhc.com/medicare/member/documents/part-b-step-therapy.html You or your doctor may need to provide more information about how a Medicare Part B prescription drug is used in order to determine coverage. There may be effective, lower-cost drugs that treat the same medical condition. If you are prescribed a new Part B medication or have not recently filled the medication under Part B, you may be required to try one or more of	20% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered chemotherapy drug and the administration of that drug.  You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.  Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	40% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered chemotherapy drug and the administration of that drug.  You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these	What you must pay when you get these
Corvious that are covered for you	services In-Network	services Out-of-Network
these other drugs before the plan will cover your drug. If you have already tried other drugs or your doctor thinks they are not right for you, you or your doctor can ask the plan to cover the Part B drug. (For more information, see Chapter 9, What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints).) Please contact Customer Service for more information.  We also cover some vaccines under our Part B and Part D prescription drug benefit.  Chapter 5 explains the Part D prescription drug benefit, including		
rules you must follow to have prescriptions covered. What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs through our plan is explained in Chapter 6.		
NurseLine	Provided by: NurseLine	
NurseLine services available, 24 hours a day, seven days a week. Speak to a registered nurse (RN) about your medical concerns and questions.  You can view the Vendor Information Sheet at www.myAARPMedicare.com, or call Customer Service to have a paper copy sent to you.	\$0 copayment	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Obesity screening and therapy to promote sustained weight loss  If you have a body mass index of 30 or more, we cover intensive counseling to help you lose weight. This counseling is covered if you get it in a primary care setting, where it can be coordinated with your comprehensive prevention plan. Talk to your primary care doctor or practitioner to find out more.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for preventive obesity screening and therapy.	40% coinsurance for preventive obesity screening and therapy.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
Opioid Treatment Program Services Opioid use disorder treatment services are covered under Part B of Original Medicare. Members of our plan receive coverage for these services through our plan. Covered services include:    FDA-approved opioid agonist and antagonist treatment medications and the dispensing and administration of such medications, if applicable   Substance use counseling   Individual and group therapy   Toxicology testing	\$0 copayment for Medicare-covered opioid treatment program services.  Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	\$0 copayment for Medicare-covered opioid treatment program services.
Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies Covered services include, but are not limited to:		

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
□ X-rays	\$15 copayment for each Medicare-covered standard X-ray service. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum. Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	\$20 copayment for each Medicare-covered standard X-ray service.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
□ Radiation (radium and isotope) therapy including technician materials and supplies	\$60 copayment for each Medicare-covered radiation therapy service. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum. Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	40% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered radiation therapy service.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
□ Surgical supplies, such as dressings □ Splints, casts, and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations  Note: There is no separate charge for medical supplies routinely used in the course of an office visit and included in the provider's charges for that visit (such as bandages, cotton swabs, and other routine supplies.) However, supplies for which an appropriate separate charge is made by providers (such as, chemical agents used in certain diagnostic procedures) are subject to cost-sharing as shown.	20% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered medical supply. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum. Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	40% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered medical supply. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
□ Laboratory tests	\$0 copayment for Medicare-covered lab services.  Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	\$0 copayment for Medicare-covered lab services.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
<ul> <li>□ Blood - including storage and administration (this means processing and handling of blood). Coverage begins with the first pint of blood that you need.</li> <li>□ In addition, for the administration of blood infusion, you will pay the cost sharing as described under the following sections of this chart, depending on where you received infusion services:         <ul> <li>○ Physician/Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office Visits</li> <li>○ Outpatient Surgery and Other Medical Services Provided at Hospital Outpatient Facilities and Ambulatory Surgical Centers</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	\$0 copayment for Medicare-covered blood services.  Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	\$0 copayment for Medicare-covered blood services.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
☐ Other outpatient diagnostic tests - Non-radiological diagnostic services	\$20 copayment for Medicare-covered non- radiological diagnostic services.	40% coinsurance for Medicare-covered non- radiological diagnostic services.+
	Examples include, but are not limited to EKG's, pulmonary function tests, home or lab-based sleep studies, and treadmill stress tests.	Examples include, but are not limited to EKG's, pulmonary function tests, home or lab-based sleep studies, and treadmill stress tests.
	You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.	You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
	Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
□ Other outpatient diagnostic tests - Radiological diagnostic services, not including x-rays.	\$0 copayment for each diagnostic mammogram. \$110 copayment for Medicare-covered radiological diagnostic services, not including X-rays, performed in a physician's office or at a free-standing facility (such as a radiology center or medical clinic). You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum. Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.  The diagnostic radiology services require specialized equipment beyond standard X-ray equipment and must be performed by specially trained or certified personnel. Examples include, but are not limited to, specialized scans, CT, SPECT, PET, MRI, MRA, nuclear studies, ultrasounds, diagnostic mammograms and interventional	40% coinsurance for Medicare-covered radiological diagnostic services, not including X-rays, performed in a physician's office or at a free-standing facility (such as a radiology center or medical clinic).+  You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.  The diagnostic radiology services require specialized equipment beyond standard X-ray equipment and must be performed by specially trained or certified personnel. Examples include, but are not limited to, specialized scans, CT, SPECT, PET, MRI, MRA, nuclear studies, ultrasounds, diagnostic mammograms and interventional radiological procedures (myelogram, cystogram, angiogram, and barium studies).

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
	radiological procedures (myelogram, cystogram, angiogram, and barium studies).	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Outpatient Hospital Observation Observation services are hospital outpatient services given to determine if you need to be admitted as an inpatient or can be discharged. For outpatient hospital observation services to be covered, they must meet the Medicare criteria and be considered reasonable and necessary. Observation services are covered only when provided by the order of a physician or another individual authorized by state licensure law and hospital staff bylaws to admit patients to the hospital or order outpatient tests.  Note: Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an "outpatient." If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff. You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called "Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!" This fact sheet is available on the Web at https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2018-09/11435-Are-You-an-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE	Outpatient observation cost-sharing is explained in Outpatient Surgery and Other Medical Services Provided at Hospital Outpatient Facilities and Ambulatory Surgical Centers.	Outpatient observation cost-sharing is explained in Outpatient Surgery and Other Medical Services Provided at Hospital Outpatient Facilities and Ambulatory Surgical Centers.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
(1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7days a week.		
Outpatient Hospital Services We cover medically-necessary services you get in the outpatient department of a hospital for diagnosis or treatment of an illness or injury. Covered services include, but are not limited to:		
☐ Services in an emergency department	Please refer to Emergency Care.	Please refer to Emergency Care.
☐ Laboratory and diagnostic tests billed by the hospital	Please refer to Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies.	Please refer to Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies.
<ul> <li>Mental health care, including care in a partial-hospitalization program, if a doctor certifies that inpatient treatment would be required without it</li> </ul>	Please refer to Outpatient Mental Health Care.	Please refer to Outpatient Mental Health Care.
☐ X-rays and other radiology services billed by the hospital	Please refer to Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies.	Please refer to Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
☐ Medical supplies such as splints and casts	Please refer to Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies.	Please refer to Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies.
☐ Certain screenings and preventive services	Please refer to the benefits preceded by the "Apple" icon.	Please refer to the benefits preceded by the "Apple" icon.
☐ Certain drugs and biologicals that you can't give yourself	Please refer to Medicare Part B Prescription Drugs.	Please refer to Medicare Part B Prescription Drugs.
☐ Services performed at an outpatient clinic	Please refer to Physician/Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office Visits.	Please refer to Physician/Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office Visits.
□ Outpatient surgery or observation	Please refer to Outpatient Surgery and Other Medical Services Provided at Hospital Outpatient Facilities and Ambulatory Surgical Centers.	Please refer to Outpatient Surgery and Other Medical Services Provided at Hospital Outpatient Facilities and Ambulatory Surgical Centers.
☐ Outpatient infusion therapy  For the drug that is infused, you will pay the cost-sharing as described in  "Medicare Part B Prescription Drugs"	Please refer to Medicare Part B Prescription Drugs and Physician/ Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office	Please refer to Medicare Part B Prescription Drugs and Physician/ Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
in this benefit chart. In addition, for the administration of infusion therapy drugs, you will pay the cost-sharing that applies to primary care provider services, specialist services, or outpatient hospital services (as described under "Physician/Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office Visits" or "Outpatient Surgery and Other Medical Services Provided at Hospital Outpatient Facilities and Ambulatory Surgical Centers" in this benefit chart) depending on where you received drug administration or infusion services.	Visits or Outpatient Surgery and Other Medical Services Provided at Hospital Outpatient Facilities and Ambulatory Surgical Centers.	Visits or Outpatient Surgery and Other Medical Services Provided at Hospital Outpatient Facilities and Ambulatory Surgical Centers.
Note: Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an "outpatient." This is called an "Outpatient Observation" stay. If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.  You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called "Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!" This fact sheet is available on the Web at https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/	Outpatient observation cost-sharing is explained in Outpatient Surgery and Other Medical Services Provided at Hospital Outpatient Facilities and Ambulatory Surgical Centers.	Outpatient observation cost-sharing is explained in Outpatient Surgery and Other Medical Services Provided at Hospital Outpatient Facilities and Ambulatory Surgical Centers.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
2018-09/11435-Are-You-an-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.		
Outpatient Mental Health Care Covered services include: Mental health services provided by a state-licensed psychiatrist or doctor, clinical psychologist, clinical social worker, clinical nurse specialist, nurse practitioner, physician assistant, or other Medicare-qualified mental health care professional as allowed under applicable state laws.	\$25 copayment for each Medicare-covered individual therapy session  \$15 copayment for each Medicare-covered group therapy session  You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.  Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	\$40 copayment for each Medicare-covered individual therapy session.+ \$30 copayment for each Medicare-covered group therapy session.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
Outpatient Rehabilitation Services Covered services include: physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech language therapy. Outpatient rehabilitation services are provided in various outpatient settings, such as hospital outpatient departments, independent therapist	\$35 copayment for each Medicare-covered physical therapy and speech-language therapy visit.  You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.	\$55 copayment for each Medicare-covered physical therapy and speech-language therapy visit.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
offices, physician offices, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facilities (CORFs).	Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization. \$35 copayment for each Medicare-covered occupational therapy visit. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum. Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	\$55 copayment for each Medicare-covered occupational therapy visit.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
Outpatient Substance Abuse Services Outpatient treatment and counseling for substance abuse.	\$25 copayment for each Medicare-covered individual therapy session. \$15 copayment for each Medicare-covered group therapy session. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum. Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	\$40 copayment for each Medicare-covered individual therapy session.+ \$30 copayment for each Medicare-covered group therapy session.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
Outpatient Surgery and Other Medical Services Provided at	\$0 copayment for a diagnostic colonoscopy at an ambulatory	40% coinsurance for Medicare-covered surgery or other services

## What you must pay What you must pay Services that are covered for you when you get these when you get these services In-Network services Out-of-Network **Hospital Outpatient Facilities and** surgical center. provided to you at an **Ambulatory Surgical Centers** \$220 copayment for ambulatory surgical Medicare-covered center, including but not **Note**: If you are having surgery in a surgery or other services limited to hospital or hospital facility, you should check with provided to you at an other facility charges your provider about whether you will ambulatory surgical and physician or surgical be an inpatient or outpatient. Unless center, including but not charges.+ the provider writes an order to admit limited to hospital or you as an inpatient to the hospital, you You pay these amounts other facility charges are an outpatient and pay the costuntil you reach the outand physician or surgical sharing amounts for outpatient of-pocket maximum. charges. surgery. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be Ambulatory Surgical considered an "outpatient." This is Center facilities are called an "Outpatient Observation" designated as Type 1 in stay. If you are not sure if you are an the Provider Directory. outpatient, you should ask your doctor Please refer to your or the hospital staff. provider directory for a If you receive any services or items listing of facilities in each other than surgery, including but not type. limited to diagnostic tests, therapeutic You pay these amounts services, prosthetics, orthotics, until you reach the outsupplies or Part B drugs, there may be of-pocket maximum. additional cost sharing for those services or items. Please refer to the Your provider may need appropriate section in this chart for the to obtain prior additional service or item you received authorization. for the specific cost sharing required. 40% coinsurance for \$0 copayment for a diagnostic colonoscopy Medicare-covered at an outpatient hospital. surgery or other services \$320 copayment for provided to you at an Medicare-covered outpatient hospital,

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
	surgery or other services provided to you at an outpatient hospital, including but not limited to hospital or other facility charges and physician or surgical charges.  Hospital Based facilities are designated as Type 2 in the Provider Directory. Please refer to your provider directory for a listing of facilities in each type.  You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.  Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	including but not limited to hospital or other facility charges and physician or surgical charges.+  You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
	Outpatient surgical services that can be delivered in an available ambulatory surgery center must be delivered in an ambulatory surgery center unless a hospital outpatient department is medically necessary.	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
	\$320 copayment for each day of Medicare-covered observation services provided to you at an outpatient hospital, including but not limited to hospital or other facility charges and physician or surgical charges.  You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.  Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	40% coinsurance for each day of Medicare-covered observation services provided to you at an outpatient hospital, including but not limited to hospital or other facility charges and physician or surgical charges.+  You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
Over-the-Counter (OTC) Products Catalog  This benefit gives you a quarterly credit (in January, April, July, and October) to buy over-the-counter items from a list of eligible products. Credits expire at the end of each quarter (March 31st, June 30th, September 30th, and December 31st). You can place your order online, over the phone, or by mail through your Health & Wellness Products Catalog. \$35 minimum per order is required. To receive a paper	Provided by: Solutran Quarterly Credit is \$40.	

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
catalog, contact Customer Service or call the number on the Vendor Information Sheet.  You can view the Vendor Information Sheet at www.myAARPMedicare.com, or call Customer Service to have a paper copy sent to you.		
Partial Hospitalization Services  "Partial hospitalization" is a structured program of active psychiatric treatment provided as a hospital outpatient service, or by a community mental health center, that is more intense than the care received in your doctor's or therapist's office and is an alternative to inpatient hospitalization.	\$55 copayment each day for Medicare-covered benefits. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum. Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	\$75 copayment each day for Medicare-covered benefits.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Personal Emergency Response System  With a Personal Emergency Response System (PERS), help is a button press away. PERS is a monitoring device that can provide you with confidence, knowing you have quick access to the help you need 24 hours a day in any situation. The device is a lightweight, discreet button that can be worn on the wrist or as a pendant (automatic fall detection and mobile options available). The device is safe to wear in the shower or bath. You must have a working phone number, landline and/or cellular coverage to take part in this benefit. The Philips Lifeline cellular device works nationwide with the AT&T wireless network, but does not require you to have AT&T coverage.  You can view the Vendor Information Sheet at www.myAARPMedicare.com, or call Customer Service to have a paper copy sent to you.	Provided by: Philips Lifeline \$0 copayment	Home delivered devices available nationwide through Philips Lifeline.
Physician/Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office Visits Covered services include:		
<ul> <li>Medically-necessary medical or surgical services furnished in a physician's office</li> </ul>	\$0 copayment for services obtained from a primary care provider or	\$20 copayment for services obtained from a primary care provider or

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
	under certain circumstances, treatment by a nurse practitioner or physician's assistant or other non-physician health care professionals in a primary care provider's office (as permitted under Medicare rules).	under certain circumstances, treatment by a nurse practitioner or physician's assistant or other non-physician health care professionals in a primary care provider's office (as permitted under Medicare rules).+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out- of-pocket maximum.
☐ Medically-necessary medical or surgical services furnished in a certified ambulatory surgical center or hospital outpatient department	See "Outpatient Surgery" earlier in this chart for any applicable copayments or coinsurance amounts for ambulatory surgical center visits or in a hospital outpatient setting.	See "Outpatient Surgery" earlier in this chart for any applicable copayments or coinsurance amounts for ambulatory surgical center visits or in a hospital outpatient setting.
□ Consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a specialist	\$35 copayment for services obtained from a specialist, or under certain circumstances, treatment by a nurse practitioner or physician's assistant or other non-physician	\$55 copayment for services obtained from a specialist, or under certain circumstances, treatment by a nurse practitioner or physician's assistant or other non-physician

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
	health care professionals in a specialist's office (as permitted under Medicare rules).  You pay these amounts until you reach the outof-pocket maximum.  Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	health care professionals in a specialist's office (as permitted under Medicare rules).+ You pay these amounts until you reach the outof-pocket maximum.
☐ Basic hearing and balance exams performed by your specialist, if your doctor orders it to see if you need medical treatment	\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered exam.  Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	\$55 copayment for each Medicare-covered exam.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
<ul> <li>□ Second opinion prior to surgery</li> <li>□ Some telehealth services including consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a physician or practitioner, for patients in certain rural areas or other places approved by Medicare.</li> <li>□ Telehealth services for monthly end-stage renal disease-related visits for home dialysis members in a hospital-based or critical access hospital-based renal dialysis center, renal dialysis facility, or the member's home.</li> </ul>	You will pay the cost- sharing that applies to specialist services (as described under "Physician/Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office Visits" above). You pay these amounts until you reach the out- of-pocket maximum. Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	You will pay the cost- sharing that applies to specialist services (as described under "Physician/Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office Visits" above).+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out- of-pocket maximum.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
<ul> <li>□ Telehealth services to diagnose, evaluate, or treat symptoms of a stroke.</li> <li>□ Virtual check-ins (for example, by phone or video chat) with your doctor for 5-10 minutes if:</li> <li>○ You're not a new patient and</li> <li>○ The evaluation isn't related to an office visit in the past 7 days and</li> <li>○ The evaluation doesn't lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment</li> <li>□ Evaluation of video and/or images you send to your doctor, and interpretation and follow-up by your doctor within 24 hours if:</li> <li>○ You're not a new patient and</li> <li>○ The evaluation isn't related to an office visit in the past 7 days and</li> <li>○ The evaluation doesn't lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment</li> <li>□ Consultation your doctor has with other doctors by phone, internet, or electronic health record if you're not a new patient</li> </ul>	You will pay the cost- sharing that applies to primary care services or specialist physician services (as described under "Physician/ Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office Visits" above). You pay these amounts until you reach the out- of-pocket maximum.	You will pay the cost- sharing that applies to primary care services or specialist physician services (as described under "Physician/ Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office Visits" above).+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out- of-pocket maximum.
<ul> <li>□ Non-routine dental care (covered services are limited to surgery of the jaw or related structures, setting fractures of the jaw or facial bones, extraction of teeth to prepare the jaw for radiation</li> </ul>	20% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered visit.  You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.	40% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered visit.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
treatments of neoplastic cancer disease, or services that would be covered when provided by a physician). Dental services provided by a dentist in connection with care, treatment, filling, removal, or replacement of teeth or structures directly supporting the teeth are not Medicare-covered benefits and not covered under this benefit.	Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	
□ Monitoring services in a physician's office or outpatient hospital setting if you are taking anticoagulation medications, such as Coumadin, Heparin or Warfarin (these services may also be referred to as 'Coumadin Clinic' services)	You will pay the cost- sharing that applies to primary care provider services, specialist services, or outpatient hospital services (as described under "Physician/Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office Visits" or "Outpatient Hospital Services" in this benefit chart) depending on where you receive services. You pay these amounts until you reach the out- of-pocket maximum. Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	You will pay the cost- sharing that applies to primary care provider services, specialist services, or outpatient hospital services (as described under "Physician/Practitioner Services, Including Doctor's Office Visits" or "Outpatient Hospital Services" in this benefit chart) depending on where you receive services.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out- of-pocket maximum.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
☐ Medically-necessary medical or surgical services that are covered benefits and are furnished by a physician in your home or a nursing home in which you reside.	\$0 copayment  Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	You will pay the cost sharing that applies to primary care provider services or specialist physician services (as applied in an office setting, described above in this section of the benefit chart) depending on the type of physician that provides the services.+  You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
☐ Certain telehealth services, including:		
<ul> <li>○ Covered services included in Virtual Medical Visits:         <ul> <li>□ Primary Care Provider</li> <li>□ Urgently Needed Services</li> </ul> </li> <li>○ Telehealth or virtual medical visits are medical visits delivered to you outside of medical facilities by network providers that have appropriate online technology and live audio/video capabilities to conduct the visit.</li> <li>○ Not all medical conditions can be treated through virtual visits. The virtual visit doctor will identify if</li> </ul>	\$0 copayment The in-network provider must be used for the out- of-network benefit.	Not covered out-of- network

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
you need to see an in-person doctor for treatment.		
<ul> <li>Virtual Mental Health Visits are mental health visits delivered to you outside of medical facilities by virtual providers that use online technology and live audio/ video capabilities. Visit virtualvisitsmentalhealth.uhc.com to learn more and schedule a virtual appointment.</li> </ul>	\$0 copayment The in-network provider must be used for the out- of-network benefit.	Not covered out-of- network
☐ Covered services include individual mental health services		
<ul> <li>Not all conditions can be treated through virtual visits.</li> <li>The virtual visit provider will identify if you need to see an in-person provider for treatment.</li> </ul>		
☐ You have the option of receiving these services either through an inperson visit or via telehealth. If you choose to receive one of these services via telehealth, then you must use a network provider that currently offers the service via telehealth.		

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Podiatry Services  Covered services include:  Diagnosis and the medical or surgical treatment of injuries and diseases of the feet (such as hammer toe or heel spurs).  Routine foot care for members with certain medical conditions affecting the lower limbs.	\$35 copayment for each Medicare-covered visit in an office or home setting.  For services rendered in an outpatient hospital setting, such as surgery, please refer to Outpatient Surgery and Other Medical Services Provided at Hospital Outpatient Facilities and Ambulatory Surgical Centers.  You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.  Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	\$55 copayment for each Medicare-covered visit in an office or home setting.+ For services rendered in an outpatient hospital setting, such as surgery, please refer to Outpatient Surgery and Other Medical Services Provided at Hospital Outpatient Facilities and Ambulatory Surgical Centers. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
Additional Routine Foot Care  Treatment of the foot which is generally considered preventive, i.e., cutting or removal of corns, warts, calluses or nails.  Benefit is combined in and out-of-network.	\$35 copayment for each routine visit up to 6 visits every year.*	\$55 copayment for each routine visit up to 6 visits every year. *

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Prostate Cancer Screening Exams  For men age 50 and older, covered services include the following - once every 12 months:  Digital rectal exam Prostate Specific Antigen (PSA) test	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for each Medicare-covered digital rectal exam.  There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual PSA test.  Diagnostic PSA exams are subject to cost sharing as described under Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies in this chart.	40% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered digital rectal exam.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum. 40% coinsurance for an annual PSA test.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
Prosthetic Devices and Related Supplies  Devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of a body part or function. These include, but are not limited to: colostomy bags and supplies directly related to colostomy care, pacemakers, braces, prosthetic shoes, artificial limbs, and breast prostheses (including a surgical brassiere after a mastectomy). Includes certain supplies related to prosthetic devices, and repair and/or replacement of prosthetic devices.	20% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered prosthetic or orthotic device, including replacement or repairs of such devices, and related supplies.  You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.  Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	40% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered prosthetic or orthotic device, including replacement or repairs of such devices, and related supplies.  You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Also includes some coverage following cataract removal or cataract surgery – see "Vision Care" later in this section for more detail.		
Pulmonary Rehabilitation Services Comprehensive programs of pulmonary rehabilitation are covered for members who have moderate to very severe chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and an order for pulmonary rehabilitation from the doctor treating the chronic respiratory disease. Medicare covers up to two (2) one-hour sessions per day, for up to 36 lifetime sessions (in some cases, up to 72 lifetime sessions) of pulmonary rehabilitation services.	\$20 copayment for each Medicare-covered pulmonary rehabilitative visit You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum. Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	40% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered pulmonary rehabilitative visit.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
Screening and Counseling to Reduce Alcohol Misuse  We cover one alcohol misuse screening for adults with Medicare (including pregnant women) who misuse alcohol, but aren't alcohol dependent.  If you screen positive for alcohol misuse, you can get up to four brief face-to-face counseling sessions per year (if you're competent and alert during counseling) provided by a	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse preventive benefit.	40% coinsurance for the Medicare-covered screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse preventive benefit.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
qualified primary care doctor or practitioner in a primary care setting.		
Screening for lung cancer with low dose computed tomography (LDCT)  For qualified individuals, a LDCT is covered every 12 months.  Eligible members are: people aged 55 – 77 years who have no signs or symptoms of lung cancer, but who have a history of tobacco smoking of at least 30 pack-years and who currently smoke or have quit smoking within the last 15 years, who receive a written order for LDCT during a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision making visit that meets the Medicare criteria for such visits and be furnished by a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered counseling and shared decision making visit or for the LDCT.	40% coinsurance for the Medicare-covered counseling and shared decision making visit or for the LDCT.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
For LDCT lung cancer screenings after the initial LDCT screening: the member must receive a written order for LDCT lung cancer screening, which may be furnished during any appropriate visit with a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner. If a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner elects to provide a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision making visit for		

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
subsequent lung cancer screenings with LDCT, the visit must meet the Medicare criteria for such visits.		
Transmitted Infections (STIs) and Counseling to Prevent STIs  We cover sexually transmitted infection (STI) screenings for chlamydia, gonorrhea, syphilis, and Hepatitis B. These screenings are covered for pregnant women and for certain people who are at increased risk for an STI when the tests are ordered by a primary care provider. We cover these tests once every 12 months or at certain times during pregnancy.  We also cover up to two individual 20 to 30 minute, face-to-face high-intensity behavioral counseling sessions each year for sexually active adults at increased risk for STIs. We will only cover these counseling sessions as a preventive service if they are provided by a primary care provider and take place in a primary care setting, such as a doctor's office.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening for STIs and counseling for STIs preventive benefit.	40% coinsurance for the Medicare-covered screening for STIs and counseling for STIs preventive benefit.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
Services to Treat Kidney Disease Covered services include:		

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
☐ Kidney disease education services to teach kidney care and help members make informed decisions about their care. For members with stage IV chronic kidney disease when referred by their doctor, we cover up to six sessions of kidney disease education services per lifetime.	\$0 copayment for Medicare-covered benefits.	40% coinsurance for Medicare-covered benefits.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
☐ Outpatient dialysis treatments (including dialysis treatments when temporarily out of the service area, as explained in Chapter 3)	20% coinsurance for Medicare-covered benefits.  You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.  Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	20% coinsurance for Medicare-covered benefits.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out- of-pocket maximum.
☐ Self-dialysis training (includes training for you and anyone helping you with your home dialysis treatments)	\$0 copayment for Medicare-covered benefits.	40% coinsurance for Medicare-covered benefits.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
☐ Inpatient dialysis treatments (if you are admitted as an inpatient to a hospital for special care)	These services will be covered as described in the following sections:	These services will be covered as described in the following sections:

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
	Please refer to Inpatient Hospital Care.	Please refer to Inpatient Hospital Care.
☐ Home dialysis equipment and supplies	Please refer to Durable Medical Equipment and Related Supplies.	Please refer to Durable Medical Equipment and Related Supplies.
□ Certain home support services (such as, when necessary, visits by trained dialysis workers to check on your home dialysis, to help in emergencies, and check your dialysis equipment and water supply)	Please refer to Home Health Agency Care.	Please refer to Home Health Agency Care.
Certain drugs for dialysis are covered under your Medicare Part B drug benefit. For information about coverage for Part B Drugs, please go to the section, "Medicare Part B Prescription Drugs."		
Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) Care  (For a definition of "skilled nursing facility care," see Chapter 12 of this booklet. Skilled nursing facilities are sometimes called "SNFs.")  Covered services include, but are not limited to:	\$0 copayment each day for days 1 to 20. \$184 copayment each day for days 21 to 53. \$0 copayment for additional Medicarecovered days, up to 100 days.	\$225 copayment each day for days 1 to 45. \$0 copayment for additional Medicare-covered days, up to 100 days. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
<ul> <li>□ Meals, including special diets</li> <li>□ Skilled nursing services</li> <li>□ Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech language therapy</li> <li>□ Drugs administered to you as part of your plan of care (This includes substances that are naturally present in the body, such as blood clotting factors.)</li> <li>□ Blood - including storage and administration. Coverage begins with the first pint of blood that you need.</li> <li>□ Medical and surgical supplies ordinarily provided by SNFs</li> <li>□ Laboratory tests ordinarily provided by SNFs</li> <li>□ X-rays and other radiology services ordinarily provided by SNFs</li> <li>□ Use of appliances such as wheelchairs ordinarily provided by SNFs</li> <li>□ Physician/Practitioner services</li> <li>A 3-day prior hospital stay is not required.</li> <li>Generally, you will get your SNF care from network facilities. However, under certain conditions listed below, you may be able to pay in-network costsharing for a facility that isn't a network</li> </ul>	You pay these amounts until you reach the out- of-pocket maximum.  Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.  You are covered for up to 100 days each benefit period for inpatient services in a SNF, in accordance with Medicare guidelines.  A benefit period begins on the first day you go to a Medicare-covered inpatient hospital or a skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you haven't been an inpatient at any hospital or SNF for 60 days in a row. If you go to the hospital (or SNF) after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods you can have.	You are covered for up to 100 days each benefit period for inpatient services in a SNF, in accordance with Medicare guidelines.  A benefit period begins on the first day you go to a Medicare-covered inpatient hospital or a skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you haven't been an inpatient at any hospital or SNF for 60 days in a row. If you go to the hospital (or SNF) after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods you can have.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
provider, if the facility accepts our plan's amounts for payment.  A nursing home or continuing care retirement community where you were living right before you went to the hospital (as long as it provides skilled nursing facility care).  A SNF where your spouse is living at the time you leave the hospital.		
Smoking and Tobacco Use Cessation (Counseling to Stop Smoking or Tobacco Use)  If you use tobacco, we cover two counseling quit attempts within a 12- month period as a preventive service. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered smoking and tobacco use cessation preventive benefits.	40% coinsurance for the Medicare-covered smoking and tobacco use cessation preventive benefits.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
Supervised Exercise Therapy (SET)  SET is covered for members who have symptomatic peripheral artery disease (PAD) and have a referral from the physician responsible for PAD treatment.  Up to 36 sessions over a 12-week period are covered if the SET program requirements are met.  The SET program must:  Consist of sessions lasting 30-60 minutes, comprising of a	\$20 copayment for each Medicare-covered supervised exercise therapy (SET) visit. You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum. Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	40% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered supervised exercise therapy (SET) visit.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
therapeutic exercise-training program for PAD in patients with claudication  Be conducted in a hospital outpatient setting or a physician's office  Be delivered by qualified auxiliary personnel necessary to ensure benefits exceed harms, and who are trained in exercise therapy for PAD  Be under the direct supervision of a physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner/clinical nurse specialist who must be trained in both basic and advanced life support techniques  SET may be covered beyond 36 sessions over 12 weeks for an additional 36 sessions over an extended period of time if deemed medically necessary by a health care provider.		
Routine Transportation  Details of this benefit:  Up to 24 one-way trips, combined in and out-of-network, are covered per calendar year (limited to ground transportation only).	Provided by: LogistiCare® \$0 copayment	75% coinsurance for covered services*

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
You are responsible for any costs over the trip limit both in and out- of-network.		
□ Trips must be to or from plan- approved locations within the plan service area, such as network physicians, medical facilities and pharmacies.		
<ul> <li>Each one-way trip must not exceed 50 miles of driving distance. A trip is one-way transportation; a round trip is 2 trips.</li> </ul>		
□ Transportation services must be requested 72 hours prior to a scheduled appointment.		
<ul> <li>One companion is allowed per trip (companion must be at least 18 years old).</li> </ul>		
<ul><li>□ Trips are curb-to-curb service.</li><li>□ Wheelchair-accessible vans are available upon request.</li></ul>		
<ul> <li>□ Drivers do not have medical training. In case of an emergency, call 911.</li> </ul>		
This benefit does not cover:		
☐ Transportation by stretcher		
☐ Transportation by ambulance		

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
You can get more information by viewing the Vendor Information Sheet at www.myAARPMedicare.com or by calling Customer Service to have a paper copy sent to you.		
Urgently Needed Services  Urgently needed services are provided to treat a non-emergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care.  Urgently needed services may be furnished by network providers or by out-of-network providers when network providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible. Covered services include urgently needed services obtained at a retail walk-in clinic or an urgent care center.  Worldwide coverage for 'urgently needed services' when medical services are needed right away because of an illness, injury, or condition that you did not expect or anticipate, and you can't wait until you are back in our plan's service area to obtain services. Services provided by a dentist are not covered.	\$30 copayment for each vision Care Center or walk-in clinic \$40 copayment for each upon-contracted Urgent Carring the United States.  \$0 copayment for Worldwig needed services received of States. Please see Chapter reimbursement for worldwig You pay these amounts un pocket maximum.	rgently needed visit in a re Center or walk-in clinic de coverage of urgently outside of the United 7 Section 1.1 for expense de services.
Vision Care Covered services include:		

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Outpatient physician services provided by an ophthalmologist or optometrist for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and injuries of the eye, including diagnosis or treatment for age-related macular degeneration or cataracts. Original Medicare doesn't cover routine eye exams (eye refractions) for eyeglasses/contacts.	\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered exam.  Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	\$55 copayment for each Medicare-covered exam.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
☐ For people who are at high risk of glaucoma, we will cover one glaucoma screening each year. People at high risk of glaucoma include: people with a family history of glaucoma, people with diabetes, African-Americans who are age 50 and older, and Hispanic Americans who are 65 or older.	\$0 copayment for Medicare-covered glaucoma screening.	\$55 copayment for Medicare-covered glaucoma screening.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
<ul> <li>□ For people with diabetes or signs and symptoms of eye disease, eye exams to evaluate for eye disease are covered per Medicare guidelines. Annual examinations by an ophthalmologist or optometrist are recommended for asymptomatic diabetics.</li> <li>□ For people with diabetes, screening for diabetic retinopathy is covered once per year.</li> </ul>	\$0 copayment for Medicare-covered eye exams to evaluate for eye disease.  Your provider may need to obtain prior authorization.	\$55 copayment for Medicare-covered eye exams to evaluate for eye disease.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out- of-pocket maximum.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
One pair of eyeglasses or contact lenses after each cataract surgery that includes insertion of an intraocular lens (additional pairs of eyeglasses or contacts are not covered by Medicare). If you have two separate cataract operations, you cannot reserve the benefit after the first surgery and purchase two eyeglasses after the second surgery. Covered eyeglasses after cataract surgery includes standard frames and lenses as defined by Medicare; any upgrades are not covered (including, but not limited to, deluxe frames, tinting, progressive lenses or antireflective coating).	\$0 copayment for one pair of Medicare-covered standard glasses or contact lenses after cataract surgery.	\$55 copayment for one pair of Medicare-covered standard glasses or contact lenses after cataract surgery.+ You pay these amounts until you reach the out-of-pocket maximum.
Additional Routine Eye Exam:  Benefit is combined in and out-of- network.  Limited to 1 routine eye exam every year  Additional Routine Eye Wear:  Benefit is combined in and out-of- network.  Standard lenses and frames, limited to 1 pair of lenses and frames every 2 years or	Additional Routine Eye Exam: Provided by: UnitedHealthcare Vision® or Plan network providers \$0 copayment Additional Routine Eye Wear: Provided by:	Additional Routine Eye Exam:  \$55 copayment, benefits combined in and out-of-network.*  Additional Routine Eye Wear:  \$0 copayment; plan pays up to \$100 allowance for covered eyewear. Homedelivered eyewear available nationwide only through

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
☐ Contact lenses instead of lenses and frames every 2 years  Standard lenses that are covered in full include standard single vision, lined bifocal, lined trifocal, lenticular, and standard progressive lenses.	UnitedHealthcare Vision® \$0 copayment; Receive a \$100 allowance toward your purchase of frames; standard lenses are covered in full	UnitedHealthcare Vision (select products only). You are responsible for all costs for eyewear not purchased from a UnitedHealthcare Vision network provider.
Additional lens options including, but not limited to, Deluxe, Premium or Platinum progressive lenses, blended bifocal, Hi Index, tinting, scratch coating, UV or anti-reflective coating, and polycarbonate are not covered.	or \$0 copayment for up to 8 boxes of contact lenses from a select list (including lenses, fitting and evaluation) or	
Please contact Customer Service for a list of additional options you may purchase for your eyeglass lenses or for the list of select contact lenses.  After Plan paid benefits for eye glasses (lenses and frames) or contact lenses, you are responsible for the cost.	\$0 copayment; receive a \$100 allowance toward your purchase of other contact lenses (fitting and evaluation may be an additional cost)	
Your benefit may not be combined with any in-store promotional offer, such as a 2-for-1 sale or coupon.		
You can view the Vendor Information Sheet at www.myAARPMedicare.com, or call Customer Service to have a paper copy sent to you.		

#### What you must pay What you must pay Services that are covered for you when you get these when you get these services In-Network services Out-of-Network "Welcome to Medicare" There is no coinsurance, 40% coinsurance for the "Welcome to Medicare" **Preventive Visit** copayment, or preventive visit.+ deductible for the The plan covers the one-time "Welcome to Medicare" You pay these amounts "Welcome to Medicare" preventive preventive visit. until you reach the outvisit. The visit includes a review of your of-pocket maximum. There is no coinsurance, health, as well as education and copayment, or counseling about the preventive 40% coinsurance for a deductible for a one-time one-time Medicareservices you need (including certain Medicare-covered EKG screenings and shots), and referrals for covered EKG screening screening if ordered as a other care if needed. Doesn't include if ordered as a result of result of your "Welcome your "Welcome to lab tests, radiological diagnostic tests to Medicare" preventive Medicare" preventive or non-radiological diagnostic tests or visit. Please refer to diagnostic tests. Additional cost share visit.+ Please refer to Outpatient Diagnostic **Outpatient Diagnostic** may apply to any lab or diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Tests and Therapeutic testing performed during your visit, as Services and Supplies Services and Supplies described for each separate service in for other EKG's. for other EKG's. this Medical Benefits Chart. You pay these amounts **Important:** We cover the "Welcome to until you reach the out-Medicare" preventive visit only within of-pocket maximum. the first 12 months you have Medicare Part B. When you make your appointment, let your doctor's office know you would like to schedule your "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit.

+ If you obtain covered services from an out-of-network physician or provider who does not accept Medicare assignment, you will be responsible for the cost sharing shown above, plus any difference between the amount we pay the provider and the Medicare limiting charge. If you obtain durable medical equipment from an out-of-network supplier who does not accept Medicare assignment, the plan will pay based on the billed amount and you will be responsible for the cost sharing shown above.

	What you must pay	What you must pay
Services that are covered for you	when you get these	when you get these
	services In-Network	services Out-of-Network

You can get your care from an out-of-network provider. However, that provider must be eligible to participate in Medicare. We cannot pay a provider who is not eligible to participate in Medicare. You will be responsible for the full cost of the services you receive. Check with your provider before receiving services to confirm that they participate in Medicare.

<sup>\*</sup> Covered services that do not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount.

# In general, preventive and routine dental services are not covered under Original Medicare. Your UnitedHealthcare Supplemental Dental Benefit provides coverage for the dental services described in detail below. Any services not listed below are NOT covered. Benefits received out-of-network are subject to any in-network benefit maximums, limitations and/or exclusions.

- ☐ For assistance finding a provider, please use the dental provider search tool at www.myAARPMedicare.com. You may also call 1-800-643-4845 for help with finding a provider or scheduling a dental appointment.
- □ For all other questions or more information, please call 1-800-643-4845 TTY 711 or visit www.myAARPMedicare.com

## **Annual Maximum: \$500**

**Covered Routine Dental Benefits:** 

After the annual maximum is exhausted, any remaining charges are your responsibility.
For services obtained Out-of-Network the plan only pays up to a certain amount. If you
choose to see an Out-of-Network dentist you might be billed for any amount greater
than what the plan pays.
Generally an out-of-network provider will submit a claim on your behalf. If you are using an
out-of-network provider that does not submit the claim on your behalf and you pay for

UnitedHealthcare ID card for assistance on how to submit your request for reimbursement.

covered services at this provider, please call the number on the back of your

American Dental	Description of	Frequency: How	Criteria and	Copayment
Association	Dental	often	Exclusions:	*If you choose to
(ADA) Codes:	Procedure: Easy	UnitedHealthcare	Conditions under	see an Out-of-
Covered dental	to interpret	will pay for the	which	Network dentist
procedures are	description of the	dental procedure	UnitedHealthcare	you might be
listed by ADA	dental procedure		would pay for	billed for charges
code. These	code		this procedure	above what the
codes are used			and situations	plan pays, even
by dentists to			where	for services listed
submit dental			UnitedHealthcare	as \$0 copayment
claims.			would NOT pay	
Categories			for the procedure	

provide easy				
reference.				
Exams	D .::	  -		Φ0.*
D0120	Routine periodic	Two procedures	Covers periodic,	\$0*
	exam completed	per plan year	limited,	
	during check-up		comprehensive,	*
D0140	Limited exam to	One procedure	and detailed/	\$0*
	evaluate a	per plan year	extensive oral	
	problem		exams. Does not	
D0150	Comprehensive	One procedure	cover periodontal	\$0*
	exam (for a new	every three plan	exams separate	
	patient, or an	years	from periodic,	
	established		limited, or	
	patient after 3 or		comprehensive	
	more years of		exams. Only one	
	inactivity from		exam code	
	dental treatment)		covered per	
			appointment.	
X-Rays			,	
D0210	Full-mouth/	One procedure	Covers intraoral	\$0*
	Complete x-ray	every three plan	complete series	
	set for evaluation	years	of radiographs.	
	of the teeth and		Does not cover	
	mouth		CTs,	
			cephalograms, or	
			MRIs.	
D0220, D0230	X-rays for closer	Unlimited per	Covers periapical	\$0*
	evaluation	plan year	x-rays. Does not	
	around the roots		cover CTs,	
	of teeth		cephalograms, or	
			MRIs. Not	
			covered on the	
			same day as	
			intraoral	
			complete series	

			of radiographs (D0210).	
D0270, D0272, D0273, D0274, D0277	Bitewing x-rays for evaluation of the teeth and bone	One procedure per plan year	Not covered in the same year as a full mouth set of x-rays (D0210)	\$0*
D0330	Panoramic x-ray for evaluation of the teeth and mouth	One procedure every three plan years	Covers panoramic radiographs. Does not cover CTs, cephalograms, or MRIs.	\$0*
Cleanings				
D1110	Standard adult dental cleaning	Two procedures per plan year	Covers adult prophylaxis. Not covered on the same day as D4910 or D4355.	\$0*
D4910	Routine dental cleaning for an adult who has documented history of gum disease	Three procedures per plan year	Covers periodontal maintenance. Only covered with history of scaling and root planing (deep cleaning) or periodontal surgery.	<b>\$</b> 0*
Other Preventive	Services	•		
D1206, D1208	Fluoride	Two procedures per plan year	Covers topical application of fluoride (either varnish or	\$0*

			excluding	
			varnish).	<b>.</b>
D1310	Nutritional	One procedure	Covers	\$0*
	Counseling	per plan year	counseling on	
			dietary habits as	
			a part of	
			treatment and	
			control of gum	
			disease and/or	
			cavities.	
D1354	Application of	Unlimited per	Covers	\$0*
	medication to a	plan year	application of	
	tooth to stop or		interim caries	
	inhibit cavity		arresting	
	formation		medicament-per	
			tooth to a non-	
			symptomatic	
			carious tooth.	
Fillings				
D2140, D2150,	Metal or tooth-	Unlimited per	Covers amalgam	\$0*
D2160, D2161,	colored fillings	plan year	and resin-based	
D2330, D2331,	placed directly		composite	
D2332, D2335,	into the mouth		fillings. Does not	
D2391, D2392,	on front, middle		cover gold foil	
D2393, D2394,	or back teeth.		fillings, sealants,	
D2940			or preventive	
			resin	
			restorations.	
D3110, D3120	Medicine placed	Unlimited per	Covers pulp	\$0*
	under fillings to	plan year	capping for an	
	promote pulp		exposed or	
	healing		nearly exposed	
			pulp. Does not	
			cover bases and	
			liners when all	

			caries has been removed.	
Nitrous Oxide				
D9230	Nitrous Oxide	Unlimited per plan year	Covered to manage dental anxiety when clinically necessary.	\$0*

#### **Exclusions:**

- 1. Services performed by an out-of-network dentist if your plan does not have out-of-network coverage.
- 2. Dental services that are not necessary.
- 3. Hospitalization or other facility charges.
- 4. Any dental procedure performed solely for cosmetic and/or aesthetic reasons.
- 5. Any dental procedure not directly associated with a dental disease.
- 6. Any procedure not performed in a dental setting.
- 7. Reconstructive surgery of any type, including reconstructive surgery related to a dental disease, injury, or congenital anomaly.
- 8. Procedures that are considered experimental, investigational or unproven. This includes pharmacological regimens not accepted by the American Dental Association Council on dental therapeutics. The fact that an experimental, investigational or unproven service, treatment, device or pharmacological regimen is the only available treatment for a particular condition will not result in coverage if the procedure is considered to be experimental, investigational or unproven in the treatment of that particular condition.
- 9. Service for injuries or conditions covered by workmen's compensation or employer liability laws, and services that are provided without cost to the covered persons by any municipality, county, or other political subdivision. This exclusion does NOT apply to any services covered by Medicaid or Medicare.
- 10. Expenses for dental procedures begun prior to the covered person's eligibility with the plan.
- 11. Dental services rendered (including otherwise covered dental services) after the date on which individual coverage under the policy terminates, including dental services for dental conditions arising prior to the date on which individual coverage under the policy terminates.
- 12. Services rendered by a provider with the same legal residence as a covered person or who is a member of a covered person's family, including a spouse, brother, sister, parent or child.

- 13. Charges for failure to keep a scheduled appointment without giving the dental office 24 hours notice.
- 14. Any services not listed above are not covered.

**Disclaimer:** Treatment plans and recommended dental procedures may vary. Talk to your dentist about treatment options, risks, benefits, and fees. CDT code changes are issued annually by the American Dental Association. Procedure codes may be altered during the plan year in accordance with discontinuation of certain dental codes.

# Section 2.2 Extra "optional supplemental" benefits you can buy

Our plan offers some extra benefits that are not covered by Original Medicare and not included in your benefits package as a plan member. These extra benefits are called "**Optional Supplemental Benefits.**" If you want these optional supplemental benefits, you must sign up for them and you may have to pay an additional premium for them. The optional supplemental benefits described in this section are subject to the same appeals process as any other benefits.

## Adding Optional Supplemental Benefits to your plan

You must be enrolled in the plan in order to purchase an Optional Supplemental Rider. Purchasing an Optional Supplemental Rider is optional. You can purchase the rider at the time you enroll in your plan or within 3 months after the effective date of your plan.

# **Enrolling in Optional Supplemental Benefits**

To enroll in an Optional Supplemental Rider, call Customer Service at the number listed on the cover. In general, completed requests to elect an Optional Supplemental Rider received by the last day of the month will be effective the first day of the following month.

# Disenrolling from an Optional Supplemental Plan

If you wish to disenroll from an Optional Supplemental Rider, you may call Customer Service at the number listed on the cover.

Optional Supplemental Rider disenrollment requests received by the last day of the month will be effective the first day of the following month. Members will be responsible for their Optional Supplemental Rider premium payment for the following month if the disenrollment request is received after the last day of the current month. Disenrollment from an Optional Supplemental Rider will not result in disenrollment from your health plan.

Non-payment of plan premiums for an Optional Supplemental Rider will not result in disenrollment from your health plan, only the loss of the Optional Supplemental Rider and your return to the basic benefit plan.

If you have a procedure in progress at the time of your termination of your Rider, your Dental Office will complete the procedure. If we cancel your Dental Office's contract, or if your Dental Office cancels their contract with us, it will be our responsibility to see that you receive your Dental Benefits at another Dental Office.

#### **Refund of Premium**

Members enrolled in an Optional Supplemental Plan have a monthly plan premium and are entitled to a refund for any overpayments of plan premiums made during the course of the year or at the time of disenrollment. Overpayments of Optional Supplemental Plan premiums will be refunded as necessary or upon request or disenrollment. We will refund any overpayments within 30 business days of notification. We may apply your overpayment of Optional Supplemental benefit plan premiums to your monthly health plan premiums, if any.

The Optional Supplemental Rider coverage described below is only offered to members who have bought it with their plan. If you have not already bought this Optional Supplemental Rider

and you would like to have it, you should call the Customer Service number listed on the back cover of this booklet. You can purchase the Rider at the time you enroll in your plan or within 3 months after the effective date of your plan.

#### Platinum Dental Rider

#### Introducing the Platinum Dental Rider

We know that having choices in selecting extra health care benefits is important to you. The Platinum Dental Rider is an optional supplemental benefit package beyond that which is required by Medicare. It is offered to you for a monthly plan premium of \$38.00. This is in addition to any plan premium you may have for your Medicare Advantage plan. These optional supplemental benefits include preventive, diagnostic, basic and major dental services. **The optional supplemental benefits cannot be combined with any other dental benefits that may be offered on your plan.** 

If you have additional questions about the Platinum Dental Rider, please call the Customer Service number listed on the back cover of this booklet.

#### **Platinum Dental Rider Benefits**

With this plan, you get preventive services, including x-rays, routine cleanings and check-ups. You are also covered for certain basic and major dental services.

#### **How to Choose a Network Dentist**

There are a few ways to find a network dentist. You may visit UHCMedicareDentistSearch.com to perform a dental provider search or you can select a network dentist from the Dental section (not medical section) of the printed Provider Directory. Please call Customer Service at the number listed on the back cover if you need a Provider Directory sent to you or need help locating a participating dentist. The network dentist will provide most services either directly or through a licensed dental hygienist. Seeing a Dentist who practices a Dental Specialty within the network does not require a referral from your General Dentist for purposes of your plan, but we encourage you to consult him/her first.

We are **not** responsible for the availability or ongoing participation of any network dentist. Buying this Rider does not guarantee that you will get any given dental services from any particular dentist. If you are using a network dentist, always confirm the dentist's participation in the network prior to receiving care. If we cancel a network dentist's contract, or if a network dentist cancels his/her contract with us, you have the freedom to choose another network dentist for your care.

Only dental services listed in the chart below will be covered under this Platinum Dental Rider. You must pay all fees for non-covered services to the dentist at the time of service. It is your responsibility to understand your dental coverage and use your dental benefits appropriately. Network dentists may ask you to sign an informed consent document detailing the risks, dental benefits, costs and alternatives to all recommended treatments. You may request a pre-determination that will provide you with the details and costs. In the performance of recommended dental treatments, outcomes cannot always be accurately predicted.

Sometimes, during a specific procedure, an immediate change in treatment may be required. In these instances, the network dentist must make a judgment with regard to continuing care that is in your best interest. Following the procedure, it is the obligation of the network dentist to explain in detail why these changes in treatment were required and to explain the differences in costs to you, if any.

#### Making an Appointment with an In-Network Dentist

Once you have selected a network dentist, you can make an appointment by calling that dental office directly. If you have any questions regarding office location, office hours, or emergency hours, please call your selected dental office or call Customer Service. There is also information available (such as typical office hours) when you locate your dentist using www.UHCMedicareDentistSearch.com.

#### **Using an Out-of-Network Dentist**

You may also choose to see an Out-of-Network dentist for covered dental services. When you receive your covered dental services from an Out-of-Network dentist, the plan pays up to a certain amount for each covered service. Out-of-Network dentists are not contracted to accept the plans payment as payment in full. Therefore, if you choose to see an Out-of-Network dentist, you might be billed for charges above the amount that the plan pays, even for services that are \$0 copayment.

# **Platinum Dental Rider Claims Processing**

When you have covered dental services performed at an In-Network dentist, the dentist will submit the claim on your behalf. When you see an Out-of-Network dentist, often the dentist will submit a claim on your behalf. If the dentist does not submit the claim, then you should send us a copy of your bill marked "paid." We will reimburse you for the covered dental services. Make sure that the bill includes the dentist's name, address, phone number, and the itemized services with ADA codes and charges, the date of service, along with your name, address, and phone number. A claim from either the dentist or a copy of your paid bill should be sent to us within 90 days after the date of service, or as soon as reasonably possible.

We will not reduce or deny a claim for failure to send such proof within the time required, provided a claim is sent as soon as reasonably possible. Except where legally required, we will not accept a claim more than 1 year from the date of service.

#### Send Dental Claims to:

P O Box 30567 Salt Lake City, UT 84130-0567

#### **Platinum Dental Rider Covered Dental Services**

Covered dental services are subject to the limitations and exclusions described in this Dental Rider. Dental Services described in this section are Covered Dental Services when such services are:

□ Provided by or under the direction of a licensed dentist or other appropriate provider a specifically described; and	ıS
<ul><li>□ Not excluded as described in this Rider.</li><li>□ No waiting periods apply to covered services</li></ul>	

# **Covered Routine Dental Benefits:**

In general, preventive and routine dental services are not covered under Original Medicare.
Your UnitedHealthcare Supplemental Dental Benefit provides coverage for the dental
services described in detail below.
Any services not listed below are NOT covered.
Benefits received out-of-network are subject to any in-network benefit maximums, limitations and/or exclusions.
For assistance finding a provider, please use the dental provider search tool at www.UHCMedicareDentistSearch.com. You may also call 1-800-643-4845 for help with finding a provider or scheduling a dental appointment.
For all other questions or more information, please call 1-800-643-4845 TTY 711 or visit www.myAARPMedicare.com

# **Ann**

านส	al Maximum: \$1,500
	After the annual maximum is exhausted, any remaining charges are your responsibility.
	For services obtained Out-of-Network the plan only pays up to a certain amount. If you
	choose to see an Out-of-Network dentist you might be billed for any amount greater than
	what the plan pays.
	Generally an out-of-network provider will submit a claim on your behalf. If you are using an
	out-of-network provider that does not submit the claim on your behalf and you pay for
	covered services at this provider, please call the number on the back of your
	UnitedHealthcare ID card for assistance on how to submit your request for reimbursement.

American Dental	Description of	Frequency: How	Criteria and	Copayment or	
Association	Dental	often	Exclusions:	Co-Insurance	
(ADA) Codes:	Procedure: Easy	UnitedHealthcare	Conditions under	*If you choose to	
Covered dental	to interpret	will pay for the	which	see an Out-of-	
procedures are	description of the	dental procedure	UnitedHealthcare	Network dentist	
listed by ADA	dental procedure		would pay for	you might be	
code. These	code		this procedure	billed for charges	
codes are used			and situations	above what the	
by dentists to			where	plan pays, even	
submit dental			UnitedHealthcare	for services listed	
claims.			would NOT pay	as \$0 copayment	
Categories			for the procedure		
provide easy					
reference.					
Exams					

D0120	Routine periodic exam completed	Two procedures per plan year	Covers periodic, limited,	\$0*
	during check-up		comprehensive,	
D0140	Limited exam to evaluate a problem	One procedure per plan year	and detailed/ extensive oral exams. Does not	\$0*
D0150	Comprehensive exam (for a new patient, or an established patient after 3 or more years of inactivity from dental treatment)	One procedure every three plan years	cover periodontal exams separate from periodic, limited, or comprehensive exams. Only one exam code covered per	\$0*
D0160	Detailed and extensive problem focused exam	One procedure per plan year	appointment.	\$0*
X-Rays				
D0210	Full-mouth/ Complete x-ray set for evaluation of the teeth and mouth	One procedure every three plan years	Covers intraoral complete series of radiographs. Does not cover CTs, cephalograms, or MRIs.	\$0*
D0220, D0230	X-rays for closer evaluation around the roots of teeth	Unlimited per plan year	Covers periapical x-rays. Does not cover CTs, cephalograms, or MRIs. Not covered on the same day as intraoral complete series of radiographs (D0210).	\$0*
D0270, D0272, D0273, D0274, D0277	Bitewing x-rays for evaluation of the teeth and bone	One procedure per plan year	Not covered in the same year as a full mouth set of x-rays (D0210).	\$0*

D0330	Panoramic x-ray for evaluation of the teeth and mouth	One procedure every three plan years	Covers panoramic radiographs. Does not cover CTs, cephalograms, or MRIs.	\$0*
Cleanings				
D1110	Standard adult dental cleaning	Two procedures per plan year	Covers adult prophylaxis. Not covered on the same day as D4910 or D4355.	\$0*
D4910	Routine dental cleaning for an adult who has documented history of gum disease	Three procedures per plan year	Covers periodontal maintenance. Only covered with history of scaling and root planing (deep cleaning) or periodontal surgery.	\$0*
Other Preventive	Services		, ,	
D1206, D1208	Fluoride	Two procedures per plan year	Covers topical application of fluoride (either varnish or excluding varnish).	\$0*
D1310	Nutritional Counseling	One procedure per plan year	Covers counseling on dietary habits as a part of treatment and control of gum disease and/or cavities.	\$0*
D1354	Application of medication to a tooth to stop or	Unlimited per plan year	Covers application of interim caries	\$0*

	inhihit oqvity		arrecting	
	inhibit cavity formation		arresting medicament-per	
	TOTTIALIOTT		tooth to a non-	
			symptomatic	
Fillings			carious tooth.	
Fillings	Matalanta	I believite al men	0	Φ0.*
D2140, D2150,	Metal or tooth-	Unlimited per	Covers amalgam	\$0*
D2160, D2161,	colored fillings	plan year	and resin-based	
D2330, D2331,	placed directly		composite	
D2332, D2335,	into the mouth		fillings. Does not	
D2391, D2392,	on front, middle		cover gold foil	
D2393, D2394,	or back teeth.		fillings, sealants,	
D2940			or preventive	
			resin	
			restorations.	
D3110, D3120	Medicine placed	Unlimited per	Covers pulp	\$0*
	under fillings to	plan year	capping for an	
	promote pulp		exposed or	
	healing		nearly exposed	
			pulp. Does not	
			cover bases and	
			liners when all	
			caries has been	
			removed.	
Crowns, Inlays, a	nd Onlays			
D2510, D2520,	Cap (crown) or	One procedure	Covered when	50%*
D2530, D2542,	partial crown	per tooth every	there is extensive	
D2543, D2544,	called an inlay or	five plan years	decay or	
D2610, D2620,	onlay - made of	. ,	destruction of the	
D2630, D2642,	metal, porcelain/		tooth where the	
D2643, D2644,	ceramic,		tooth cannot be	
D2740, D2750,	porcelain fused		fixed with only a	
D2751, D2752,	to metal, or		filling. Does not	
D2790, D2791,	titanium. Made		cover crowns for	
D2792, D2794	outside the		cosmetic	
	mouth and then		reasons or for	
	placed into the		closing gaps.	
	mouth.		Veneers are not	
			covered. Implant	
			crowns are not	
			covered. Does	

			not cover "3/4"	
			crowns.	
Other Restorative	Services			
D2920	Recementing a crown that has fallen off	Unlimited per plan year	Only covered for a tooth with an existing crown. Not covered for cementing a new crown the day of delivery.	50%*
D2949	Small filling needed prior to fitting a tooth with a crown	One procedure per tooth every five plan years	Has to be performed together with a crown.	50%*
D2950	Filling or pins placed when preparing a tooth for a crown	One procedure per tooth every five plan years		50%*
D2952, D2953, D2954, D2957	Buildup of filling around a post to prepare the tooth for a crown	One D2952 and D2953, or one D2954 and D2957 per tooth every five plan years	Has to be performed together with a crown. Tooth also has to have had root canal treatment. Covers both indirectly fabricated and prefabricated posts and cores.	50%*
<b>Root Canals (End</b>	odontic Services)			
D3310, D3320, D3330, D3346, D3347, D3348	Root canal treatment for a front, middle, or back tooth (excluding filling or crown needed after the root canal)	One initial root canal procedure (D3310, D3320, or D3330) and one retreatment procedure (D3346, D3347, or D3348) per tooth per lifetime of the member	This is a root canal performed on a tooth for the first time or as retreatment to a tooth that had a root canal completed previously. Does not include root	50%*

			canals performed from the root tip by access through the gums, incomplete root canal treatment, or internal root repair of perforation defects.	
Scaling and Root			I	
D4341	Deep cleaning for 4 or more teeth in a mouth quadrant	One procedure per quadrant every two plan years, not to exceed four unique quadrants every two plan years	Covered when bone loss is shown on the x-rays in addition to recorded tartar buildup and pocketing of the gums sufficient to warrant deep	50%*
D4342	Deep cleaning for 1-3 teeth in a mouth quadrant	One procedure per quadrant every two plan years, not to exceed four unique quadrants every two plan years	cleaning.	50%*
D4355	Cleaning buildup off the teeth to allow for proper visibility of the teeth for examination	One procedure every three plan years	Used when there is extensive buildup that needs to be removed in order to perform an exam. Cannot be performed same day as a dental cleaning	50%*

			(D1110 or D4910).	
D4381	Medicine applied to gum space around a tooth (per tooth) for management of gum disease	Unlimited per plan year	Cannot be used same day as scaling and root planing (D4341 or D4342).	50%*
Complete Dentur	es			
D5110	Complete upper denture	One procedure every five plan years	Denture covered when there are no erupted teeth	50%*
D5120	Complete lower denture	One procedure every five plan years	remaining in the mouth.	50%*
D5130	Complete upper denture delivered at the time of extracting remaining upper teeth	One procedure per lifetime of member		50%*
D5140	Complete lower denture delivered at the time of extraction of remaining lower teeth	One procedure per lifetime of member		50%*
Partials (Remova	ble Partial Dentures	5)		
D5211	Upper partial denture - resin base	One procedure every five plan years	Partial denture covered when remaining/	50%*
D5212	Lower partial denture - resin base	One procedure every five plan years	supporting teeth are free of cavities and have	50%*
D5213	Upper partial dentures - cast metal framework with resin denture bases	One procedure every five plan years	good bone to support the partial denture. Includes retentive/	50%*

	er partial		clasping	
	<i>i</i> er partial - I			F00/ *
1 1 1	· ·	One procedure	materials, rests	50%*
	ture - cast	every five plan	and teeth.	
	al framework	years		
	resin			
	ture base			
	per partial	One procedure		50%*
	ture delivered	every five plan		
	ne time of	years		
extra	actions - resin			
base				
	er partial	One procedure		50%*
	ture delivered	every five plan		
	ne time of	years		
extra	actions - resin			
base			_	
	per partial	One procedure		50%*
dent	ture - flexible	every five plan		
base	e	years		
D5226 Low	er partial	One procedure		50%*
dent	ture - flexible	every five plan		
base	e	years		
Adjustments and Repa	irs for Comple	te Dentures		
	nture	Two of each type	Covers	50%*
	ustments or	of procedure per	adjustments,	0070
tissu		denture per plan	relines, repairs,	
	ditioning for	year	tissue	
	nplete upper	you	conditioning, and	
	/or lower		replacing of	
dent	·		missing or	
	pairs and	One of each type	broken teeth for	50%*
	nes for broken	of procedure per	complete	0070
, , ,	plete upper	denture per plan	dentures.	
	/or lower	year	Cannot be billed	
1 '	tures	, - <del></del>	within 6 months	
			of delivery of the	
			new denture.	
Adjustments and Repa	airs for Partial [	Dentures		

D5421, D5422	Adjustment of upper and/or lower partial denture	Two procedures per denture per plan year	Covers partial denture adjustments and relines. Covers	50%*
D5611, D5612, D5621, D5622, D5630, D5640, D5650, D5660, D5740, D5741, D5760, D5761	Repair or reline for upper and/or lower partial denture	One procedure of each procedure type per partial denture per plan year	repairs to framework of the partial denture, repair or replacement of missing or broken partial denture teeth, and addition of clasps or denture teeth to an existing partial denture. Cannot be billed within 6 months of delivery of the new partial denture.	50%*
Bridges				
D6210, D6211, D6212, D6214, D6240, D6241, D6242, D6245	Part of the bridge that is the fake tooth replacing the missing tooth (the pontic)	One procedure per tooth every five plan years	Can only be used to replace a missing tooth. Covers bridges made of porcelain/ ceramic; porcelain fused to high noble, predominately base, or noble metal; full cast high noble, predominately base, or noble metal; and titanium. Does not cover any part of an implant	50%*

			supported	
			bridge.	
D6740, D6750,	Crowns that are	One procedure	Only covers	50%*
D6751, D6752,	placed on teeth	per tooth every	crowns that are	
D6790, D6791,	supporting the	five plan years	part of a bridge.	
D6792, D6794,	bridge (retainer		Does not support	
	crowns)		any part of an	
			implant	
			supported	
			bridge.	
D6930	Re-cementing a	Unlimited per	Does not cover	50%*
	bridge that has	plan year	cementing a	
	fallen off		bridge on the day	
			of initial bridge	
			delivery.	
Extractions and C	ral Surgery Proced	ures		
D7111, D7140,	Extractions	One procedure	Covers extraction	50%*
D7210, D7250		per tooth per	of erupted	
		lifetime of the	permanent teeth,	
		member	exposed tooth	
			roots, and	
			remnants of	
			primary teeth.	
			Covers surgical	
			extraction of	
			erupted teeth or	
			exposed tooth	
			roots. Does not	
			cover extraction	
			of impacted	
			(unerupted)	
			teeth.	
D7310, D7311,	Reshaping of the	One procedure	Covers	50%*
D7320, D7321	bone that	per quadrant per	alveoloplasty	
	surrounds the	plan year, up to	either in	
	teeth or tooth	four procedures	conjunction with	
	spaces	on different/	or not in	
		unique	conjunction with	
		quadrants per	extractions.	
		plan year		

D7510, D7511	Surgical drainage of an abscess	Unlimited per plan year	Covers incision and drainage of an abscess through soft tissue in the mouth (intraoral). Does not cover incision and drainage through the skin outside the mouth (extraoral).	50%*
<b>Emergency Treat</b>	ment of Pain and O	ther		
D9110	Minor procedure for emergency treatment of dental pain	Unlimited per plan year	Covered for an urgent or emergent visit only.	50%*
D9910	Application of desensitizing agent to a tooth or teeth	Unlimited per plan year	Covered once per visit. Does not cover bases, liners or adhesives used under restorations.	50%*
Nitrous Oxide and	d Sedation			
D9219	Evaluation for sedation or general anesthesia	Unlimited per plan year	Covers administration of, evaluation for, and monitoring	50%*
D9222, D9223	Deep Sedation/ General Anesthesia	Unlimited per plan year	for intravenous moderate (conscious)	50%*
D9230	Nitrous Oxide	Unlimited per plan year	sedation/ analgesia, deep	\$0*
D9239, D9243	IV sedation	Unlimited per plan year	sedation/general anesthesia, and nitrous oxide/ analgesia - anxiolysis. Medications used for these procedures is considered	50%*

Culinto			included in the procedure code and cannot be billed for separately.	
Splints D7880	Splint used to treat the TMJ	One procedure every three plan years	Covers occlusal orthotic devices provided for treatment of TMJ dysfunction.	50%*
D9943	Adjustment of occlusal guard	Two procedures per plan year	Not covered within 6 months of occlusal guard delivery.	50%*
D9944	Top or bottom, full-arch hard occlusal guard	One procedure every three plan years	Only covered in association with documented tooth clenching or grinding. Does not cover any type of sleep apnea, snoring or TMD appliances.	50%*

Platinum Dental Rider Organization Determination, Appeal and Grievance Procedures If you wish to file an appeal or grievance, please see the Appeals and Grievance process outlined in your Plan's Evidence of Coverage.

General Provisions for Platinum Dental Rider Services Dentists are Independent Agents We do not undertake to directly furnish any health care services. Our obligations are limited to the payment for health care service provided to you by dentists who are independent agents.

#### **Dental Records**

We shall have access to your dental and treatment records to determine benefits, process claims, utilization review, quality assurance, financial audit, or for any other purpose reasonably related to covered dental services. You shall complete and submit to us such additional consents, releases and other documents as may be requested in order to determine or provide benefits. We reserve the right to reject or suspend a claim based on lack of supporting dental information or records.

#### **Recovery of Payments**

We reserve the right to deduct from any benefits properly payable under the Platinum Dental Rider the amount of any payment that has been made:

- 1. In error
- 2. Due to a misstatement contained in a claim
- 3. Due to a misstatement made to get coverage
- 4. With respect to an ineligible person; this deduction may be made against any claim for benefits under the Dental Rider by you if such payment is made with respect to you. No request for a refund of all or a portion of a payment of a claim to you or to a dentist will be made after 24 months from the claim payment date. The only exceptions to this are when the payment was made because of fraud committed by you or the dentist, or if you or the dentist has otherwise agreed to make a refund for overpayment of a claim.

#### **Discharge of Liability**

Any payment made in accordance with the provisions of the Dental Rider shall fully discharge our liability to the extent of such payment.

#### **Exclusions:**

- 1. Services performed by an out-of-network dentist if your plan does not have out-of-network coverage.
- 2. Dental services that are not necessary.
- 3. Hospitalization or other facility charges.
- 4. Any dental procedure performed solely for cosmetic and/or aesthetic reasons.
- 5. Any dental procedure not directly associated with a dental disease.
- 6. Any procedure not performed in a dental setting.
- 7. Reconstructive surgery of any type, including reconstructive surgery related to a dental disease, injury, or congenital anomaly.
- 8. Procedures that are considered experimental, investigational or unproven. This includes pharmacological regimens not accepted by the American Dental Association Council on dental therapeutics. The fact that an experimental, investigational or unproven service, treatment, device or pharmacological regimen is the only available treatment for a particular condition will not result in coverage if the procedure is considered to be experimental, investigational or unproven in the treatment of that particular condition.
- 9. Service for injuries or conditions covered by workmen's compensation or employer liability laws, and services that are provided without cost to the covered persons by any municipality, county, or other political subdivision. This exclusion does NOT apply to any services covered by Medicaid or Medicare.
- 10. Expenses for dental procedures begun prior to the covered person's eligibility with the plan.
- 11. Dental services rendered (including otherwise covered dental services) after the date on which individual coverage under the policy terminates, including dental services for dental

- conditions arising prior to the date on which individual coverage under the policy terminates.
- 12. Services rendered by a provider with the same legal residence as a covered person or who is a member of a covered person's family, including a spouse, brother, sister, parent or child.
- 13. Charges for failure to keep a scheduled appointment without giving the dental office 24 hours notice.
- 14. Any services not listed above are not covered.

**Disclaimer:** Treatment plans and recommended dental procedures may vary. Talk to your dentist about treatment options, risks, benefits, and fees. CDT code changes are issued annually by the American Dental Association. Procedure codes may be altered during the plan year in accordance with discontinuation of certain dental codes.

## SECTION 3 What services are not covered by the plan?

#### Section 3.1 Services we do not cover (exclusions)

This section tells you what services are "excluded" from Medicare coverage and therefore, are not covered by this plan. If a service is "excluded," it means that this plan doesn't cover the service.

The chart below lists services and items that either are not covered under any condition or are covered only under specific conditions.

If you get services that are excluded (not covered), you must pay for them yourself. We won't pay for the excluded medical services listed in the chart below except under the specific conditions listed. The only exception: we will pay if a service in the chart below is found upon appeal to be a medical service that we should have paid for or covered because of your specific situation. (For information about appealing a decision we have made to not cover a medical service, go to Chapter 9, Section 5.3 in this booklet.)

All exclusions or limitations on services are described in the Benefits Chart or in the chart below. Even if you receive the excluded services at an emergency facility, the excluded services are still not covered and our plan will not pay for them.

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Services considered not reasonable and necessary, according to the standards of Original Medicare.	✓	
Experimental medical and surgical procedures, equipment and medications.		✓ May be covered by Original Medicare under a Medicare-

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Experimental procedures and items are those items and procedures determined by our plan and Original Medicare to not be generally accepted by the medical community.		approved clinical research study or by our plan. (See Chapter 3, Section 5 for more information on clinical research studies.)
Private room in a hospital.		Covered only when medically necessary.
Personal items in your room at a hospital or a skilled nursing facility, such as a telephone or a television.	✓	
Full-time nursing care in your home.	✓	
Custodial care is care provided in a nursing home, hospice, or other facility setting when you do not require skilled medical care or skilled nursing care. Custodial care is personal care that does not require the continuing attention of trained medical or paramedical personnel, such as care that helps you with activities of daily living, such as bathing or dressing.		
Homemaker services include basic household assistance, including light housekeeping or light meal preparation.	✓	
Fees charged for care by your immediate relatives or members of your household.	✓	

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Cosmetic surgery or procedures.		<ul> <li>✓</li> <li>Covered in cases of an accidental injury or for improvement of the functioning of a malformed body member.</li> <li>Covered for all stages of reconstruction for a breast after a mastectomy, as well as for the unaffected breast to produce a symmetrical appearance.</li> </ul>
Chiropractic Services (Medicare-covered)		Manual manipulation of the spine to correct a subluxation is covered. Excluded from Medicare coverage is any service other than manual manipulation of the spine for the treatment of subluxation.
Home-Delivered Meals.	✓	
Orthopedic shoes.		If shoes are part of a leg brace and are included in the cost of the brace, or the shoes are for a person with diabetic foot disease.  (As specifically described in the Medical Benefits Chart in this chapter.)
Supportive devices for the feet.		Orthopedic or therapeutic shoes for people with diabetic foot disease.
Outpatient prescription drugs.		Some coverage provided according to Medicare guidelines.

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
		(As specifically described in the Medical Benefits Chart in this chapter or as outlined in Chapter 6.)
Elective hysterectomy, tubal ligation, or vasectomy, if the primary indication for these procedures is sterilization. Reversal of sterilization procedures, penile vacuum erection devices, or non-prescription contraceptive supplies.	✓	
Acupuncture.		(As specifically described in the Medical Benefits Chart in this chapter.)
Naturopath services (uses natural or alternative treatments).	<b>√</b>	
Paramedic intercept service (advanced life support provided by an emergency service entity, such as a paramedic services unit, which do not provide ambulance transport)		Services are only covered when the ambulance pick-up address is located in rural New York and applicable conditions are met.  Members are responsible for all paramedic intercept service costs that occur outside of rural New York.
Optional, additional, or deluxe features or accessories to durable medical equipment, corrective appliances or prosthetics which are primarily for the comfort or convenience of the member, or for ambulation primarily in the community, including but not	<b>√</b>	

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
limited to home and car remodeling or modification, and exercise equipment.		
Immunizations for foreign travel purposes.	✓	
Requests for payment (asking the plan to pay its share of the costs) for covered drugs sent after 36 months of getting your prescription filled.	<b>√</b>	
Equipment or supplies that condition the air, heating pads, hot water bottles, wigs, and their care, support stockings and other primarily non-medical equipment.	<b>√</b>	
Any non-emergency care received outside of the United States and the U.S. Territories.	<b>√</b>	
For transplants: items not covered include, but are not limited to the below.	✓	
For transportation:  Vehicle rental, purchase, or maintenance/repairs  Auto clubs (roadside assistance)  Gas  Travel by air or ground ambulance (may be covered under your medical benefit).  Air or ground travel not related to medical appointments		

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
☐ Parking fees incurred other than at lodging or hospital		
For lodging:  Deposits Utilities (if billed separate from the rent payment) Phone calls, newspapers, movie rentals and gift cards Expenses for lodging when staying with a relative or friend Meals		

We regularly review new procedures, devices and drugs to determine whether or not they are safe and effective for members. New procedures and technology that are safe and effective are eligible to become covered services. If the technology becomes a covered service, it will be subject to all other terms and conditions of the plan, including medical necessity and any applicable member copayments, coinsurance, deductibles or other payment contributions.

In determining whether to cover a service, we use proprietary technology guidelines to review new devices, procedures and drugs, including those related to behavioral/mental health. When clinical necessity requires a rapid determination of the safe and effective use of a new technology or new application of an existing technology for an individual member, one of our medical directors makes a medical necessity determination based on individual member medical documentation, review of published scientific evidence, and, when appropriate, relevant specialty or professional opinion from an individual who has expertise in the technology.

# Chapter 5

Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs

## **Chapter 5**

## Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs

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#### Did you know there are programs to help people pay for their drugs?

The "Extra Help" program helps people with limited resources pay for their drugs. For more information, see Chapter 2, Section 7.

#### Are you currently getting help to pay for your drugs?

If you are in a program that helps pay for your drugs, **some information in this Evidence of Coverage about the costs for Part D prescription drugs may not apply to you**. We sent you a separate insert, called the "Evidence of Coverage Rider for People Who Get Extra Help Paying for Prescription Drugs" (also known as the "Low Income Subsidy Rider" or the "LIS Rider"), which tells you about your drug coverage. If you don't have this insert, please call Customer Service and ask for the "LIS Rider." (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

#### SECTION 1 Introduction

#### Section 1.1 This chapter describes your coverage for Part D drugs

This chapter **explains rules for using your coverage for Part D drugs**. The next chapter tells what you pay for Part D drugs (Chapter 6, **What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs**).

In addition to your coverage for Part D drugs, the plan also covers some drugs under the plan's medical benefits. Through its coverage of Medicare Part A benefits, our plan generally covers drugs you are given during covered stays in the hospital or in a skilled nursing facility. Through its coverage of Medicare Part B benefits, our plan covers drugs including certain chemotherapy drugs, certain drug injections you are given during an office visit, and drugs you are given at a dialysis facility. Chapter 4 (Medical Benefits Chart, what is covered and what you pay) tells about the benefits and costs for drugs during a covered hospital or skilled nursing facility stay, as well as your benefits and costs for Part B drugs.

Your drugs may be covered by Original Medicare if you are in Medicare hospice. Our plan only covers Medicare Parts A, B, and D services and drugs that are unrelated to your terminal prognosis and related conditions and therefore not covered under the Medicare hospice benefit. For more information, please see Section 9.4 (What if you're in Medicare-certified hospice). For information on hospice coverage, see the hospice section of Chapter 4 (Medical Benefits Chart, what is covered and what you pay).

The following sections discuss coverage of your drugs under the plan's Part D benefit rules. Section 9, **Part D drug coverage in special situations** includes more information on your Part D coverage and Original Medicare.

#### Section 1.2 Basic rules for the plan's Part D drug coverage

The plan will generally cover yo	our drugs as long as you follow these basic rules:
☐ You must have a provider	(a doctor, dentist or other prescriber) write your prescription.
or she is qualified to write your prescribers the next t	er accept Medicare or file documentation with CMS showing that he prescriptions, or your Part D claim will be denied. You should ask ime you call or visit if they meet this condition. If not, please be r prescriber to submit the necessary paperwork to be processed.
9	network pharmacy to fill your prescription. (See Section 2, <b>Fill your k pharmacy or through the plan's mail-order service.)</b>
<u> </u>	plan's <b>List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)</b> (we call it the "Drug List" <b>Your drugs need to be on the plan's "Drug List"</b> .)
is a use of the drug that is	or a medically accepted indication. A "medically accepted indication' either approved by the Food and Drug Administration or supported s. (See Section 3 for more information about a medically accepted

#### **SECTION 2**

# Fill your prescription at a network pharmacy or through the plan's mail-order service

#### Section 2.1 To have your prescription covered, use a network pharmacy

In most cases, your prescriptions are covered **only** if they are filled at the plan's network pharmacies. (See Section 2.5 for information about when we would cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies.)

A network pharmacy is a pharmacy that has a contract with the plan to provide your covered prescription drugs. The term "covered drugs" means all of the Part D prescription drugs that are covered on the plan's Drug List.

#### Section 2.2 Finding network pharmacies

#### How do you find a network pharmacy in your area?

To find a network pharmacy, you can look in your **Pharmacy Directory**, visit our website (www.myAARPMedicare.com) or call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

You may go to any of our network pharmacies. If you switch from one network pharmacy to another, and you need a refill of a drug you have been taking, you can ask either to have a new prescription written by a provider or to have your prescription transferred to your new network pharmacy.

#### What if the pharmacy you have been using leaves the network?

If the pharmacy you have been using leaves the plan's network, you will have to find a new pharmacy that is in the network. To find another network pharmacy in your area, you can get help from Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or use the **Pharmacy Directory**. You can also find information on our website at www.myAARPMedicare.com.

#### What if you need a specialized pharmacy?

S	Sometimes prescriptions must be filled at a specialized pharmacy. Specialized pharmacies include:
	☐ Pharmacies that supply drugs for home infusion therapy.
	□ Pharmacies that supply drugs for residents of a long-term care (LTC) facility. Usually, a long-term care facility (such as a nursing home) has its own pharmacy. If you are in an LTC facility, we must ensure that you are able to routinely receive your Part D benefits through our network of LTC pharmacies, which is typically the pharmacy that the LTC facility uses. If you have any difficulty accessing your Part D benefits in an LTC facility, please contact Customer Service.
	□ Pharmacies that serve the Indian Health Service / Tribal / Urban Indian Health Program (not available in Puerto Rico). Except in emergencies, only Native Americans or Alaska Natives have access to these pharmacies in our network.
	☐ Pharmacies that dispense drugs that are restricted by the FDA to certain locations or that require special handling, provider coordination, or education on their use. (Note: This scenario should happen rarely.)

To locate a specialized pharmacy, look in your **Pharmacy Directory** or call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

#### Section 2.3 Using the plan's mail-order services

Our plan's mail-order service allows you to order up to a 90-day supply.

To get order forms and information about filling your prescriptions by mail you may contact our preferred mail service pharmacy, OptumRx<sup>TM</sup>. OptumRx can be reached at 1-877-889-6358, or for the hearing impaired, (TTY) 711, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Please reference your **Pharmacy Directory** to find the mail service pharmacies in our network. If you use a mail-order pharmacy not in the plan's network, your prescription will not be covered.

Usually a mail-order pharmacy order will get to you in no more than 10 business days. However, sometimes your mail-order may be delayed. If your mail-order is delayed, please follow these steps: If your prescription is on file at your local pharmacy, go to your pharmacy to fill the prescription. If your delayed prescription is not on file at your local pharmacy, then please ask your doctor to call in a new prescription to your pharmacist. Or, your pharmacist can call the doctor's office for you to request the prescription. Your pharmacist can call the Pharmacy help desk at 1-877-889-6510, (TTY) 711, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week if he/she has any problems, questions, concerns, or needs a claim override for a delayed prescription.

#### New prescriptions the pharmacy receives directly from your doctor's office.

phone or mail.

providers, without checking with you first, if either:
$\square$ You used mail order services with this plan in the past, or
☐ You sign up for automatic delivery of all new prescriptions received directly from health care
providers. You may request automatic delivery of all new prescriptions now or at any time by

The pharmacy will automatically fill and deliver new prescriptions it receives from health care

If you receive a prescription automatically by mail that you do not want, and you were not contacted to see if you wanted it before it shipped, you may be eligible for a refund.

If you used mail order in the past and do not want the pharmacy to automatically fill and ship each new prescription, please contact us by phone or mail.

If you have never used our mail order delivery and/or decide to stop automatic fills of new prescriptions, the pharmacy will contact you each time it gets a new prescription from a health care provider to see if you want the medication filled and shipped immediately. This will give you an opportunity to make sure that the pharmacy is delivering the correct drug (including strength, amount, and form) and, if necessary, allow you to cancel or delay the order before you are billed and it is shipped. It is important that you respond each time you are contacted by the pharmacy, to let them know what to do with the new prescription and to prevent any delays in shipping.

To opt out of automatic deliveries of new prescriptions received directly from your health care provider's office, please contact us by phone or mail.

Refills on mail order prescriptions. For refills, please contact your pharmacy at least 10 business days before you think the drugs you have on hand will run out to make sure your next order is shipped to you in time. You also have the option to sign up for an automatic refill program. Under this program we will start to process your next refill automatically when our records show you should be close to running out of your drug. The pharmacy will contact you prior to shipping each refill to make sure you are in need of more medication, and you can cancel scheduled refills if you have enough of your medication or if your medication has changed. To cancel the auto refill program, please contact the mail order pharmacy 10 days before your order will ship or you can let the pharmacy know when they notify you of an upcoming shipment.

Please keep your mail order pharmacy informed about the best way(s) to contact you, so the pharmacy can reach you to confirm your order before shipping. You can do this by contacting the mail order pharmacy when you set up your auto refill program and also when you receive notifications about upcoming refill shipments.

### Section 2.4 How can you get a long-term supply of drugs?

When you get a long-term supply of drugs, your cost-sharing may be lower. The plan offers two ways to get a long-term supply (also called an "extended supply") of "maintenance" drugs on our plan's Drug List. (Maintenance drugs are drugs that you take on a regular basis, for a chronic or long-term medical condition.) You may order this supply through mail order (see Section 2.3) or you may go to a retail pharmacy.

- 1. Some retail pharmacies in our network allow you to get a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. Your Pharmacy Directory tells you which pharmacies in our network can give you a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. You can also call Customer Service for more information (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- 2. For certain kinds of drugs, you can use the plan's network **mail-order services**. Our plan's mail-order service allows you to order up to a 90-day supply. See Section 2.3 for more information about using our mail-order services.

#### Section 2.5 When can you use a pharmacy that is not in the plan's network?

#### Your prescription may be covered in certain situations

Generally, we cover drugs filled at an out-of-network pharmacy **only** when you are not able to use a network pharmacy. To help you, we have network pharmacies outside of our service area where you can get your prescriptions filled as a member of our plan. If you cannot use a network pharmacy, here are the circumstances when we would cover prescriptions filled at an out-of-network pharmacy:

	Prescriptions for a Medical Emergency
	We will cover prescriptions that are filled at an out-of-network pharmacy if the prescriptions are related to care for a medical emergency or urgently needed care, are included in our Drug List without restrictions, and are not excluded from Medicare Part D coverage.
П	Coverage when traveling or out of the service area
	When traveling within the U.S. you have access to network pharmacies nationwide. Bring your prescriptions and medication with you and be sure to check the pharmacy directory for your travel plans to locate a network pharmacy while traveling. If you are leaving the country, you may be able to obtain a greater day supply to take with you before leaving the country where there are no network pharmacies available.
	If you are unable to obtain a covered drug in a timely manner within the service area because a network pharmacy is not within reasonable driving distance that provides 24-hour service.
	If you are trying to fill a prescription drug not regularly stocked at an accessible network retail or preferred mail-order pharmacy (including high cost and unique drugs).
	If you need a prescription while a patient in an emergency department, provider based clinic, outpatient surgery, or other outpatient setting.

In these situations, **please check first with Customer Service** to see if there is a network pharmacy nearby. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.) You may be required to pay the difference between what you pay for the drug at the out-of-network pharmacy and the cost that we would cover at an in-network pharmacy.

#### How do you ask for reimbursement from the plan?

If you must use an out-of-network pharmacy, you will generally have to pay the full cost (rather than your normal share of the cost) at the time you fill your prescription. You can ask us to reimburse you for our share of the cost. (Chapter 7, Section 2.1 explains how to ask the plan to pay you back.)

### SECTION 3 Your drugs need to be on the plan's "Drug List"

#### Section 3.1 The "Drug List" tells which Part D drugs are covered

The plan has a "List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)." In this Evidence of Coverage, we call it the "Drug List" for short.

The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of a team of doctors and pharmacists. The list must meet requirements set by Medicare. Medicare has approved the plan's Drug List.

The drugs on the Drug List are only those covered under Medicare Part D (earlier in this chapter, Section 1.1 explains about Part D drugs).

We will generally cover a drug on the plan's Drug List as long as you follow the other coverage rules explained in this chapter and the use of the drug is a medically accepted indication. A "medically accepted indication" is a use of the drug that is **either**:

□ Approved by the Food and Drug Administration. (That is, the Food and Drug Adminis	tration
has approved the drug for the diagnosis or condition for which it is being prescribed.	)
□ - or - Supported by certain references, such as the American Hospital Formulary Ser	vice Drug
Information and the DRUGDEX Information System.	

#### The Drug List includes both brand name and generic drugs

A generic drug is a prescription drug that has the same active ingredients as the brand name drug. Generally, it works just as well as the brand name drug and usually costs less. There are generic drug substitutes available for many brand name drugs.

#### What is not on the Drug List?

The plan does not cover all prescription drugs.

	In som	e cases,	the law	does n	ot allov	w any	y Me	dicare	e plar	i to (	cover	certai	n typ	es of	drugs	ร (for
	more i	nformatio	on about	this, so	ee Sec	tion	7.1 i	n this	chap	ter).						
_												_	_			

#### ☐ In other cases, we have decided not to include a particular drug on our Drug List.

#### Section 3.2 There are 5 "cost-sharing tiers" for drugs on the Drug List

Every drug on the plan's Drug List is in one of 5 cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier, the higher your cost for the drug:

Tier 1 - Preferred Generic - Includes lower-cost, commonly used generic drugs.

Tier 2 – Generic - Includes many generic drugs. This tier also contains supplemental drugs that are approved by the FDA, but have been otherwise excluded from coverage under Medicare Part D. Your plan has made these drugs available to you as an enhanced benefit on your Drug List.

Tier 3 – Preferred Brand - Includes many common brand name drugs, called preferred brands and some higher-cost generic drugs.

Select Insulin Drugs - Select insulins \$35 maximum copay for each 1-month supply until the castastrophic stage.<sup>1</sup>

Tier 4 – Non-Preferred Drug - Includes non-preferred generic and non-preferred brand name drugs. In addition, Part D eligible compound medications are covered in Tier 4.

Tier 5 – Specialty Tier - Includes unique and/or very high-cost drugs.

To find out which cost-sharing tier your drug is in, look it up in the plan's Drug List.

The amount you pay for drugs in each cost-sharing tier is shown in Chapter 6 (What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs).

<sup>1</sup> For 2021, this plan participates in the Part D Senior Savings Model which offers lower, stable, and predictable out of pocket costs for covered insulin through the different Part D benefit coverage stages. You will pay a maximum of \$35 for a 1-month supply of covered insulin during the deductible, initial coverage and coverage gap or "donut hole" stages of your benefit. You will pay 5% of the cost of your covered insulin in the catastrophic stage. Your cost maybe less if you receive Extra Help from Medicare.

#### Section 3.3 How can you find out if a specific drug is on the Drug List?

You have three ways to find out:

- 1. Check the most recent Drug List we provided electronically.
- 2. Visit the plan's website (www.myAARPMedicare.com). The Drug List on the website is always the most current.
- 3. Call Customer Service to find out if a particular drug is on the plan's Drug List or to ask for a copy of the list. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

## **SECTION 4** There are restrictions on coverage for some drugs

#### Section 4.1 Why do some drugs have restrictions?

For certain prescription drugs, special rules restrict how and when the plan covers them. A team of doctors and pharmacists developed these rules to help our members use drugs in the most effective ways. These special rules also help control overall drug costs, which keeps your drug coverage more affordable.

In general, our rules encourage you to get a drug that works for your medical condition and is safe and effective. Whenever a safe, lower-cost drug will work just as well medically as a higher-cost drug, the plan's rules are designed to encourage you and your provider to use that lower-cost option. We also need to comply with Medicare's rules and regulations for drug coverage and cost-sharing.

If there is a restriction for your drug, it usually means that you or your provider will have to take extra steps in order for us to cover the drug. If you want us to waive the restriction for you, you will need to use the coverage decision process and ask us to make an exception. We may or may not agree to waive the restriction for you. (See Chapter 9, Section 6.2 for information about asking for exceptions.)

Please note that sometimes a drug may appear more than once in our Drug List. This is because different restrictions or cost-sharing may apply based on factors such as the strength, amount, or form of the drug prescribed by your health care provider (for instance, 10 mg versus 100 mg; one per day versus two per day; tablet versus liquid).

#### Section 4.2 What kinds of restrictions?

Our plan uses different types of restrictions to help our members use drugs in the most effective ways. The sections below tell you more about the types of restrictions we use for certain drugs.

#### What is a compounded drug?

A compounded drug is created by a pharmacist by combining or mixing ingredients to create a prescription medication customized to the needs of an individual patient.

#### Does my Part D plan cover compounded drugs?

Generally compounded drugs are non-formulary drugs (not covered) by your plan. You may need to ask for and receive an approved coverage determination from us to have your compounded drug covered. Compounded drugs may be Part D eligible if they meet all of the following requirements:

- 1. Contains at least one FDA approved drug ingredient, and all ingredients in the compound (including their intended route of administration) are supported in at least one of the following Medicare approved reference books:
  - a. The American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information;
  - b. The DRUGDEX Information System;
  - c. The National Comprehensive Cancer Network and Clinical Pharmacology, or their successors, or other Medicare approved literature sources for cancer uses.
- 2. Does not contain a non-FDA approved or Part D excluded drug ingredient
- 3. Does not contain an ingredient covered under Part B. (If it does, the compound may be covered under Part B rather than Part D)
- 4. Prescribed for a medically accepted condition

The chart below explains the basic requirements for how a compound with 2 or more ingredients may or may not be covered under Part D rules, as well as potential costs to you.

Compound Type	Medicare Coverage		
Compound containing a Part B eligible ingredient	Compound is covered only by Part B		
Compound containing all ingredients eligible for Part D coverage and all ingredients are approved for use in a compound	Compound may be covered by Part D upon approved coverage determination		

Compound Type	Medicare Coverage	
Compound containing ingredients eligible for Part D coverage and approved for use in a compound, and ingredients excluded from Part D coverage (for example, over the counter drugs, etc.)	Compound may be covered by Part D upon approved coverage determination. However, the ingredients excluded from Part D coverage will not be covered and you are not responsible for the cost of those ingredients excluded from Part D coverage	
Compound containing an ingredient not approved or supported for use in a compound	Compound is not covered by Part D. You are responsible for the entire cost	

#### What do I have to pay for a covered compounded drug?

A compounded drug that is Part D eligible may require an approved coverage determination to be covered by your plan. You will pay the non-preferred drug copay or coinsurance amount for compounded drugs that are approved. No further tier cost share reduction is allowed or available.

#### Getting plan approval in advance

For certain drugs, you or your provider need to get approval from the plan before we will agree to cover the drug for you. This is called "**prior authorization**." Sometimes the requirement for getting approval in advance helps guide appropriate use of certain drugs. If you do not get this approval, your drug might not be covered by the plan.

#### Trying a different drug first

This requirement encourages you to try less costly but just as effective drugs before the plan covers another drug. For example, if Drug A and Drug B treat the same medical condition, the plan may require you to try Drug A first. If Drug A does not work for you, the plan will then cover Drug B. This requirement to try a different drug first is called "**step therapy.**"

#### **Quantity limits**

For certain drugs, we limit the amount of the drug that you can have by limiting how much of a drug you can get each time you fill your prescription. For example, if it is normally considered safe to take only one pill per day for a certain drug, we may limit coverage for your prescription to no more than one pill per day.

#### Section 4.3 Do any of these restrictions apply to your drugs?

The plan's Drug List includes information about the restrictions described above. To find out if any of these restrictions apply to a drug you take or want to take, check the Drug List. For the most upto-date information, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or check our website (www.myAARPMedicare.com).

If there is a restriction for your drug, it usually means that you or your provider will have to take extra steps in order for us to cover the drug. If there is a restriction on the drug you want to take, you should contact Customer Service to learn what you or your provider would need to do to

get coverage for the drug. If you want us to waive the restriction for you, you will need to use the coverage decision process and ask us to make an exception. We may or may not agree to waive the restriction for you. (See Chapter 9, Section 6.2 for information about asking for exceptions.)

# SECTION 5 What if one of your drugs is not covered in the way you'd like it to be covered?

## Section 5.1 There are things you can do if your drug is not covered in the way you'd like it to be covered

We hope that your drug coverage will work well for you. But it's possible that there could be a prescription drug you are currently taking, or one that you and your provider think you should be taking, that is not on our drug list (formulary) or is on our formulary with restrictions. For example:

□ The drug might not be covered at all. Or maybe a generic version of the drug is covered but the brand name version you want to take is not covered.
□ The drug is covered, but there are extra rules or restrictions on coverage for that drug. As explained in Section 4, some of the drugs covered by the plan have extra rules to restrict their use. For example, you might be required to try a different drug first, to see if it will work, before the drug you want to take will be covered for you. Or there might be limits on what amount of the drug (number of pills, etc.) is covered during a particular time period. In some cases, you may want us to waive the restriction for you.
□ The drug is covered, but it is in a cost-sharing tier that makes your cost-sharing more expensive than you think it should be. The plan puts each covered drug into one of 5 different cost- sharing tiers. How much you pay for your prescription depends in part on which cost-sharing tier your drug is in.
nere are things you can do if your drug is not covered in the way that you'd like it to be covered. Our options depend on what type of problem you have:
☐ If your drug is not on the Drug List or if your drug is restricted, go to Section 5.2 to learn what you can do.
☐ If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier that makes your cost more expensive than you think it

## Section 5.2 What can you do if your drug is not on the Drug List or if the drug is restricted in some way?

If your drug is not on the Drug List or is restricted, here are things you can do:

should be, go to Section 5.3 to learn what you can do.

$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $
get a temporary supply). This will give you and your provider time to change to another drug or
to file a request to have the drug covered.

You	can c	hange	to anot	:her c	Irug.

☐ You can request an exception and ask the plan to cover the drug or remove restrictions from the drug.
You may be able to get a temporary supply
Under certain circumstances, the plan can offer a temporary supply of a drug to you when your drug is not on the Drug List or when it is restricted in some way. Doing this gives you time to talk with your provider about the change in coverage and figure out what to do.
To be eligible for a temporary supply, you must meet the two requirements below:
1. The change to your drug coverage must be one of the following types of changes:
☐ The drug you have been taking is <b>no longer on the plan's Drug List</b> .
<ul> <li>- or - the drug you have been taking is now restricted in some way (Section 4 in this chapter tells about restrictions).</li> </ul>
2. You must be in one of the situations described below:
□ For those members who are new or who were in the plan last year:  We will cover a temporary supply of your drug during the first 90 days of your membership in the plan if you were new and during the first 90 days of the calendar year if you were in the plan last year. This temporary supply will be for at least a 30-day supply. If your prescription is written for fewer days, we will allow multiple fills to provide up to at least a 30 day supply of medication. The prescription must be filled at a network pharmacy. (Please note that the long-term care pharmacy may provide the drug in smaller amounts at a time to prevent waste.)
<ul> <li>□ For those members who have been in the plan for more than 90 days and reside in a long-term care (LTC) facility and need a supply right away:</li> <li>We will cover at least a 31-day emergency supply of a particular drug, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days. This is in addition to the above temporary supply situation.</li> </ul>
☐ For those current members with level of care changes:  There may be unplanned transitions such as hospital discharges or level of care changes that occur while you are enrolled as a member in our plan. If you are prescribed a drug that is not on our Drug List or your ability to get your drugs is limited, you are required to use the plan's exception process. You may request a one-time temporary supply of at least 30 days

To ask for a temporary supply, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

drug until you've received at least a 30 day supply.

to allow you time to discuss alternative treatment with your doctor or to pursue a drug list (formulary) exception. If your doctor writes your prescription for fewer days, you may refill the

During the time when you are getting a temporary supply of a drug, you should talk with your provider to decide what to do when your temporary supply runs out. You can either switch to a different drug covered by the plan or ask the plan to make an exception for you and cover your current drug. The sections below tell you more about these options.

#### You can change to another drug

Start by talking with your provider. Perhaps there is a different drug covered by the plan that might work just as well for you. You can call Customer Service to ask for a list of covered drugs that treat the same medical condition. This list can help your provider find a covered drug that might work for you. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

#### You can ask for an exception

You and your provider can ask the plan to make an exception for you and cover the drug in the way you would like it to be covered. If your provider says that you have medical reasons that justify asking us for an exception, your provider can help you request an exception to the rule. For example, you can ask the plan to cover a drug even though it is not on the plan's Drug List. Or you can ask the plan to make an exception and cover the drug without restrictions. If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, Chapter 9, Section 6.4 tells what to do. It explains the procedures and deadlines that have been set by Medicare to make sure your request is handled promptly and fairly.

## Section 5.3 What can you do if your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high?

If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high, here are things you can do:

#### You can change to another drug

If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high, start by talking with your provider. Perhaps there is a different drug in a lower cost-sharing tier that might work just as well for you. You can call Customer Service to ask for a list of covered drugs that treat the same medical condition. This list can help your provider to find a covered drug that might work for you. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

#### You can ask for an exception

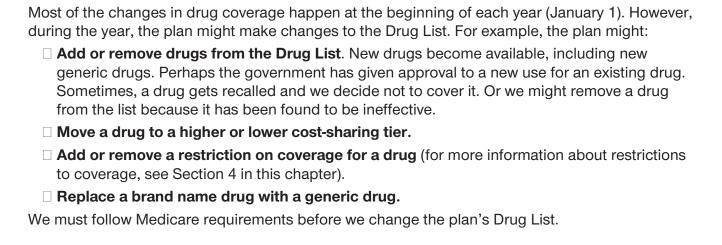
You and your provider can ask the plan to make an exception in the cost-sharing tier for the drug so that you pay less for it. If your provider says that you have medical reasons that justify asking us for an exception, your provider can help you request an exception to the rule.

If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, Chapter 9, Section 6.4 tells what to do. It explains the procedures and deadlines that have been set by Medicare to make sure your request is handled promptly and fairly.

Drugs in our Specialty Tier are not eligible for this type of exception. We do not lower the costsharing amount for drugs in this tier.

## SECTION 6 What if your coverage changes for one of your drugs?

#### Section 6.1 The Drug List can change during the year



#### Section 6.2 What happens if coverage changes for a drug you are taking?

#### Information on changes to drug coverage

When changes to the Drug List occur during the year, we post information on our website about those changes. We will update our online Drug List on a regularly scheduled basis to include any changes that have occurred after the last update. Below we point out the times that you would get direct notice if changes are made to a drug that you are then taking. You can also call Customer Service for more information (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

#### Do changes to your drug coverage affect you right away?

Changes that can affect you this year: In the below cases, you will be affected by the coverage changes during the current year:

- ☐ A new generic drug replaces a brand name drug on the Drug List (or we change the costsharing tier or add new restrictions to the brand name drug or both)
  - We may immediately remove a brand name drug on our Drug List if we are replacing it with a newly approved generic version of the same drug that will appear on the same or lower cost sharing tier and with the same or fewer restrictions. Also, when adding the new generic drug, we may decide to keep the brand name drug on our Drug List, but immediately move it to a higher cost-sharing tier or add new restrictions or both.
  - We may not tell you in advance before we make that change—even if you are currently taking the brand name drug.
  - You or your prescriber can ask us to make an exception and continue to cover the brand name drug for you. For information on how to ask for an exception, see Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).
  - ° If you are taking the brand name drug at the time we make the change, we will provide you with information about the specific change(s) we made. This will also include information on the steps you may take to request an exception to cover the brand name drug. You may not get this notice before we make the change.

#### ☐ Unsafe drugs and other drugs on the Drug List that are withdrawn from the market

- Once in a while, a drug may be suddenly withdrawn because it has been found to be unsafe or removed from the market for another reason. If this happens, we will immediately remove the drug from the Drug List. If you are taking that drug, we will let you know of this change right away.
- Your prescriber will also know about this change, and can work with you to find another drug for your condition.

#### ☐ Other changes to drugs on the Drug List

- ° We may make other changes once the year has started that affect drugs you are taking. For instance, we might add a generic drug that is not new to the market to replace a brand name drug or change the cost-sharing tier or add new restrictions to the brand name drug or both. We also might make changes based on FDA boxed warnings or new clinical guidelines recognized by Medicare. We must give you at least 30-days' advance notice of the change or give you notice of the change and a 30-day refill of the drug you are taking at a network pharmacy.
- After you receive notice of the change, you should be working with your prescriber to switch to a different drug that we cover.
- Or you or your prescriber can ask us to make an exception and continue to cover the drug for you. For information on how to ask for an exception, see Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

Changes to drugs on the Drug List that will not affect people currently taking the drug: For changes to the Drug List that are not described above, if you are currently taking the drug, the following types of changes will not affect you until January 1 of the next year if you stay in the plan:

 mig types or arranged rim not an est you arranged a ring rest.
If we move your drug into a higher cost-sharing tier.
If we put a new restriction on your use of the drug.
If we remove your drug from the Drug List.

If any of these changes happen for a drug you are taking (but not because of a market withdrawal, a generic drug replacing a brand name drug, or other change noted in the sections above), then the change won't affect your use or what you pay as your share of the cost until January 1 of the next year. Until that date, you probably won't see any increase in your payments or any added restriction to your use of the drug. You will not get direct notice this year about changes that do not affect you. However, on January 1 of the next year, the changes will affect you, and it is important to check the Drug List in the new benefit year for any changes to drugs.

## SECTION 7 What types of drugs are not covered by the plan?

#### Section 7.1 Types of drugs we do not cover

This section tells you what kinds of prescription drugs are "excluded." This means Medicare does not pay for these drugs.

If you get drugs that are excluded, you must pay for them yourself. We won't pay for the drugs that are listed in this section (except for certain excluded drugs covered under our enhanced drug coverage). The only exception: If the requested drug is found upon appeal to be a drug that is not excluded under Part D and we should have paid for or covered it because of your specific situation. (For information about appealing a decision we have made to not cover a drug, go to Chapter 9, Section 6.5 in this booklet.)

Here are three general rules about drugs that Medicare drug plans will not cover under Part D: ☐ Our plan's Part D drug coverage cannot cover a drug that would be covered under Medicare Part A or Part B. ☐ Our plan cannot cover a drug purchased outside the United States and its territories. ☐ Our plan usually cannot cover off-label use. "Off-label use" is any use of the drug other than those indicated on a drug's label as approved by the Food and Drug Administration. Generally, coverage for "off-label use" is allowed only when the use is supported by certain references, such as the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information and the DRUGDEX Information System. If the use is not supported by any of these references, then our plan cannot cover its "off-label use." Also, by law, these categories of drugs are not covered by Medicare drug plans: (Our plan covers certain drugs listed below through our enhanced drug coverage, for which you may be charged an additional premium. More information is provided below.) ☐ Non-prescription drugs (also called over-the-counter drugs) ☐ Drugs when used to promote fertility ☐ Drugs when used for the relief of cough or cold symptoms ☐ Drugs when used for cosmetic purposes or to promote hair growth ☐ Prescription vitamins and mineral products, except prenatal vitamins and fluoride preparations ☐ Drugs when used for the treatment of sexual or erectile dysfunction ☐ Drugs when used for treatment of anorexia, weight loss, or weight gain ☐ Outpatient drugs for which the manufacturer seeks to require that associated tests or monitoring services be purchased exclusively from the manufacturer as a condition of sale We offer additional coverage of some prescription drugs not normally covered in a Medicare

We offer additional coverage of some prescription drugs not normally covered in a Medicare prescription drug plan (enhanced drug coverage). These covered excluded drugs are covered under Tier 2 (vitamins and erectile dysfunction medicine). These drugs and their prior authorization requirements and quantity limits are listed in the Drug List booklet in the section titled 'Coverage of additional drugs. The amount you pay when you fill a prescription for these drugs does not count towards qualifying you for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage. (The Catastrophic Coverage Stage is described in Chapter 6, Section 7 of this booklet.)

In addition, if you are **receiving "Extra Help" from Medicare** to pay for your prescriptions, the "Extra Help" program will not pay for the drugs not normally covered. (Please refer to the plan's Drug List or call Customer Service for more information. Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet). However, if you have drug coverage through Medicaid, your state Medicaid program may cover some prescription drugs not normally covered in a Medicare drug plan. Please contact your state Medicaid program to determine what drug coverage

may be available to you. (You can find phone numbers and contact information for Medicaid in Chapter 2, Section 6.)

# SECTION 8 Show your UnitedHealthcare member ID card when you fill a prescription

#### Section 8.1 Show your UnitedHealthcare member ID card

To fill your prescription, show your UnitedHealthcare member ID card at the network pharmacy you choose. When you show your UnitedHealthcare member ID card, the network pharmacy will automatically bill the plan for **our** share of your covered prescription drug cost. You will need to pay the pharmacy **your** share of the cost when you pick up your prescription.

## Section 8.2 What if you don't have your UnitedHealthcare member ID card with you?

If you don't have your UnitedHealthcare member ID card with you when you fill your prescription, ask the pharmacy to call the plan to get the necessary information.

If the pharmacy is not able to get the necessary information, **you may have to pay the full cost of the prescription when you pick it up**. (You can then **ask us to reimburse you** for our share. See Chapter 7, Section 2.1 for information about how to ask the plan for reimbursement.)

## SECTION 9 Part D drug coverage in special situations

## Section 9.1 What if you're in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility for a stay that is covered by the plan?

If you are admitted to a hospital or to a skilled nursing facility for a stay covered by the plan, we will generally cover the cost of your prescription drugs during your stay. Once you leave the hospital or skilled nursing facility, the plan will cover your drugs as long as the drugs meet all of our rules for coverage. See the previous parts of this section that tell about the rules for getting drug coverage. Chapter 6 (What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs) gives more information about drug coverage and what you pay.

**Please Note:** When you enter, live in, or leave a skilled nursing facility, you are entitled to a Special Enrollment Period. During this time period, you can switch plans or change your coverage. (Chapter 10, **Ending your membership in the plan**, tells when you can leave our plan and join a different Medicare plan.)

#### Section 9.2 What if you're a resident in a long-term care (LTC) facility?

Usually, a long-term care (LTC) facility (such as a nursing home) has its own pharmacy, or a pharmacy that supplies drugs for all of its residents. If you are a resident of a long-term care facility, you may get your prescription drugs through the facility's pharmacy as long as it is part of our network.

Check your **Pharmacy Directory** to find out if your long-term care facility's pharmacy is part of our network. If it isn't, or if you need more information, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

### What if you're a resident in a long-term care (LTC) facility and become a new member of the plan?

If you need a drug that is not on our Drug List or is restricted in some way, the plan will cover a temporary supply of your drug during the first 90 days of your membership. The total supply will be for at least a 31-day supply. If your doctor writes your prescription for fewer days, you may refill the drug until you've received at least a 31-day supply. (Please note that the long-term care (LTC) pharmacy may provide the drug in smaller amounts at a time to prevent waste.) If you have been a member of the plan for more than 90 days and need a drug that is not on our Drug List or if the plan has any restriction on the drug's coverage, we will cover at least a 31-day supply. If your doctor writes your prescription for fewer days, you may refill the drug until you've received at least a 31-day supply.

During the time when you are getting a temporary supply of a drug, you should talk with your provider to decide what to do when your temporary supply runs out. Perhaps there is a different drug covered by the plan that might work just as well for you. Or you and your provider can ask the plan to make an exception for you and cover the drug in the way you would like it to be covered. If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, Chapter 9, Section 6.4 tells what to do.

### Section 9.3 What if you're also getting drug coverage from an employer or retiree group plan?

Do you currently have other prescription drug coverage through your (or your spouse's) employer or retiree group? If so, please contact **that group's benefits administrator**. He or she can help you determine how your current prescription drug coverage will work with our plan.

In general, if you are currently employed, the prescription drug coverage you get from us will be **secondary** to your employer or retiree group coverage. That means your group coverage would pay first.

#### Special note about 'creditable coverage':

Each year your employer or retiree group should send you a notice that tells if your prescription drug coverage for the next calendar year is "creditable" and the choices you have for drug coverage.

If the coverage from the group plan is "**creditable**," it means that the plan has drug coverage that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage.

**Keep these notices about creditable coverage**, because you may need them later. If you enroll in a Medicare plan that includes Part D drug coverage, you may need these notices to show that you

have maintained creditable coverage. If you didn't get a notice about creditable coverage from your employer or retiree group plan, you can get a copy from your employer or retiree group's benefits administrator or the employer or union.

### Section 9.4 What if you're in Medicare-certified hospice?

Drugs are never covered by both hospice and our plan at the same time. If you are enrolled in Medicare hospice and require an anti-nausea, laxative, pain medication, or antianxiety drug that is not covered by your hospice because it is unrelated to your terminal illness and related conditions, our plan must receive notification from either the prescriber or your hospice provider that the drug is unrelated before our plan can cover the drug. To prevent delays in receiving any unrelated drugs that should be covered by our plan, you can ask your hospice provider or prescriber to make sure we have the notification that the drug is unrelated before you ask a pharmacy to fill your prescription.

In the event you either revoke your hospice election or are discharged from hospice, our plan should cover all your drugs. To prevent any delays at a pharmacy when your Medicare hospice benefit ends, you should bring documentation to the pharmacy to verify your revocation or discharge. See the previous parts of this section that tell about the rules for getting drug coverage under Part D. Chapter 6 (What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs) gives more information about drug coverage and what you pay.

### SECTION 10 Programs on drug safety and managing medications

### Section 10.1 Programs to help members use drugs safely

We conduct drug use reviews for our members to help make sure that they are getting safe and appropriate care. These reviews are especially important for members who have more than one provider who prescribes their drugs.

We do a review each time you fill a prescription. We also review our records on a regular basis. During these reviews, we look for potential problems such as:

diffig these reviews, we look for potential problems such as.
☐ Possible medication errors
☐ Drugs that may not be necessary because you are taking another drug to treat the same medical condition
☐ Drugs that may not be safe or appropriate because of your age or gender
☐ Certain combinations of drugs that could harm you if taken at the same time
☐ Prescriptions written for drugs that have ingredients you are allergic to
☐ Possible errors in the amount (dosage) of a drug you are taking
☐ Unsafe amounts of opioid pain medications

If we see a possible problem in your use of medications, we will work with your provider to correct the problem.

### Section 10.2 Drug Management Program (DMP) to help members safely use their opioid medications

We have a program that can help make sure our members safely use their prescription opioid medications, and other medications that are frequently abused. This program is called a Drug Management Program (DMP). If you use opioid medications that you get from several doctors or pharmacies, we may talk to your doctors to make sure your use of opioid medications is appropriate and medically necessary. Working with your doctors, if we decide your use of prescription opioid or benzodiazepine medications is not safe, we may limit how you can get those medications. The limitations may be:

<ul> <li>Requiring you to get all your prescriptions for opioid or benzodiazepine medications from a certain pharmacy(ies)</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Requiring you to get all your prescriptions for opioid or benzodiazepine medications from a certain doctor(s)</li> </ul>
☐ Limiting the amount of opioid or benzodiazepine medications we will cover for you

If we think that one or more of these limitations should apply to you, we will send you a letter in advance. The letter will have information explaining the limitations we think should apply to you. You will also have an opportunity to tell us which doctors or pharmacies you prefer to use, and about any other information you think is important for us to know. After you've had the opportunity to respond, if we decide to limit your coverage for these medications, we will send you another letter confirming the limitation. If you think we made a mistake or you disagree with our determination that you are at-risk for prescription drug misuse or with the limitation, you and your prescriber have the right to ask us for an appeal. If you choose to appeal, we will review your case and give you a decision. If we continue to deny any part of your request related to the limitations that apply to your access to medications, we will automatically send your case to an independent reviewer outside of our plan. See Chapter 9 for information about how to ask for an appeal.

The DMP may not apply to you if you have certain medical conditions, such as cancer, you are receiving hospice, palliative, or end-of-life care, or live in a long-term care facility.

### Section 10.3 Medication Therapy Management (MTM) programs to help members manage their medications

We have programs that can help our members with complex health needs.

These programs are voluntary and free to members. A team of pharmacists and doctors developed the programs for us. The programs can help make sure that our members get the most benefit from the drugs they take.

One program is called a Medication Therapy Management (MTM) program. Some members who take medications for different medical conditions and have high drug costs may be able to get services through an MTM program. A pharmacist or other health professional will give you a comprehensive review of all your medications. You can talk about how best to take your

medications, your costs, and any problems or questions you have about your prescription and over-the-counter medications. You'll get a written summary of this discussion. The summary has a medication action plan that recommends what you can do to make the best use of your medications, with space for you to take notes or write down any follow-up questions. You'll also get a personal medication list that will include all the medications you're taking and why you take them. It's a good idea to have your medication review before your yearly "Wellness" visit, so you can talk to your doctor about your action plan and medication list. Bring your action plan and medication list with you to your visit or anytime you talk with your doctors, pharmacists, and other health care providers. Also, keep your medication list with you (for example, with your ID) in case you go to the hospital or emergency room.

If we have a program that fits your needs, we will automatically enroll you in the program and send you information. If you decide not to participate, please notify us and we will withdraw you from the program. If you have any questions about these programs, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

# Chapter 6

What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

# **Chapter 6**What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

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#### Did you know there are programs to help people pay for their drugs?

The "Extra Help" program helps people with limited resources pay for their drugs. For more information, see Chapter 2, Section 7.

#### Are you currently getting help to pay for your drugs?

If you are in a program that helps pay for your drugs, some information in this Evidence of Coverage about the costs for Part D prescription drugs may not apply to you. We sent you a separate insert, called the "Evidence of Coverage Rider for People Who Get Extra Help Paying for Prescription Drugs" (also known as the "Low Income Subsidy Rider" or the "LIS Rider"), which tells you about your drug coverage. If you don't have this insert, please call Customer Service and ask for the "LIS Rider." (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

### SECTION 1 Introduction

### Section 1.1 Use this chapter together with other materials that explain your drug coverage

This chapter focuses on what you pay for your Part D prescription drugs. To keep things simple, we use "drug" in this chapter to mean a Part D prescription drug. As explained in Chapter 5, not all drugs are Part D drugs – some drugs are covered under Medicare Part A or Part B and other drugs are excluded from Medicare coverage by law.

To understand the payment information we give you in this chapter, you need to know the basics of what drugs are covered, where to fill your prescriptions, and what rules to follow when you get your covered drugs. Here are materials that explain these basics:

- ☐ **The plan's List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)**. To keep things simple, we call this the "Drug List."
  - This Drug List tells which drugs are covered for you.
  - It also tells which of the 5 "cost-sharing tiers" the drug is in and whether there are any restrictions on your coverage for the drug.
  - o If you need a copy of the Drug List, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You can also find the Drug List on our website at www.myAARPMedicare.com. The Drug List on the website is always the most current.
- □ **Chapter 5 of this booklet**. Chapter 5 gives the details about your prescription drug coverage, including rules you need to follow when you get your covered drugs. Chapter 5 also tells which types of prescription drugs are not covered by our plan.
- ☐ **The plan's Pharmacy Directory**. In most situations you must use a network pharmacy to get your covered drugs (see Chapter 5 for the details). The **Pharmacy Directory** has a list of

pharmacies in the plan's network. It also tells you which pharmacies in our network can give you a long-term supply of a drug (such as filling a prescription for a three-month's supply).

### Section 1.2 Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for covered drugs

To understand the payment information we give you in this chapter, you need to know about the types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services. The amount that you pay for a drug is called "cost-sharing," and there are three ways you may be asked to pay.

Ш	The "deductible" is the amount you must pay for drugs before our plan begins to pay its
	share.
	"Copayment" means that you pay a fixed amount each time you fill a prescription.
	"Coinsurance" means that you pay a percent of the total cost of the drug each time you fill a
	prescription.

### **SECTION 2**

What you pay for a drug depends on which "drug payment stage" you are in when you get the drug

### Section 2.1 What are the drug payment stages for our plan members?

As shown in the table below, there are "drug payment stages" for your prescription drug coverage under our plan. How much you pay for a drug depends on which of these stages you are in at the time you get a prescription filled or refilled. Keep in mind, you are always responsible for the plan's monthly premium regardless of the drug payment stage.

Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Stage 4
Yearly Deductible Stage	Initial Coverage Stage	Coverage Gap Stage	Catastrophic Coverage Stage
During this stage, you pay the full cost of your Tier 4 and Tier 5 drugs. You stay in this stage until you have paid \$195 for your Tier 4 and Tier 5 drugs (\$195 is the amount of your Tier 4 and Tier 5 deductible). (Details are in Section 4 of this chapter.)  During this stage, your out-of-pocket costs for Select Insulin Drugs will be \$35 for a one month retail supply.	During this stage, the plan pays its share of the cost of your Tier 1, Tier 2 and Tier 3 drugs and you pay your share of the cost.  After you (or others on your behalf) have met your Tier 4 and Tier 5 deductible, the plan pays its share of the costs of your Tier 4 and Tier 5 drugs and you pay your share.  You stay in this stage until your year-to-date "total drug costs" (your payments plus any Part D plan's payments) total \$4,130.  (Details are in Section 5 of this chapter.)  During this stage, your out-of-pocket costs for Select Insulin Drugs will be \$35 for a one month retail supply.	During this stage, you pay 25% of the price for brand name drugs (plus a portion of the dispensing fee) and 25% of the price for generic drugs.  During this stage, your out-of-pocket costs for Select Insulin Drugs will be \$35 for a one month retail supply.  You stay in this stage until your year-to-date "out-of-pocket costs" (your payments) reach a total of \$6,550. This amount and rules for counting costs toward this amount have been set by Medicare. (Details are in Section 6 of this chapter.)	During this stage, the plan will pay most of the cost of your drugs for the rest of the calendar year (through December 31, 2021).  (Details are in Section 7 of this chapter.)

For 2021, this plan participates in the Part D Senior Savings Model which offers lower, stable, and predictable out of pocket costs for covered insulin through the different Part D benefit coverage stages. You will pay a maximum of \$35 for a 1-month supply of covered insulin during the deductible, initial coverage and coverage gap or "donut hole" stages of your benefit. You will pay 5% of the cost of your covered insulin in the catastrophic stage. Your cost maybe less if you receive Extra Help from Medicare.

## SECTION 3 We send you reports that explain payments for your drugs and which payment stage you are in

## Section 3.1 We send you a monthly report called the "Part D Explanation of Benefits" (the "Part D EOB")

Our plan keeps track of the costs of your prescription drugs and the payments you have made when you get your prescriptions filled or refilled at the pharmacy. This way, we can tell you when you have moved from one drug payment stage to the next. In particular, there are two types of costs we keep track of:

☐ We keep track of how much you have paid. This is called your "out-of-pocket" cost.	
☐ We keep track of your "total drug costs." This is the amount you pay out-of-pocket or other	'S
pay on your behalf plus the amount paid by the plan.	

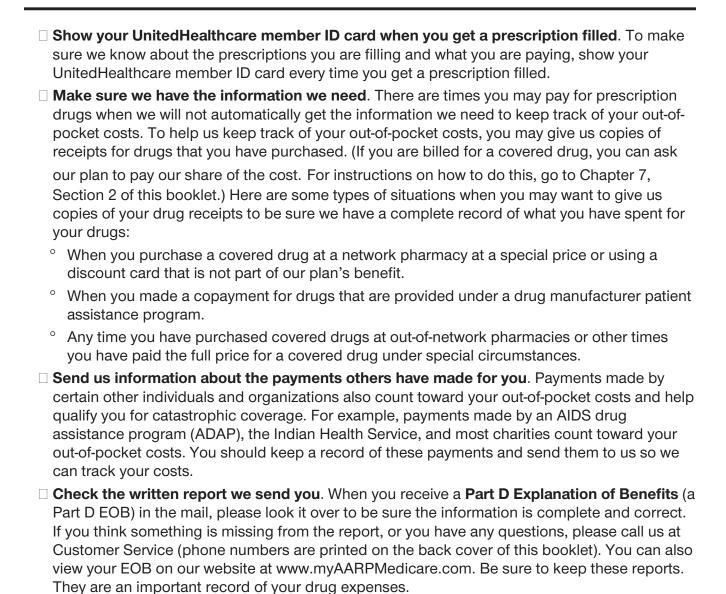
Our plan will prepare a written report called the **Part D Explanation of Benefits** (it is sometimes called the "Part D EOB") when you have had one or more prescriptions filled through the plan during the previous month. The Part D EOB provides more information about the drugs you take, such as increases in price and other drugs with lower cost-sharing that may be available. You should consult with your prescriber about these lower cost options. It includes:

Information for that month. This report gives the payment details about the prescriptions you
have filled during the previous month. It shows the total drug costs, what the plan paid, and
what you and others on your behalf paid.

- □ **Totals for the year since January 1**. This is called "year-to-date" information. It shows you the total drug costs and total payments for your drugs since the year began.
- □ **Drug price information**. This information will display cumulative percentage increases for each prescription claim.
- □ **Available lower cost alternative prescriptions**. This will include information about other drugs with lower cost-sharing for each prescription claim that may be available.

### Section 3.2 Help us keep our information about your drug payments up to date

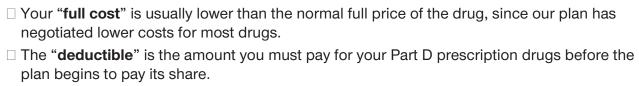
To keep track of your drug costs and the payments you make for drugs, we use records we get from pharmacies. Here is how you can help us keep your information correct and up to date:



## SECTION 4 During the Deductible Stage, you pay the full cost of your Tier 4 and Tier 5 drugs

## Section 4.1 You stay in the Deductible Stage until you have paid \$195 for your Tier 4 and Tier 5 drugs

The Deductible Stage is the first payment stage for your drug coverage. You will pay a yearly deductible of \$195 on Tier 4 and Tier 5 drugs. You must pay the full cost of your Tier 4 and Tier 5 drugs until you reach the plan's deductible amount. For all other drugs you will not have to pay any deductible and will start receiving coverage immediately.



Once you have paid \$195 for your Tier 4 and Tier 5 drugs, you leave the Deductible Stage and move on to the next drug payment stage, which is the Initial Coverage Stage.

There is no deductible for AARP Medicare Advantage Choice Plan 2 (PPO) for Select Insulin Drugs. During the Deductible Stage, your out-of-pocket costs for these Select Insulin Drugs will be \$35 for a one month retail supply. To find out which drugs are Select Insulin Drugs, review the most recent Drug List we provided electronically. If you have questions about the Drug List, you can also call Customer Service (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

### **SECTION 5**

### During the Initial Coverage Stage, the plan pays its share of your drug costs and you pay your share

## Section 5.1 What you pay for a drug depends on the drug and where you fill your prescription

During the Initial Coverage Stage, the plan pays its share of the cost of your covered prescription drugs, and you pay your share (your copayment or coinsurance amount). Your share of the cost will vary depending on the drug and where you fill your prescription.

#### The plan has 5 cost-sharing tiers

Every drug on the plan's Drug List is in one of 5 cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier number, the higher your cost for the drug:

Tier 1 – Preferred Generic - Includes lower-cost, commonly used generic drugs. This is the lowest cost-sharing tier.

Tier 2 – Generic - Includes many generic drugs. This tier also contains supplemental drugs that are approved by the FDA, but have been otherwise excluded from coverage under Medicare Part D. Your plan has made these drugs available to you as an enhanced benefit on your Drug List.

Tier 3 – Preferred Brand - Includes many common brand name drugs, called preferred brands and some higher-cost generic drugs.

Select Insulin Drugs - Select Insulins \$35 maximum copay for each 1-month supply until the catastrophic stage. <sup>1</sup>

Tier 4 – Non-Preferred Drug - Includes non-preferred generic and non-preferred brand name drugs. In addition, Part D eligible compound medications are covered in Tier 4.

Tier 5 – Specialty Tier - Includes unique and/or very high-cost drugs. This is the highest cost-sharing tier.

To find out which cost-sharing tier your drug is in, look it up in the plan's Drug List.

#### Your pharmacy choices

How much you pay for a drug depends on whether you get the drug from:
☐ A retail pharmacy that is in our plan's network
☐ A pharmacy that is not in the plan's network
☐ The plan's mail-order pharmacy

For more information about these pharmacy choices and filling your prescriptions, see Chapter 5 in this booklet and the plan's **Pharmacy Directory**.

<sup>1</sup> For 2021, this plan participates in the Part D Senior Savings Model which offers lower, stable, and predictable out of pocket costs for covered insulin through the different Part D benefit coverage stages. You will pay a maximum of \$35 for a 1-month supply of covered insulin during the deductible, initial coverage and coverage gap or "donut hole" stages of your benefit. You will pay 5% of the cost of your covered insulin in the catastrophic stage. Your cost maybe less if you receive Extra Help from Medicare.

### Section 5.2 A table that shows your costs for a one-month supply of a drug

During the Initial Coverage Stage, your share of the cost of a covered drug will be either a copayment or coinsurance.

☐ "Copayment" means that you pay a fixed amount each time you fill a prescription.
☐ "Coinsurance" means that you pay a percent of the total cost of the drug each time you fill a
prescription.

As shown in the table below, the amount of the copayment or coinsurance depends on which costsharing tier your drug is in. Please note:

- ☐ If your covered drug costs less than the copayment amount listed in the chart, you will pay that lower price for the drug. You pay **either** the full price of the drug **or** the copayment amount, **whichever is lower**.
- □ We cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies in only limited situations. Please see Chapter 5, Section 2.5 for information about when we will cover a prescription filled at an outof-network pharmacy.

	lrug:		
Tier	Standard retail cost- sharing (in-network) (up to a 30-day supply)	Long-term care (LTC) cost-sharing (up to a 31-day supply)	Out-of-network cost- sharing (Coverage is limited to certain situations; see Chapter 5 for details.) (up to a 30-day supply)

Your share of the cost when you get a one- month supply of a covered Part D prescription drug:				
Cost-Sharing Tier 1 Preferred Generic Drugs	\$2 copayment	\$2 copayment	\$2 copayment*	
Cost-Sharing Tier 2 Generic Drugs	\$8 copayment	\$8 copayment	\$8 copayment*	
Cost-Sharing Tier 3 Preferred Brand Drugs	\$47 copayment	\$47 copayment	\$47 copayment*	
Select Insulin Drugs <sup>1</sup>	\$35 copayment	\$35 copayment	\$35 copayment*	
Cost-Sharing Tier 4 Non-Preferred Drugs	\$100 copayment	\$100 copayment	\$100 copayment*	
Cost-Sharing Tier 5 Specialty Tier Drugs	29% coinsurance	29% coinsurance	29% coinsurance*	

<sup>\*</sup>You will not be reimbursed for the difference between the Out-of-Network Pharmacy charge and the plan's In-Network allowable amount.

If you obtain less than a 90-day supply from the preferred mail-order pharmacy for any reason, the in-network standard retail cost-sharing amount applies.

Section 5.3 If your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply, you may not have to pay the cost of the entire month's supply

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For 2021, this plan participates in the Part D Senior Savings Model which offers lower, stable, and predictable out of pocket costs for covered insulin through the different Part D benefit coverage stages. You will pay a maximum of \$35 for a 1-month supply of covered insulin during the deductible, initial coverage and coverage gap or "donut hole" stages of your benefit. You will pay 5% of the cost of your covered insulin in the catastrophic stage. Your cost maybe less if you receive Extra Help from Medicare.

Typically, the amount you pay for a prescription drug covers a full month's supply of a covered drug. However your doctor can prescribe less than a month's supply of drugs. There may be times when you want to ask your doctor about prescribing less than a month's supply of a drug (for example, when you are trying a medication for the first time that is known to have serious side effects). If your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply, you will not have to pay for the full month's supply for certain drugs.

The amount you pay when you get less than a full month's supply will depend on whether you are responsible for paying coinsurance (a percentage of the total cost) or a copayment (a flat dollar amount).

- ☐ If you are responsible for coinsurance, you pay a **percentage** of the total cost of the drug. You pay the same percentage regardless of whether the prescription is for a full month's supply or for fewer days. However, because the entire drug cost will be lower if you get less than a full month's supply, the **amount** you pay will be less.
- ☐ If you are responsible for a copayment for the drug, your copayment will be based on the number of days of the drug that you receive. We will calculate the amount you pay per day for your drug (the "daily cost-sharing rate") and multiply it by the number of days of the drug you receive.
  - ° Here's an example: Let's say the copayment for your drug for a full month's supply (a 30-day supply) is \$30. This means that the amount you pay per day for your drug is \$1. If you receive a 7 days' supply of the drug, your payment will be \$1 per day multiplied by 7 days, for a total payment of \$7.

Daily cost-sharing allows you to make sure certain drugs work for you before you have to pay for an entire month's supply. You can also ask your doctor to prescribe, and your pharmacist to dispense, less than a full month's supply of a drug or drugs, if this will help you better plan refill dates for different prescriptions so that you can take fewer trips to the pharmacy. The amount you pay will depend upon the days' supply you receive.

## Section 5.4 A table that shows your costs for a long-term (90-day) supply of a drug

For some drugs, you can get a long-term supply (also called an "extended supply") when you fill your prescription. A long-term supply is a 90-day supply. (For details on where and how to get a long-term supply of a drug, see Chapter 5, Section 2.4.)

The table below shows what you pay when you get a long-term (90-day) supply of a drug.

□ Please note: If your covered drug costs less than the copayment amount listed in the chart, you will pay that lower price for the drug. You pay **either** the full price of the drug **or** the copayment amount, **whichever is lower**.

Your share of the cost when you get a long-term supply of a covered Part D prescription drug:

Tier	Standard retail cost- sharing (in-network) (90-day supply)	Preferred Mail-order cost-sharing (90-day supply)	Standard Mail-order cost-sharing (90-day supply)	
Cost-Sharing Tier 1 Preferred Generic Drugs	\$4 copayment	\$0 copayment	\$6 copayment	
Cost-Sharing Tier 2 Generic Drugs	\$16 copayment	\$0 copayment	\$24 copayment	
Cost-Sharing Tier 3 Preferred Brand Drugs	\$141 copayment	\$131 copayment	\$141 copayment	
Select Insulin Drugs <sup>1</sup>	\$105 copayment	\$95 copayment	\$105 copayment	
Cost-Sharing Tier 4 Non-Preferred Drugs	\$300 copayment	\$290 copayment	\$300 copayment	
Cost-Sharing Tier 5 Specialty Tier Drugs	N/A <sup>2</sup>	N/A <sup>2</sup>	N/A <sup>2</sup>	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For 2021, this plan participates in the Part D Senior Savings Model which offers lower, stable, and predictable out of pocket costs for covered insulin through the different Part D benefit coverage stages. You will pay a maximum of \$35 for a 1-month supply of covered insulin during the deductible, initial coverage and coverage gap or "donut hole" stages of your benefit. You will pay 5% of the cost of your covered insulin in the catastrophic stage. Your cost maybe less if you receive Extra Help from Medicare.

## Section 5.5 You stay in the Initial Coverage Stage until your total drug costs for the year reach \$4,130

You stay in the Initial Coverage Stage until the total amount for the prescription drugs you have filled and refilled reaches the **\$4,130 limit for the Initial Coverage Stage**.

Your total drug cost is based on adding together what you have paid and what any Part D plan has paid:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Limited to a 30-day supply

- □ What you have paid for all the covered drugs you have gotten since you started with your first drug purchase of the year. (See Section 6.2 for more information about how Medicare calculates your out-of-pocket costs.) This includes:
  - ° The \$195 you paid when you were in the Deductible Stage.
  - ° The total you paid as your share of the cost for your drugs during the Initial Coverage Stage.
- □ What the plan has paid as its share of the cost for your drugs during the Initial Coverage Stage. (If you were enrolled in a different Part D plan at any time during 2021, the amount that plan paid during the Initial Coverage Stage also counts toward your total drug costs.)

We offer additional coverage on some prescription drugs that are not normally covered in a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan. Payments made for these drugs will not count toward your initial coverage limit or total out-of-pocket costs. To find out which drugs our plan covers, refer to your Drug List (Formulary).

The **Part D Explanation of Benefits** (Part D EOB) that we send to you will help you keep track of how much you and the plan, as well as any third parties, have spent on your behalf for your drugs during the year. Many people do not reach the \$4,130 limit in a year.

We will let you know if you reach this \$4,130 amount. If you do reach this amount, you will leave the Initial Coverage Stage and move on to the Coverage Gap Stage.

### **SECTION 6**

During the Coverage Gap Stage, you receive a discount on brand name drugs and pay no more than 25% of the costs for generic drugs

### Section 6.1 You stay in the Coverage Gap Stage until your out-of-pocket costs reach \$6,550

AARP Medicare Advantage Choice Plan 2 (PPO) offers additional gap coverage for Select Insulin Drugs. During the Coverage Gap stage, your out-of-pocket costs for Select Insulin Drugs will be \$35 for a one month retail supply. To find out which drugs are Select Insulin Drugs, review the most recent Drug List we provided electronically. If you have questions about the Drug List, you can also call Customer Service (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

When you are in the Coverage Gap Stage, the Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program provides manufacturer discounts on brand name drugs. You pay 25% of the negotiated price and a portion of the dispensing fee for brand name drugs. Both the amount you pay and the amount discounted by the manufacturer count toward your out-of-pocket costs as if you had paid them and moves you through the coverage gap.

You also receive some coverage for generic drugs. You pay no more than 25% of the cost for generic drugs and the plan pays the rest. For generic drugs, the amount paid by the plan (75%) does not count toward your out-of-pocket costs. Only the amount you pay counts and moves you through the coverage gap.

You continue paying the discounted price for brand name drugs and no more than 25% of the costs of generic drugs until your yearly out-of-pocket payments reach a maximum amount that Medicare has set. In 2021, that amount is \$6,550.

Medicare has rules about what counts and what does **not** count as your out-of-pocket costs. When you reach an out-of-pocket limit of \$6,550, you leave the Coverage Gap Stage and move on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

### Section 6.2 How Medicare calculates your out-of-pocket costs for prescription drugs

Here are Medicare's rules that we must follow when we keep track of your out-of-pocket costs for your drugs.

### These payments are included in your out-of-pocket costs

When you add up your out-of-pocket costs, you can include the payments listed below (as long as they are for Part D covered drugs and you followed the rules for drug coverage that are explained in Chapter 5 of this booklet):

☐ The amount you pay for drugs when you are in any of the following drug payment stages:

- ° The Deductible Stage
- The Initial Coverage Stage
- The Coverage Gap Stage
- ☐ Any payments you made during this calendar year as a member of a different Medicare prescription drug plan before you joined our plan.

#### It matters who pays:

☐ If you make these payments <b>yourself</b> , they are included in your out-of-pocket costs.	
□ These payments are also included if they are made on your behalf by certain other individuals or organizations. This includes payments for your drugs made by a friend or relative, by most charities, by AIDS drug assistance programs, or by the Indian Health Servi Payments made by Medicare's "Extra Help" Program are also included.	ce.
Some of the payments made by the Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program are included. The amount the manufacturer pays for your brand name drugs is included. But the amount plan pays for your generic drugs is not included.	

#### **Moving on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage:**

When you (or those paying on your behalf) have spent a total of \$6,550 in out-of-pocket costs within the calendar year, you will move from the Coverage Gap Stage to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

### These payments are not included in your out-of-pocket costs

When you add up your out-of-pocket costs, you are <b>not allowed to include</b> any of these types of payments for prescription drugs:
☐ The amount you pay for your monthly premium.
☐ Drugs you buy outside the United States and its territories.
□ Drugs that are not covered by our plan.
☐ Drugs you get at an out-of-network pharmacy that do not meet the plan's requirements for out-of-network coverage.
□ Prescription drugs covered by Part A or Part B.
<ul> <li>Payments you make toward drugs covered under our additional coverage but not normally covered in a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Payments you make toward prescription drugs not normally covered in a Medicare</li> <li>Prescription Drug Plan.</li> </ul>
$\hfill \square$ Payments made by the plan for your brand or generic drugs while in the Coverage Gap.
$\hfill \square$ Payments for your drugs that are made by group health plans including employer health plans.
<ul> <li>Payments for your drugs that are made by certain insurance plans and government-funded health programs such as TRICARE and Veterans Affairs.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Payments for your drugs made by a third-party with a legal obligation to pay for prescription costs (for example, Workers' Compensation).</li> </ul>
<b>Reminder</b> : If any other organization such as the ones listed above pays part or all of your out-of-pocket costs for drugs, you are required to tell our plan. Call Customer Service to let us know (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
How can you keep track of your out-of-pocket total?
□ We will help you. The Part D Explanation of Benefits (Part D EOB) report we send to you includes the current amount of your out-of-pocket costs (Section 3 in this chapter tells about this report). When you reach a total of \$6,550 in out-of-pocket costs for the year, this report will tell you that you have left the Coverage Gap Stage and have moved on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.
☐ Make sure we have the information we need. Section 3.2 tells what you can do to help make sure that our records of what you have spent are complete and up to date.
SECTION 7 During the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, the plan
pays most of the cost for your drugs

### Section 7.1 Once you are in the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, you will stay in this stage for the rest of the year

You qualify for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage when your out-of-pocket costs have reached the \$6,550 limit for the calendar year. Once you are in the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, you will stay in this payment stage until the end of the calendar year.

During this stage, the plan will pay most of the cost for your drugs, excluding the covered supplemental drugs.

- ☐ **Your share** of the cost for a covered drug will be either coinsurance or a copayment, whichever is the **larger** amount:
  - either coinsurance of 5% of the cost of the drug
  - or \$3.70 for a generic drug or a drug that is treated like a generic and \$9.20 for all other drugs.
- ☐ Our plan pays the rest of the cost.

For the plan's supplemental drugs covered in Tier 2, you pay your cost-sharing amount (see Section 5 for these amounts).

### SECTION 8 Additional benefits information

### Section 8.1 Our plan has benefit limitations

This part of Chapter 6 talks about limitations of our plan.

- 1. Early refills for lost, stolen or destroyed drugs are not covered except during a declared "National Emergency".
- 2. Early refills for vacation supplies are limited to a one-time fill of up to 30 days per calendar year.
- 3. Medications will not be covered if prescribed by physicians or other providers who are excluded or precluded from the Medicare program participation.
- 4. You may refill a non-opioid prescription when a minimum of seventy-five percent (75%) of the quantity is consumed based on the days supply.
- 5. You may refill an opioid prescription when a minimum of eighty-five percent (85%) of the quantity is consumed based on the days supply.
- 6. Costs for drugs that are not covered under Part D do not count toward your Out-of-Pocket costs.

# SECTION 9 What you pay for vaccinations covered by Part D depends on how and where you get them

## Section 9.1 Our plan may have separate coverage for the Part D vaccine medication itself and for the cost of giving you the vaccine

Our plan provides coverage for a number of Part D vaccines. We also cover vaccines that are considered medical benefits. You can find out about coverage of these vaccines by going to the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4, Section 2.1.
There are two parts to our coverage of Part D vaccinations:
□ The first part of coverage is the cost of the vaccine medication itself. The vaccine is a prescription medication.
☐ The second part of coverage is for the cost of <b>giving you the vaccine</b> . (This is sometimes called the "administration" of the vaccine.)
What do you pay for a Part D vaccination?
What you pay for a Part D vaccination depends on three things:
1. The type of vaccine (what you are being vaccinated for).
Some vaccines are considered medical benefits. You can find out about your coverage of these vaccines by going to Chapter 4, Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay).
<ul> <li>Other vaccines are considered Part D drugs. You can find these vaccines listed in the plan's List of Covered Drugs (Formulary).</li> </ul>
2. Where you get the vaccine medication.
3. Who gives you the vaccine.
What you pay at the time you get the Part D vaccination can vary depending on the circumstances. For example:
Sometimes when you get your vaccine, you will have to pay the entire cost for both the vaccine medication and for getting the vaccine. You can ask our plan to pay you back for our share of the cost.
☐ Other times, when you get the vaccine medication or the vaccine, you will pay only your share of the cost.
To show how this works, here are three common ways you might get a Part D vaccine. Remember you are responsible for all of the costs associated with vaccines (including their administration) during the Deductible and Coverage Gap Stage of your benefit.
Situation 1: You buy the Part D vaccine at the pharmacy and you get your vaccine at the network pharmacy. (Whether you have this choice depends on where you live. Some states do not allow pharmacies to administer a vaccination.)
☐ You will have to pay the pharmacy the amount of your copayment and/or coinsurance for the vaccine and the cost of giving you the vaccine.
☐ Our plan will pay the remainder of the costs.
Situation 2: You get the Part D vaccination at your doctor's office.

 $\hfill\square$  When you get the vaccination, you will pay for the entire cost of the vaccine and its

administration.

described in Chapt	or plan to pay our share of the cost by using the procedures that are or 7 of this booklet (Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received all services or drugs).
for the vaccine (inc	red the amount you paid less your normal copayment and/or coinsurance uding administration) less any difference between the amount the doctor e normally pay. (If you get "Extra Help," we will reimburse you for this
-	Part D vaccine at your pharmacy, and then take it to your doctor's office give you the vaccine.
You will have to pay vaccine itself.	the pharmacy the amount of your copayment and/or coinsurance for the
	ives you the vaccine, you will pay the entire cost for this service. You can pay our share of the cost by using the procedures described in Chapter 7
any difference betw	eed the amount charged by the doctor for administering the vaccine less een the amount the doctor charges and what we normally pay. (If you get I reimburse you for this difference.)
Section 9.2	You may want to call us at Customer Service before you get a vaccination
you call us first at Custo	f vaccinations are complicated. We are here to help. We recommend that mer Service whenever you are planning to get a vaccination. (Phone service are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
☐ We can tell you abouthe cost.	ut how your vaccination is covered by our plan and explain your share of
<ul><li>We can tell you how network.</li></ul>	to keep your own cost down by using providers and pharmacies in our
-	use a network provider and pharmacy, we can tell you what you need to om us for our share of the cost.

## Chapter 7

Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

### **Chapter 7**

# Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

SECTION 1	Situations in which you should ask us to pay our share of the cost of your covered services or drugs				
	Section 1.1	If you pay our plan's share of the cost of your covered services or drugs, or if you receive a bill, you can ask us for payment	2		
SECTION 2	How to ask	How to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received			
	Section 2.1	How and where to send us your request for payment	4		
SECTION 3	We will con	sider your request for payment and say yes or no	5		
	Section 3.1	We check to see whether we should cover the service or drug and hand we owe			
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SECTION 4	Other situat	tions in which you should save your receipts and send copies to u	s. 6		
	Section 4.1	In some cases, you should send copies of your receipts to us to hel us track your out-of-pocket drug costs	•		

### **SECTION 1**

## Situations in which you should ask us to pay our share of the cost of your covered services or drugs

### Section 1.1 If you pay our plan's share of the cost of your covered services or drugs, or if you receive a bill, you can ask us for payment

Sometimes when you get medical care or a prescription drug, you may need to pay the full cost right away. Other times, you may find that you have paid more than you expected under the coverage rules of the plan. In either case, you can ask our plan to pay you back (paying you back is often called "reimbursing" you). It is your right to be paid back by our plan whenever you've paid more than your share of the cost for medical services or drugs that are covered by our plan.

There may also be times when you get a bill from a provider for the full cost of medical care you have received. In many cases, you should send this bill to us instead of paying it. We will look at the bill and decide whether the services should be covered. If we decide they should be covered, we will pay the provider directly.

Here are examples of situations in which you may need to ask our plan to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received:

### 1. When you've received medical care from a provider who is not in our plan's network

When you received services from a provider in the United States who is not part of our network, you are only responsible for paying your share of the cost, not for the entire cost. (Your share of the cost may be higher for an out-of-network provider than for a network provider). You should ask the provider to bill the plan for our share of the cost.

- ☐ If you pay the entire amount yourself at the time you receive the care, you need to ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. Send us the bill, along with documentation of any payments you have made.
- ☐ At times you may get a bill from the provider asking for payment that you think you do not owe. Send us this bill, along with documentation of any payments you have already made.
  - If the provider is owed anything, we will pay the provider directly.
  - o If you have already paid more than your share of the cost of the service, we will determine how much you owed and pay you back for our share of the cost.
- □ Please note: While you can get your care from an out-of-network provider, the provider must be eligible to participate in Medicare. Except for emergency care, we cannot pay a provider who has opted out of or been excluded or precluded from the Medicare Program. If the provider is not eligible to participate in Medicare, you will be responsible for the full cost of the services you receive.
- ☐ You can also receive emergency or urgently needed services from a provider outside the United States. If you receive emergency or urgently-needed services outside of the United States, the provider may require that you pay for the cost of the services in full. Ask for a written, detailed bill or receipt showing the specific services provided to you. Send a copy of the itemized bill or an itemized receipt to us to pay you back. You should be prepared to

assist us in obtaining all of the information necessary to properly process your request for reimbursement, including medical records.

#### 2. When a network provider sends you a bill you think you should not pay

cost. But sometimes they make mistakes, and ask you to pay more than your share.
☐ You only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get services covered by our plan. We do not allow network providers to add additional separate charges, called "balance billing." This protection (that you never pay more than your cost-sharing amount) applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don't pay certain provider charges. For more information about "balance billing," go to Chapter 4, Section 1.3.
☐ Whenever you get a bill from a network provider that you think is more than you should pay,

Network providers should always bill the plan directly, and ask you only for your share of the

Whenever you get a bill from a network provider that you think is more than you should pay, send us the bill. We will contact the provider directly and resolve the billing problem.

☐ If you have already paid a bill to a network provider, but you feel that you paid too much, send us the bill along with documentation of any payment you have made and ask us to pay you back the difference between the amount you paid and the amount you owed under the plan.

#### 3. If you are retroactively enrolled in our plan

Sometimes a person's enrollment in the plan is retroactive. (Retroactive means that the first day of their enrollment has already passed. The enrollment date may even have occurred last year.)

If you were retroactively enrolled in our plan and you paid out-of-pocket for any of your covered services or drugs after your enrollment date, you can ask us to pay you back for our share of the costs. You will need to submit paperwork for us to handle the reimbursement.

Please call Customer Service for additional information about how to ask us to pay you back and deadlines for making your request. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

#### 4. When you use an out-of-network pharmacy to get a prescription filled

If you go to an out-of-network pharmacy and try to use your UnitedHealthcare member ID card to fill a prescription, the pharmacy may not be able to submit the claim directly to us. When that happens, you will have to pay the full cost of your prescription. (We cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies only in a few special situations. Please go to Chapter 5, Section 2.5 to learn more.)

Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost.

### 5. When you pay the full cost for a prescription because you don't have your UnitedHealthcare member ID card with you

If you do not have your UnitedHealthcare member ID card with you, you can ask the pharmacy to call the plan or to look up your plan enrollment information. However, if the pharmacy cannot

get the enrollment information they need right away, you may need to pay the full cost of the prescription yourself.

Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost.

#### 6. When you pay the full cost for a prescription in other situations

You may pay the full cost of the prescription because you find that the drug is not covered for some reason.

- □ For example, the drug may not be on the plan's List of Covered Drugs (Formulary); or it could have a requirement or restriction that you didn't know about or don't think should apply to you. If you decide to get the drug immediately, you may need to pay the full cost for it.
   □ Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back. In some
- □ Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back. In some situations, we may need to get more information from your doctor in order to pay you back for our share of the cost.

### 7. When you utilize your Worldwide Emergency Coverage, Worldwide Urgently Needed Services, or Worldwide Emergency Transportation benefits

You will pay the full cost of emergency services received outside of the United States at the time you receive services. To receive reimbursement from us, you must do the following:

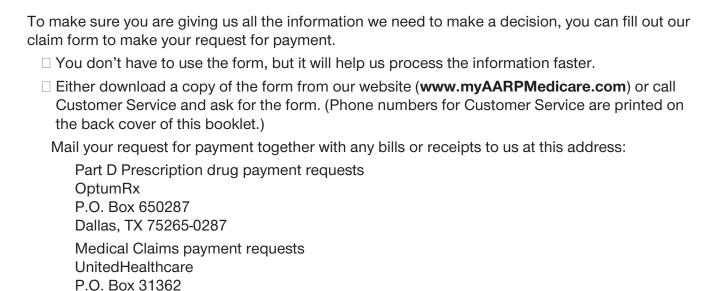
- □ Pay your bill at the time it is received. We will reimburse you for the difference between the amount of your bill and your cost share for the services as outlined in Chapter 4 of this document.
- □ Save all of your receipts and send us copies when you ask us to pay you back. In some situations, we may need to get more information from you or the provider who rendered services to you in order to pay you back for our share of the cost. Please see Chapter 7 Section 2.1 for expense reimbursement for worldwide services.
- ☐ If you are being asked to pay your bill for worldwide emergency services and are unable to make the payment, please call Customer Service for additional assistance and we may be able to help coordinate payment for covered services on your behalf.

All of the examples above are types of coverage decisions. This means that if we deny your request for payment, you can appeal our decision. Chapter 9 of this booklet (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)) has information about how to make an appeal.

## SECTION 2 How to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received

### Section 2.1 How and where to send us your request for payment

Send us your request for payment, along with your bill and documentation of any payment you have made. It's a good idea to make a copy of your bill and receipts for your records.



You must submit your Part C (medical) claim to us within 12 months of the date you received the service, item, or Part B drug.

Salt Lake City, UT 84131-0362

You must submit your Part D (prescription drug) claim to us within 36 months of the date you received the service, item, or drug.

Contact Customer Service if you have any questions (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). If you don't know what you should have paid, or you receive bills and you don't know what to do about those bills, we can help. You can also call if you want to give us more information about a request for payment you have already sent to us.

# SECTION 3 We will consider your request for payment and say yes or no

### Section 3.1 We check to see whether we should cover the service or drug and how much we owe

When we receive your request for payment, we will let you know if we need any additional information from you. Otherwise, we will consider your request and make a coverage decision.

If we decide that the medical care or drug is covered and you followed all the rules for getting
the care or drug, we will pay for our share of the cost. If you have already paid for the service or
drug, we will mail your reimbursement of our share of the cost to you. If you have not paid for
the service or drug yet, we will mail the payment directly to the provider. (Chapter 3 explains
the rules you need to follow for getting your medical services covered. Chapter 5 explains the
rules you need to follow for getting your Part D prescription drugs covered.)

If we decide that the medical care or drug is <b>not</b> covered, or you did <b>not</b> follow all the rules, we
will not pay for our share of the cost. Instead, we will send you a letter that explains the reasons
why we are not sending the payment you have requested and your rights to appeal that
decision.

### Section 3.2 If we tell you that we will not pay for all or part of the medical care or drug, you can make an appeal

If you think we have made a mistake in turning down your request for payment or you don't agree with the amount we are paying, you can make an appeal. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the decision we made when we turned down your request for payment.

For the details on how to make this appeal, go to Chapter 9 of this booklet (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)). The appeals process is a formal process with detailed procedures and important deadlines. If making an appeal is new to you, you will find it helpful to start by reading Section 4 of Chapter 9. Section 4 is an introductory section that explains the process for coverage decisions and appeals and gives definitions of terms such as "appeal." Then after you have read Section 4, you can go to the section in Chapter 9 that tells what to do for your situation:

☐ If you want to	make an appeal	about getting	g paid back for	r a medical se	ervice, go to	Section 5.3
in Chapter 9.						

☐ If you want to make an appeal about getting paid back for a drug, go to Section 6.5 of Chapter 9.

## SECTION 4 Other situations in which you should save your receipts and send copies to us

### Section 4.1 In some cases, you should send copies of your receipts to us to help us track your out-of-pocket drug costs

There are some situations when you should let us know about payments you have made for your drugs. In these cases, you are not asking us for payment. Instead, you are telling us about your payments so that we can calculate your out-of-pocket costs correctly. This may help you to qualify for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage more quickly.

Here are two situations when you should send us copies of receipts to let us know about payments you have made for your drugs:

#### 1. When you buy the drug for a price that is lower than our price

Sometimes when you are in the Deductible Stage and Coverage Gap Stage you can buy your drug at a network pharmacy for a price that is lower than our price.

For example, a pharmacy might of	ffer a special	price on the	drug. Or you	may have a
discount card that is outside our b	enefit that of	fers a lower	price.	

	☐ Unless special conditions apply, you must use a network pharmacy in these situations and your drug must be on our Drug List.
	☐ Save your receipt and send a copy to us so that we can have your out-of-pocket expenses count toward qualifying you for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.
	□ <b>Please note:</b> If you are in the Deductible Stage and Coverage Gap Stage, we will not pay for any share of these drug costs. But sending a copy of the receipt allows us to calculate your out-of-pocket costs correctly and may help you qualify for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage more quickly.
2. <b>V</b>	When you get a drug through a patient assistance program offered by a drug manufacturer
	Some members are enrolled in a patient assistance program offered by a drug manufacturer that is outside the plan benefits. If you get any drugs through a program offered by a drug manufacturer, you may pay a copayment to the patient assistance program.
	☐ Save your receipt and send a copy to us so that we can have your out-of-pocket expenses count toward qualifying you for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.
	□ <b>Please note:</b> Because you are getting your drug through the patient assistance program and not through the plan's benefits, we will not pay for any share of these drug costs. But sending a copy of the receipt allows us to calculate your out-of-pocket costs correctly and may help you qualify for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage more quickly.
٠: <sub></sub>	as you are not calling for normant in the two speed described above, these city ations are not

Since you are not asking for payment in the two cases described above, these situations are not considered coverage decisions. Therefore, you cannot make an appeal if you disagree with our decision.

# **Chapter 8**

Your rights and responsibilities

# **Chapter 8**Your rights and responsibilities

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## SECTION 1 Our plan must honor your rights as a member of the plan

#### Section 1.1

You have a right to receive information about the organization, its services, its practitioners and providers and member rights and responsibilities. We must provide information in a way that works for you (in languages other than English, in Braille, in large print, or other alternate formats, etc.)

To get information from us in a way that works for you, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

Our plan has people and free interpreter services available to answer questions from disabled and non-English speaking members. This information is available for free in other languages. We can also give you information in Braille, in large print, or other alternate formats at no cost if you need it. We are required to give you information about the plan's benefits in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you. To get information from us in a way that works for you, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or contact our Civil Rights Coordinator.

If you have any trouble getting information from our plan in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you, please call to file a grievance with Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the cover of this booklet). You may also file a complaint with Medicare by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) or directly with the Office for Civil Rights. Contact information is included in this **Evidence of Coverage** or with this mailing, or you may contact Customer Service for additional information.

#### Sección 1.1

Usted tiene derecho a recibir información sobre la organización, sus servicios, sus profesionales del cuidado de la salud y proveedores, además de los derechos y las responsabilidades de los miembros. Debemos brindarle información útil y en otros idiomas aparte del inglés, en braille, en letras grandes o en otros formatos alternativos

Para obtener información nuestra de una forma que le resulte conveniente, llame al Servicio al Cliente (los teléfonos aparecen en la portada posterior de esta guía). Nuestro plan cuenta con personal y con servicios de interpretación gratuitos para responder a las preguntas de los miembros que no hablan inglés o que tienen alguna discapacidad. Esta información está disponible sin costo en otros idiomas. También podemos proporcionarle la información en braille, en formato de letras grandes o en otros formatos, sin costo alguno, si es necesario. Se nos exige que le brindemos la información de los beneficios del plan en un formato que sea accesible y apropiado para usted. Para obtener información de una forma que le resulte conveniente, llame a Servicio al Cliente (los teléfonos están impresos en la portada posterior de esta guía) o comuníquese con nuestro Coordinador de Derechos Civiles.

Si tiene algún problema para obtener la información de nuestro plan en un formato accesible y apropiado para usted, por favor llame a Servicio al Cliente y solicite presentar una queja formal (los números de teléfono están impresos en la portada de esta guía). También puede presentar una queja con Medicare llamando al 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) o directamente en la Oficina de Derechos Civiles. La información de contacto se encuentra en la **Evidencia de Cobertura** o en este comunicado. Si desea obtener más información puede comunicarse con Servicio al Cliente.

### Section 1.2 We must ensure that you get timely access to your covered services and drugs

You have the right to choose a provider in the plan's network. Call Customer Service to learn which doctors are accepting new patients (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You also have the right to go to a women's health specialist (such as a gynecologist) without a referral and still pay the in-network cost-sharing amount.

As a plan member, you have the right to get appointments and covered services from your providers, **within a reasonable amount of time**. This includes the right to get timely services from specialists when you need that care. You also have the right to get your prescriptions filled or refilled at any of our network pharmacies without long delays.

#### **How to Receive Care After Hours**

If you need to talk or see your Primary Care Provider after the office has closed for the day, call your Primary Care Provider's office. When the on call physician returns your call he or she will advise you on how to proceed.

If you think that you are not getting your medical care or Part D drugs within a reasonable amount of time, Chapter 9, Section 10 of this booklet tells what you can do. (If we have denied coverage for your medical care or drugs and you don't agree with our decision, Chapter 9, Section 4 tells what you can do.)

### Section 1.3 We must protect the privacy of your personal health information

Federal and state laws protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. We protect your personal health information as required by these laws.

Your "personal health information" includes the personal information you gave us when you enrolled in this plan as well as your medical records and other medical and health information.
The laws that protect your privacy give you rights related to getting information and controlling how your health information is used. We give you a written notice, called a "Notice of Privacy Practice," that tells about these rights and explains how we protect the privacy of your health information.

### How do we protect the privacy of your health information?

paying for your care, we are required to get written permission from you	first. Written
☐ In most situations, if we give your health information to anyone who isn't pro	oviding your care or

permission can be given by you or by someone you have given legal power to make decisions for you.

- ☐ There are certain exceptions that do not require us to get your written permission first. These exceptions are allowed or required by law.
  - For example, we are required to release health information to government agencies that are checking on quality of care.
  - Because you are a member of our plan through Medicare, we are required to give Medicare your health information including information about your Part D prescription drugs. If Medicare releases your information for research or other uses, this will be done according to Federal statutes and regulations.

### You can see the information in your records and know how it has been shared with others

You have the right to look at your medical records held at the plan, and to get a copy of your records. We are allowed to charge you a fee for making copies. You also have the right to ask us to make additions or corrections to your medical records. If you ask us to do this, we will work with your health care provider to decide whether the changes should be made.

You have the right to know how your health information has been shared with others for any purposes that are not routine.

If you have questions or concerns about the privacy of your personal health information, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

#### **HEALTH PLAN NOTICES OF PRIVACY PRACTICES**

THIS NOTICE DESCRIBES HOW <u>MEDICAL INFORMATION</u> ABOUT YOU MAY BE USED AND DISCLOSED AND HOW YOU CAN GET ACCESS TO THIS INFORMATION. PLEASE REVIEW IT CAREFULLY.

### **Medical Information Privacy Notice**

Effective January 1, 2021

We<sup>1</sup> are required by law to protect the privacy of your health information. We are also required to send you this notice, which explains how we may use information about you and when we can give out or "disclose" that information to others. You also have rights regarding your health information that are described in this notice. We are required by law to abide by the terms of this notice.

The terms "information" or "health information" in this notice include any information we maintain that reasonably can be used to identify you and that relates to your physical or mental health condition, the provision of health care to you, or the payment for such health care. We will comply with the requirements of applicable privacy laws related to notifying you in the event of a breach of your health information.

We have the right to change our privacy practices and the terms of this notice. If we make a material change to our privacy practices, we will provide to you, in our next annual distribution, either a revised notice or information about the material change and how to obtain a revised notice.

<sup>1</sup> This Medical Information Notice of Privacy Practices applies to the following health plans that are affiliated with UnitedHealth Group: ACN Group of California, Inc.; All Savers Insurance Company; All Savers Life Insurance Company of California; AmeriChoice of New Jersey, Inc.; Arizona Physicians IPA, Inc.; Care Improvement Plus of Texas Insurance Company; Care Improvement Plus South Central Insurance Company; Care Improvement Plus Wisconsin Insurance Company; Dental Benefit Providers of California, Inc.; Dental Benefit Providers of Illinois, Inc.; Enterprise Life Insurance Company; Freedom Life Insurance Company of America; Golden Rule Insurance Company; Health Plan of Nevada, Inc.; MAMSI Life and Health Insurance Company; March Vision Care, Inc.; MD - Individual Practice Association, Inc.; Medica Health Plans of Florida, Inc.; Medica Healthcare Plans, Inc.; National Pacific Dental, Inc.; National Foundation Life Insurance Company; Neighborhood Health Partnership, Inc.; Nevada Pacific Dental; Optimum Choice, Inc.; Optum Insurance Company of Ohio, Inc.; Oxford Health Insurance, Inc.; Oxford Health Plans (CT), Inc.; Oxford Health Plans (NJ), Inc.; Oxford Health Plans (NY), Inc.; PacifiCare Life and Health Insurance Company; PacifiCare Life Assurance Company; PacifiCare of Arizona, Inc.; PacifiCare of Colorado, Inc.; PacifiCare of Nevada, Inc.; Peoples Health, Inc.; Physicians Health Choice of Texas, LLC; Preferred Care Partners, Inc.; Rocky Mountain Health Maintenance Organization, Incorporated; Rocky Mountain HealthCare Options, Inc.; Sierra Health and Life Insurance Company, Inc.; Symphonix Health Insurance, Inc.; UHC of California; U.S. Behavioral Health Plan, California; Unimerica Insurance Company; Unimerica Life Insurance Company of New York; Unison Health Plan of Delaware, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare Benefits of Texas, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare Community Plan of California, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare Community Plan of Georgia, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare Community Plan of Ohio, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare Community Plan, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare Community Plan of Texas, L.L.C.; UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company; UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company of Illinois; UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company of New York; UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company of the River Valley; UnitedHealthcare Life Insurance Company; UnitedHealthcare of Alabama, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Arizona, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Arkansas, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Colorado, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Florida, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Georgia, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Illinois, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Kentucky, Ltd.; UnitedHealthcare of Louisiana, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of the Mid-Atlantic, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of the Midlands, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of the Midwest, Inc.; United Healthcare of Mississippi, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of New England, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of New Mexico, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of New York, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of North Carolina, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Ohio, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Oklahoma, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Oregon, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Pennsylvania, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Texas, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Utah, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Washington, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare of Wisconsin, Inc.; UnitedHealthcare Plan of the River Valley, Inc. This list of health plans is complete as of the effective date of this notice. For a current list of health plans subject to this notice go to www.uhc.com/privacy/entities-fn-v1.

We will provide you with this information either by direct mail or electronically, in accordance with applicable law. In all cases, if we maintain a website for your particular health plan, we will post the revised notice on your health plan website, www.myAARPMedicare.com. We reserve the right to

make any revised or changed notice effective for information we already have and for information that we receive in the future.

UnitedHealth Group collects and maintains oral, written and electronic information to administer our business and to provide products, services and information of importance to our enrollees. We maintain physical, electronic and procedural security safeguards in the handling and maintenance of our enrollees' information, in accordance with applicable state and federal standards, to protect against risks such as loss, destruction or misuse.

#### **How We Use or Disclose Information**

We must use and disclose your health information to provide that information:

- To you or someone who has the legal right to act for you (your personal representative) in order to administer your rights as described in this notice; and
- To the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services, if necessary, to make sure your privacy is protected.

**We have the right to** use and disclose health information for your treatment, to pay for your health care and to operate our business. For example, we may use or disclose your health information:

- For Payment of premiums due us, to determine your coverage, and to process claims for health care services you receive, including for subrogation or coordination of other benefits you may have. For example, we may tell a doctor whether you are eligible for coverage and what percentage of the bill may be covered.
- For Treatment. We may use or disclose health information to aid in your treatment or the coordination of your care. For example, we may disclose information to your physicians or hospitals to help them provide medical care to you.
- For Health Care Operations. We may use or disclose health information as necessary to operate and manage our business activities related to providing and managing your health care coverage. For example, we might talk to your physician to suggest a disease management or wellness program that could help improve your health or we may analyze data to determine how we can improve our services. We may also de-identify health information in accordance with applicable laws. After that information is de-identified, the information is no longer subject to this notice and we may use the information for any lawful purpose.
- □ To Provide You Information on Health-Related Programs or Products such as alternative medical treatments and programs or about health-related products and services, subject to limits imposed by law.
   □ For Plan Spanners, If your payorage is through an employer appeared group health plan.
- □ For Plan Sponsors. If your coverage is through an employer sponsored group health plan, we may share summary health information and enrollment and disenrollment information with the plan sponsor. In addition, we may share other health information with the plan sponsor for plan administration purposes if the plan sponsor agrees to special restrictions on its use and disclosure of the information in accordance with federal law.

For Underwriting Purposes. We may use or disclose your health information for underwriting purposes; however, we will not use or disclose your genetic information for such purposes.
☐ <b>For Reminders.</b> We may use or disclose health information to send you reminders about your benefits or care, such as appointment reminders with providers who provide medical care to you.
□ For Communications to You. We may communicate, electronically or via telephone, these treatment, payment or health care operation messages using telephone numbers or email addresses you provide to us. We may communicate certain health information in these messages via unencrypted methods. These communications may be sent unencrypted and there is some risk of disclosure or interception of the contents of these communications.
<b>We may</b> use or disclose your health information for the following purposes under limited circumstances:
$\hfill \square$ As Required by Law. We may disclose information when required to do so by law.
□ To Persons Involved with Your Care. We may use or disclose your health information to a person involved in your care or who helps pay for your care, such as a family member, when you are incapacitated or in an emergency, or when you agree or fail to object when given the opportunity. If you are unavailable or unable to object, we will use our best judgment to decide if the disclosure is in your best interests. Special rules apply regarding when we may disclose health information to family members and others involved in a deceased individual's care. We may disclose health information to any persons involved, prior to the death, in the care or payment for care of a deceased individual, unless we are aware that doing so would be inconsistent with a preference previously expressed by the deceased.
<ul> <li>For Public Health Activities such as reporting or preventing disease outbreaks to a public health authority.</li> </ul>
☐ For Reporting Victims of Abuse, Neglect or Domestic Violence to government authorities that are authorized by law to receive such information, including a social service or protective service agency.
☐ For Health Oversight Activities to a health oversight agency for activities authorized by law, such as licensure, governmental audits and fraud and abuse investigations.
□ For Judicial or Administrative Proceedings such as in response to a court order, search warrant or subpoena.
□ For Law Enforcement Purposes. We may disclose your health information to a law enforcement official for purposes such as providing limited information to locate a missing person or report a crime.
☐ <b>To Avoid a Serious Threat to Health or Safety</b> to you, another person, or the public, by, for example, disclosing information to public health agencies or law enforcement authorities, or in the event of an emergency or natural disaster.
☐ For Specialized Government Functions such as military and veteran activities, national security and intelligence activities, and the protective services for the President and others.

For Workers' Compensation as authorized by, or to the extent necessary to comply with, state workers compensation laws that govern job-related injuries or illness.
For Research Purposes such as research related to the evaluation of certain treatments or the prevention of disease or disability, if the research study meets federal privacy law requirements.
<b>To Provide Information Regarding Decedents.</b> We may disclose information to a coroner or medical examiner to identify a deceased person, determine a cause of death, or as authorized by law. We may also disclose information to funeral directors as necessary to carry out their duties.
<b>For Organ Procurement Purposes.</b> We may use or disclose information to entities that handle procurement, banking or transplantation of organs, eyes or tissue to facilitate donation and transplantation.
To Correctional Institutions or Law Enforcement Officials if you are an inmate of a correctional institution or under the custody of a law enforcement official, but only if necessary (1) for the institution to provide you with health care; (2) to protect your health and safety or the health and safety of others; or (3) for the safety and security of the correctional institution.

**To Business Associates** that perform functions on our behalf or provide us with services if the information is necessary for such functions or services. Our business associates are required, under contract with us and pursuant to federal law, to protect the privacy of your information and are not allowed to use or disclose any information other than as specified in our contract and as permitted by federal law.

**Additional Restrictions on Use and Disclosure.** Certain federal and state laws may require special privacy protections that restrict the use and disclosure of certain health information, including highly confidential information about you. Such laws may protect the following types of information:

- 1. Alcohol and Substance Abuse
- 2. Biometric Information
- 3. Child or Adult Abuse or Neglect, including Sexual Assault
- 4. Communicable Diseases
- 5. Genetic Information
- 6. HIV/AIDS
- 7. Mental Health
- 8. Minors' Information
- 9. Prescriptions
- 10. Reproductive Health
- 11. Sexually Transmitted Diseases

If a use or disclosure of health information described above in this notice is prohibited or materially limited by other laws that apply to us, it is our intent to meet the requirements of the more stringent law.

Except for uses and disclosures described and limited as set forth in this notice, we will use and disclose your health information only with a written authorization from you. This includes, except for limited circumstances allowed by federal privacy law, not using or disclosing psychotherapy notes about you, selling your health information to others, or using or disclosing your health information for certain promotional communications that are prohibited marketing communications under federal law, without your written authorization. Once you give us authorization to release your health information, we cannot guarantee that the recipient to whom the information is provided will not disclose the information. You may take back or "revoke" your written authorization at any time in writing, except if we have already acted based on your authorization. To find out where to mail your written authorization and how to revoke an authorization, contact the phone number listed on your health plan ID card.

### What Are Your Rights

The following are your rights with respect to your health information:

- ☐ You have the right to ask to restrict uses or disclosures of your information for treatment, payment, or health care operations. You also have the right to ask to restrict disclosures to family members or to others who are involved in your health care or payment for your health care. We may also have policies on dependent access that authorize your dependents to request certain restrictions. Please note that while we will try to honor your request and will permit requests consistent with our policies, we are not required to agree to any restriction. You have the right to ask to receive confidential communications of information in a different manner or at a different place (for example, by sending information to a P.O. Box instead of your home address). We will accommodate reasonable requests where a disclosure of all or part of your health information otherwise could endanger you. In certain circumstances, we will accept your verbal request to receive confidential communications, however; we may also require you confirm your request in writing. In addition, any requests to modify or cancel a previous confidential communication request must be made in writing. Mail your request to the address listed below. ☐ You have the right to see and obtain a copy of certain health information we maintain about you such as claims and case or medical management records. If we maintain your health information electronically, you will have the right to request that we send a copy of your health information in an electronic format to you. You can also request that we provide a copy of your information to a third party that you identify. In some cases, you may receive a summary of this health information. You must make a written request to inspect and copy your health information or have your information sent to a third party. Mail your request to the address listed below. In certain limited circumstances, we may deny your request to inspect and copy your health information. If we deny your request, you may have the right to have the denial reviewed. We may charge a reasonable fee for any copies. ☐ You have the right to ask to amend certain health information we maintain about you such as
- You have the right to ask to amend certain health information we maintain about you such as claims and case or medical management records, if you believe the health information about you is wrong or incomplete. Your request must be in writing and provide the reasons for the

	requested amendment. Mail your request to the address listed below. If we deny your request, you may have a statement of your disagreement added to your health information.
	You have the right to receive an accounting of certain disclosures of your information made by us during the six years prior to your request. This accounting will not include disclosures of information made: (i) for treatment, payment, and health care operations purposes; (ii) to you or pursuant to your authorization; and (iii) to correctional institutions or law enforcement officials; and (iv) other disclosures for which federal law does not require us to provide an accounting.
	You have the right to a paper copy of this notice. You may ask for a copy of this notice at any time. Even if you have agreed to receive this notice electronically, you are still entitled to a paper copy of this notice. If we maintain a website, we will post a copy of the revised notice on our website. You may also obtain a copy of this notice on your website, www.myAARPMedicare.com.
Exe	rcising Your Rights
	Contacting your Health Plan. If you have any questions about this notice or want information about exercising your rights, please call the toll-free member phone number on your health plan ID card or you may contact a UnitedHealth Group Customer Call Center Representative at 1-800-643-4845 (TTY/RTT 711).
	<b>Submitting a Written Request.</b> You can mail your written requests to exercise any of your rights, including modifying or cancelling a confidential communication, requesting copies of your records, or requesting amendments to your record, to us at the following address:
	UnitedHealthcare Privacy Office PO Box 1459 Minneapolis, MN 55440
	<b>Filing a Complaint.</b> If you believe your privacy rights have been violated, you may file a complaint with us at the address listed above.

You may also notify the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services of your complaint. We will not take any action against you for filing a complaint.

### Financial Information Privacy Notice

THIS NOTICE DESCRIBES HOW <u>FINANCIAL INFORMATION</u> ABOUT YOU MAY BE USED AND DISCLOSED. PLEASE REVIEW IT CAREFULLY.

Effective January 1, 2021

We<sup>2</sup> are committed to maintaining the confidentiality of your personal financial information. For the purposes of this notice, "personal financial information" means information about an enrollee or an applicant for health care coverage that identifies the individual, is not generally publicly available, and is collected from the individual or is obtained in connection with providing health care coverage to the individual.

### **Information We Collect**

Depending upon the product or service you have with us, we may collect personal financial information about you from the following sources:
☐ Information we receive from you on applications or other forms, such as name, address, age, medical information and Social Security number;
☐ Information about your transactions with us, our affiliates or others, such as premium payment and claims history; and
☐ Information from a consumer reporting agency.
Disclosure of Information
We do not disclose personal financial information about our enrollees or former enrollees to any third party, except as required or permitted by law. For example, in the course of our general business practices, we may, as permitted by law, disclose any of the personal financial information that we collect about you, without your authorization, to the following types of institutions:
☐ To our corporate affiliates, which include financial service providers, such as other insurers, and non-financial companies, such as data processors;
☐ To nonaffiliated companies for our everyday business purposes, such as to process your transactions, maintain your account(s), or respond to court orders and legal investigations; and
☐ To nonaffiliated companies that perform services for us, including sending promotional communications on our behalf.

### **Confidentiality and Security**

We maintain physical, electronic and procedural safeguards, in accordance with applicable state and federal standards, to protect your personal financial information against risks such as loss, destruction or misuse. These measures include computer safeguards, secured files and buildings, and restrictions on who may access your personal financial information.

#### **Questions About this Notice**

If you have any questions about this notice, please call the toll-free member phone number on your health plan ID card or contact the UnitedHealth Group Customer Call Center at 1-800-643-4845 (TTY/RTT 711).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For purposes of this Financial Information Privacy Notice, "we" or "us" refers to the entities listed in footnote 2, beginning on page four of the Health Plan Notices of Privacy Practices, plus the following UnitedHealthcare affiliates: AmeriChoice Corporation.; Dental Benefit Providers, Inc.; Ear Professional International Corporation; gethealthinsurance.com Agency, Inc.; Golden Outlook, Inc.; HealthAllies, Inc.; LifePrint East, Inc.; Life Print Health, Inc.; Managed Physical Network, Inc.; Medication Management dba Genoa Medication Management Solutions; Optum Global Solutions (India) Private Limited; Optum Health Care Solutions, Inc.; Optum Networks of

New Jersey, Inc.; Optum Women's and Children's Health, LLC; OrthoNet, LLC; OrthoNet of the South, Inc.; Oxford Benefit Management, Inc.; Oxford Health Plans LLC; Physician Alliance of the Rockies, LLC; POMCO Network, Inc.; POMCO, Inc.; Real Appeal, Inc.; Renai Health IPA, LLC' Renai Health Management, LLC; Sanvello Health, Inc.; Savvysherpa, LLC; Spectera, Inc.; Three Rivers Holdings, Inc.; UHIC Holdings, Inc.; UMR, Inc.; ;United Behavioral Health; United Behavioral Health of New York I.P.A., Inc.; United HealthCare Services, Inc.; UnitedHealth Advisors, LLC; UnitedHealthcare Service LLC; UnitedHealthcare Services Company of the River Valley, Inc.; Urgent Care MSO, LLC; USHEALTH Administrators, LLC; USHEALTH Group, Inc.; and Vivify Health, Inc. This Financial Information Privacy Notice only applies where required by law. Specifically, it does not apply to (1) health care insurance products offered in Nevada by Health Plan of Nevada, Inc. and Sierra Health and Life Insurance Company, Inc.; or (2) other UnitedHealth Group health plans in states that provide exceptions for HIPAA covered entities or health insurance products. This list of health plans is complete as of the effective date of this notice. For a current list of health plans subject to this notice go to www.uhc.com/privacy/entities-fn-v1.

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### Section 1.4 We must give you information about the plan, its network of providers, and your covered services

As a member of our plan, you have the right to get several kinds of information from us. (As explained above in Section 1.1, you have the right to get information from us in a way that works for you. This includes getting the information in languages other than English and in large print or other alternate formats.)

If you want any of the following kinds of information, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet):

- □ **Information about our plan**. This includes, for example, information about the plan's financial condition. It also includes information about the number of appeals made by members and the plan's performance ratings, including how it has been rated by plan members and how it compares to other Medicare health plans.
- ☐ Information about our network providers including our network pharmacies.
  - ° For example, you have the right to get information from us about the qualifications of the providers and pharmacies in our network and how we pay the providers in our network.
  - ° For a list of the providers in the plan's network, see the **Provider Directory**.
  - ° For a list of the pharmacies in the plan's network, see the **Pharmacy Directory**.
  - ° For more detailed information about our providers or pharmacies, you can call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or visit our website at www.myAARPMedicare.com.
- ☐ Information about your coverage and the rules you must follow when using your coverage.

- o In Chapters 3 and 4 of this booklet, we explain what medical services are covered for you, any restrictions to your coverage, and what rules you must follow to get your covered medical services.
- o To get the details on your Part D prescription drug coverage, see Chapters 5 and 6 of this booklet plus the plan's List of Covered Drugs (Formulary). These chapters, together with the List of Covered Drugs (Formulary), tell you what drugs are covered and explain the rules you must follow and the restrictions to your coverage for certain drugs.
- If you have questions about the rules or restrictions, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

### ☐ Information about why something is not covered and what you can do about it.

- o If a medical service or Part D drug is not covered for you, or if your coverage is restricted in some way, you can ask us for a written explanation. You have the right to this explanation even if you received the medical service or drug from an out-of-network provider or pharmacy.
- If you are not happy or if you disagree with a decision we make about what medical care or Part D drug is covered for you, you have the right to ask us to change the decision. You can ask us to change the decision by making an appeal. For details on what to do if something is not covered for you in the way you think it should be covered, see Chapter 9 of this booklet. It gives you the details about how to make an appeal if you want us to change our decision. (Chapter 9 also tells about how to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, and other concerns.)
- If you want to ask our plan to pay our share of a bill you have received for medical care or a Part D prescription drug, see Chapter 7 of this booklet.

### Section 1.5

You have a right to participate with practitioners in making decisions about your health care. We must support your right to make decisions about your care and a candid discussion of appropriate or medically necessary treatment options for your conditions, regardless of cost or benefit coverage.

### You have the right to know your treatment options and participate in decisions about your health care

You have the right to get full information from your doctors and other health care providers when you go for medical care. Your providers must explain your medical condition and your treatment choices in a way that you can understand.

You also have the right to participate fully in decisions about your health care. To help you make decisions with your doctors about what treatment is best for you, your rights include the following:

□ To know about all of your choices. This means that you have the right to be told about all of the treatment options that are recommended for your condition, no matter what they cost or whether they are covered by our plan. It also includes being told about programs our plan offers to help members manage their medications and use drugs safely.

☐ <b>To know about the risks</b> . You have the right to be told about any risks involved in your care. You must be told in advance if any proposed medical care or treatment is part of a research experiment. You always have the choice to refuse any experimental treatments.
□ <b>The right to say "no."</b> You have the right to refuse any recommended treatment. This includes the right to leave a hospital or other medical facility, even if your doctor advises you not to leave. You also have the right to stop taking your medication. Of course, if you refuse treatment or stop taking medication, you accept full responsibility for what happens to your body as a result.
☐ To receive an explanation if you are denied coverage for care. You have the right to receive an explanation from us if a provider has denied care that you believe you should receive. To receive this explanation, you will need to ask us for a coverage decision. Chapter 9 of this booklet tells how to ask the plan for a coverage decision.
You have the right to give instructions about what is to be done if you are not able to make medical decisions for yourself
Sometimes people become unable to make health care decisions for themselves due to accidents or serious illness. You have the right to say what you want to happen if you are in this situation. This means that, <b>if you want to</b> , you can:
☐ Fill out a written form to give <b>someone the legal authority to make medical decisions for you</b> if you ever become unable to make decisions for yourself.
☐ <b>Give your doctors written instructions</b> about how you want them to handle your medical care if you become unable to make decisions for yourself.
The legal documents that you can use to give your directions in advance in these situations are called "advance directives." There are different types of advance directives and different names for them. Documents called "living will" and "power of attorney for health care" are examples of advance directives.
If you want to use an "advance directive" to give your instructions, here is what to do:
☐ <b>Get the form</b> . If you want to have an advance directive, you can get a form from your lawyer, from a social worker, or from some office supply stores. You can sometimes get advance directive forms from organizations that give people information about Medicare. You can also contact Customer Service for assistance in locating an advanced directive form.
☐ <b>Fill it out and sign it</b> . Regardless of where you get this form, keep in mind that it is a legal document. You should consider having a lawyer help you prepare it.
☐ <b>Give copies to appropriate people</b> . You should give a copy of the form to your doctor and to the person you name on the form as the one to make decisions for you if you can't. You may want to give copies to close friends or family members as well. Be sure to keep a copy at home.
If you know ahead of time that you are going to be hospitalized, and you have signed an advance directive, <b>take a copy with you to the hospital</b> .
If you are admitted to the hospital, they will ask you whether you have signed an advance directive form and whether you have it with you.

☐ If you have not signed an advance directive form, the hospital has forms available and will ask if you want to sign one.

Remember, it is your choice whether you want to fill out an advance directive (including whether you want to sign one if you are in the hospital). According to law, no one can deny you care or discriminate against you based on whether or not you have signed an advance directive.

### What if your instructions are not followed?

If you have signed an advance directive, and you believe that a doctor or hospital did not follow the instructions in it, you may file a complaint with the appropriate state-specific agency, for example, your State Department of Health. See Chapter 2, Section 3 for contact information regarding your state-specific agency.

# Section 1.6 You have a right to voice complaints or appeals about the organization or the care it provides. You have the right to make complaints and to ask us to reconsider decisions we have made

If you have any problems or concerns about your covered services or care, Chapter 9 of this booklet tells what you can do. It gives the details about how to deal with all types of problems and complaints. What you need to do to follow up on a problem or concern depends on the situation. You might need to ask our plan to make a coverage decision for you, make an appeal to us to change a coverage decision, or make a complaint. Whatever you do – ask for a coverage decision, make an appeal, or make a complaint – we are required to treat you fairly.

You have the right to get a summary of information about the appeals and complaints that other members have filed against our plan in the past. To get this information, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

### Section 1.7 What can you do if you believe you are being treated unfairly or your rights are not being respected?

### If it is about discrimination, call the Office for Civil Rights

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected due to your race, disability, religion, sex, health, ethnicity, creed (beliefs), age, or national origin, you should call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697, or call your local Office for Civil Rights.

### Is it about something else?

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected, **and** it's **not** about discrimination, you can get help dealing with the problem you are having:

	, <b>,</b>	0	•	0	•	,	O	
You can <b>call</b> booklet).	Customer	Service	(phone	numbers	are printe	ed on	the back cover	of this
DOOKIEL).								
You can call	the State F	lealth Ir	nsuranc	e Assista	nce Prog	ram.	For details abo	ut this
organization	and how to	contact	it, go to	<b>Chapter</b>	2, Section	n 3.		

□ Or, **you can call Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

### Section 1.8

You have a right to make recommendations regarding the organization's member rights and responsibilities policy. How to get more information about your rights

There are several places where you can get more information about your rights:

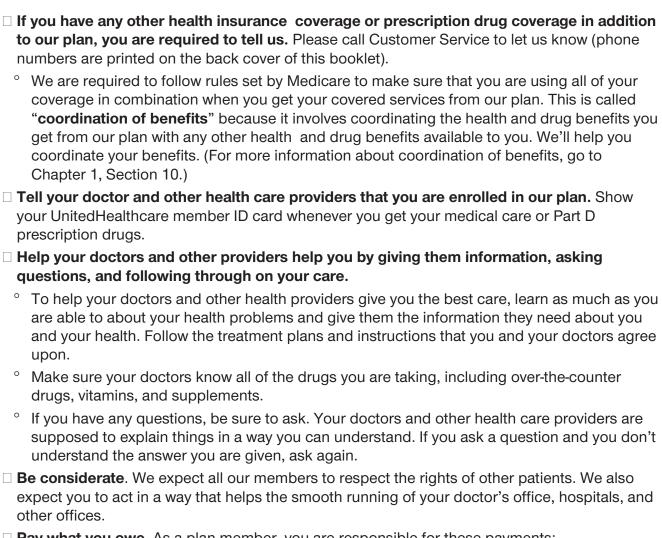
- ☐ You can **call Customer Service** (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- □ For information on the Quality Improvement Program for your specific health plan, call the Customer Service number on the back of your UnitedHealthcare member ID card. You may also access this information via the website (https://www.aarpmedicareplans.com/health-plans/medicare-advantage-plans/resources-plan-material/ma-medicare-forms). Select, "Commitment to Quality."
- ☐ You can **call the State Health Insurance Assistance Program**. For details about this organization and how to contact it, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.
- ☐ You can contact **Medicare**.
  - You can visit the Medicare website to read or download the publication "Medicare Rights & Protections." (The publication is available at: www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11534-Medicare-Rights-and-Protections.pdf..)
  - ° Or, you can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

# SECTION 2 You have some responsibilities as a member of the plan

### Section 2.1 What are your responsibilities?

Things you need to do as a member of the plan are listed below. If you have any questions, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). We're here to help.

- ☐ Get familiar with your covered services and the rules you must follow to get these covered services. Use this Evidence of Coverage booklet to learn what is covered for you and the rules you need to follow to get your covered services.
  - Chapters 3 and 4 give the details about your medical services, including what is covered, what is not covered, rules to follow, and what you pay.
  - ° Chapters 5 and 6 give the details about your coverage for Part D prescription drugs.



- ☐ Pay what you owe. As a plan member, you are responsible for these payments:
  - ° In order to be eligible for our plan, you must have Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B. Some plan members must pay a premium for Medicare Part A. Most plan members must pay a premium for Medicare Part B to remain a member of the plan.
  - ° For most of your medical services or drugs covered by the plan, you must pay your share of the cost when you get the service or drug. This will be a copayment (a fixed amount) or coinsurance (a percentage of the total cost). Chapter 4 tells what you must pay for your medical services. Chapter 6 tells what you must pay for your Part D prescription drugs.
  - ° If you get any medical services or drugs that are not covered by our plan or by other insurance you may have, you must pay the full cost.
  - ° If you disagree with our decision to deny coverage for a service or drug, you can make an appeal. Please see Chapter 9 of this booklet for information about how to make an appeal.
  - ° If you are required to pay a late enrollment penalty, you must pay the penalty to keep your prescription drug coverage.

- If you are required to pay the extra amount for Part D because of your yearly income, you must pay the extra amount directly to the government to remain a member of the plan.
  Tell us if you move. If you are going to move, it's important to tell us right away. Call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
  If you move outside of our plan service area, you cannot remain a member of our plan.
  - If you move outside of our plan service area, you cannot remain a member of our plan. (Chapter 1 tells about our service area.) We can help you figure out whether you are moving outside our service area. If you are leaving our service area, you will have a Special Enrollment Period when you can join any Medicare plan available in your new area. We can let you know if we have a plan in your new area.
  - o If you move within our service area, we still need to know so we can keep your membership record up to date and know how to contact you.
  - If you move, it is also important to tell Social Security (or the Railroad Retirement Board).
     You can find phone numbers and contact information for these organizations in Chapter 2.
- □ Call Customer Service for help if you have questions or concerns. We also welcome any suggestions you may have for improving our plan.
  - Phone numbers and calling hours for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.
  - For more information on how to reach us, including our mailing address, please see Chapter
     2.

# Chapter 9

What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

### **Chapter 9**

# What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

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### SECTION 1 Introduction

### Section 1.1 What to do if you have a problem or concern

This chapter explains two types of processes for handling problems and concerns:
For some types of problems, you need to use the process for coverage decisions and appeals.
For other types of problems, you need to use the process for making complaints.

Both of these processes have been approved by Medicare. To ensure fairness and prompt handling of your problems, each process has a set of rules, procedures, and deadlines that must be followed by us and by you.

Which one do you use? That depends on the type of problem you are having. The guide in Section 3 will help you identify the right process to use.

### Section 1.2 What about the legal terms?

There are technical legal terms for some of the rules, procedures, and types of deadlines explained in this chapter. Many of these terms are unfamiliar to most people and can be hard to understand.

To keep things simple, this chapter explains the legal rules and procedures using simpler words in place of certain legal terms. For example, this chapter generally says "making a complaint" rather than "filing a grievance," "coverage decision" rather than "organization determination" or "coverage determination" or "at-risk determination," and "Independent Review Organization" instead of "Independent Review Entity." It also uses abbreviations as little as possible.

However, it can be helpful – and sometimes quite important – for you to know the correct legal terms for the situation you are in. Knowing which terms to use will help you communicate more clearly and accurately when you are dealing with your problem and get the right help or information for your situation. To help you know which terms to use, we include legal terms when we give the details for handling specific types of situations.

# SECTION 2 You can get help from government organizations that are not connected with us

### Section 2.1 Where to get more information and personalized assistance

Sometimes it can be confusing to start or follow through the process for dealing with a problem. This can be especially true if you do not feel well or have limited energy. Other times, you may not have the knowledge you need to take the next step.

### Get help from an independent government organization

We are always available to help you. But in some situations you may also want help or guidance from someone who is not connected with us. You can always contact your **State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)**. This government program has trained counselors in every state. The program is not connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan. The counselors at this program can help you understand which process you should use to handle a problem you are having. They can also answer your questions, give you more information, and offer guidance on what to do.

The services of SHIP counselors are free. You will find phone numbers in Chapter 2, Section 3 of this booklet.

### You can also get help and information from Medicare

For more information and help in handling a problem, you can also contact Medicare. Here are two ways to get information directly from Medicare:

- ☐ You can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
- ☐ You can visit the Medicare website (www.medicare.gov).

# SECTION 3 To deal with your problem, which process should you use?

## Section 3.1 Should you use the process for coverage decisions and appeals? Or should you use the process for making complaints?

If you have a problem or concern, you only need to read the parts of this chapter that apply to your situation. The guide that follows will help.

To figure out which part of this chapter will help with your specific problem or concern, **START HERE** 

Is your problem or concern about your benefits or coverage?					
(This includes problems about whether particular medical care or prescription drugs are covered or not, the way in which they are covered, and problems related to payment for medical care or prescription drugs.)					
Yes.	No.				
My problem is about benefits or coverage.	My problem is <u>not</u> about benefits or coverage.				
Go on to the next section of this chapter,	Skip ahead to <b>Section 10</b> at the end of this				
Section 4, "A guide to the basics of coverage	chapter: "How to make a complaint about				
decisions and appeals."					

quality of care, waiting times, customer
service or other concerns."

### **COVERAGE DECISIONS AND APPEALS**

# SECTION 4 A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals

Section 4.1 Asking for coverage decisions and making appeals: the big picture

The process for coverage decisions and appeals deals with problems related to your benefits and coverage for medical services and prescription drugs, including problems related to payment. This is the process you use for issues such as whether something is covered or not and the way in which something is covered.

### Asking for coverage decisions

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical services or drugs. For example, your plan network doctor makes a (favorable) coverage decision for you whenever you receive medical care from him or her or if your network doctor refers you to a medical specialist. You or your doctor can also contact us and ask for a coverage decision if your doctor is unsure whether we will cover a particular medical service or refuses to provide medical care you think that you need. In other words, if you want to know if we will cover a medical service before you receive it, you can ask us to make a coverage decision for you.

We are making a coverage decision for you whenever we decide what is covered for you and how much we pay. In some cases, we might decide a service or drug is not covered or is no longer covered by Medicare for you. If you disagree with this coverage decision, you can make an appeal.

### Making an appeal

If we make a coverage decision and you are not satisfied with this decision, you can "appeal" the decision. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made.

When you appeal a decision for the first time, this is called a Level 1 Appeal. In this appeal, we review the coverage decision we made to check to see if we were following all of the rules properly. Your appeal is handled by different reviewers than those who made the original unfavorable decision. When we have completed the review, we give you our decision. Under certain circumstances, which we discuss later, you can request an expedited or "fast coverage decision" or fast appeal of a coverage decision.

If we say no to all or part of your Level 1 Appeal, you can go on to a Level 2 Appeal. The Level 2 Appeal is conducted by an Independent Review Organization that is not connected to us. (In some situations, your case will be automatically sent to the Independent Review Organization for a Level 2 Appeal. In other situations, you will need to ask for a Level 2 Appeal.) If you are not satisfied with the decision at the Level 2 Appeal, you may be able to continue through additional levels of appeal.

#### Section 4.2 How to get help when you are asking for a coverage decision or making an appeal

Would you like some help? Here are resources you may wish to use if you decide to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision: ☐ You can call us at Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). ☐ You can get free help from your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (see Section 2 of this chapter). ☐ Your doctor can make a request for you. ° For medical care or Part B prescription drugs, your doctor can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 Appeal on your behalf. If your appeal is denied at Level 1, it will be automatically forwarded to Level 2. To request any appeal after Level 2, your doctor must be appointed as your representative. ° For Part D prescription drugs, your doctor or other prescriber can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 or Level 2 Appeal on your behalf. To request any appeal after Level 2, your doctor or other prescriber must be appointed as your representative. ☐ You can ask someone to act on your behalf. If you want to, you can name another person to act for you as your "representative" to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal. There may be someone who is already legally authorized to act as your representative under ° If you want a friend, relative, your doctor or other provider, or other person to be your representative, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) and ask for the "Appointment of Representative" form. (The form is also available on Medicare's website at www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/ cms1696.pdf.) The form gives that person permission to act on your behalf. It must be signed by you and by the person who you would like to act on your behalf. You must give us a copy of the signed form. ☐ You also have the right to hire a lawyer to act for you. You may contact your own lawyer, or get the name of a lawyer from your local bar association or other referral service. There are

also groups that will give you free legal services if you qualify. However, you are not required

to hire a lawyer to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision.

### Section 4.3 Which section of this chapter gives the details for your situation?

There are four different types of situations that involve coverage decisions and appeals. Since each situation has different rules and deadlines, we give the details for each one in a separate section:

 Section 5 of this chapter: "Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal"
 Section 6 of this chapter: "Your Part D prescription drugs: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal"
 Section 7 of this chapter: "How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon"
 Section 8 of this chapter: "How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon" (Applies to these services only: home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services)

 If you're not sure which section you should be using, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You can also get help or information from

government organizations such as your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (Chapter 2,

Section 3, of this booklet has the phone numbers for this program).

### **SECTION 5**

# Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal



Have you read Section 4 of this chapter (A guide to "the basics" of coverage decisions and appeals)? If not, you may want to read it before you start this section.

#### Section 5.1

This section tells what to do if you have problems getting coverage for medical care or if you want us to pay you back for our share of the cost of your care

This section is about your benefits for medical care and services. These benefits are described in Chapter 4 of this booklet: **Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**. To keep things simple, we generally refer to "medical care coverage" or "medical care" in the rest of this section, instead of repeating "medical care or treatment or services" every time. The term "medical care" includes medical items and services as well as Medicare Part B prescription drugs. In some cases, different rules apply to a request for a Part B prescription drug. In those cases, we will explain how the rules for Part B prescription drugs are different from the rules for medical items and services.

This section tells what you can do if you are in any of the five following situations:

1. You are not getting certain medical care you want, and you believe that this care is covered by our plan.

- 2. Our plan will not approve the medical care your doctor or other medical provider wants to give you, and you believe that this care is covered by the plan.
- 3. You have received medical care that you believe should be covered by the plan, but we have said we will not pay for this care.
- 4. You have received and paid for medical care that you believe should be covered by the plan, and you want to ask our plan to reimburse you for this care.
- 5. You are being told that coverage for certain medical care you have been getting that we previously approved will be reduced or stopped, and you believe that reducing or stopping this care could harm your health.
- □ NOTE: If the coverage that will be stopped is for hospital care, home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services, you need to read a separate section of this chapter because special rules apply to these types of care. Here's what to read in those situations:
  - ° Chapter 9, Section 7: How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon.
  - ° Chapter 9, Section 8: How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon. This section is about three services only: home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services.
- ☐ For **all other** situations that involve being told that medical care you have been getting will be stopped, use this section (Section 5) as your guide for what to do.

### Which of these situations are you in?

If you are in this situation:	This is what you can do:
To find out whether we will cover the medical care you want.	You can ask us to make a coverage decision for you. Go to the next section of this chapter, <b>Section 5.2</b> .
If we already told you that we will not cover or pay for a medical service in the way that you want it to be covered or paid for.	You can make an <b>appeal</b> . (This means you are asking us to reconsider.) Skip ahead to <b>Section 5.3</b> of this chapter.
If you want to ask us to pay you back for medical care you have already received and paid for.	You can send us the bill. Skip ahead to <b>Section 5.5</b> of this chapter.

Section 5.2 Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision (how to ask our plan to authorize or provide the medical care coverage you want)

9-10

Legal Terms	When a coverage decision involves your medical care, it is called an "organization determination."
-------------	--



<u>Step 1:</u> You ask our plan to make a coverage decision on the medical care you are requesting. If your health requires a quick response, you should ask us to make a "fast coverage decision."

Legal Terms	A "fast coverage decision" is called an "expedited determination."
-------------	--

### How to request coverage for the medical care you want

- ☐ Start by calling, writing, or faxing our plan to make your request for us to authorize or provide coverage for the medical care you want. You, your doctor, or your representative can do this.
- ☐ For the details on how to contact us, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called, How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision about your medical care.

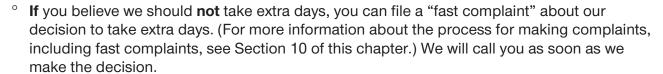
### Generally we use the standard deadlines for giving you our decision

When we give you our decision, we will use the "standard" deadlines unless we have agreed to use the "fast" deadlines. A standard coverage decision means we will give you an answer within 14 calendar days after we receive your request for a medical item or service. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will give you an answer within 72 hours after we receive your request.

- □ However, for a request for a medical item or service, we can take up to 14 more calendar days if you ask for more time, or if we need information (such as medical records from out-of-network providers) that may benefit you. If we decide to take extra days to make the decision, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- ☐ If you believe we should **not** take extra days, you can file a "fast complaint" about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (The process for making a complaint is different from the process for coverage decisions and appeals. For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.)

#### If your health requires it, ask us to give you a "fast coverage decision"

- ☐ A fast coverage decision means we will answer within 72 hours if your request is for a medical item or service. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will answer within 24 hours.
  - However, for a request for a medical item or service, we can take up to 14 more calendar days if we find that some information that may benefit you is missing (such as medical records from out-of-network providers), or if you need time to get information to us for the review. If we decide to take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.



### ☐ To get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:

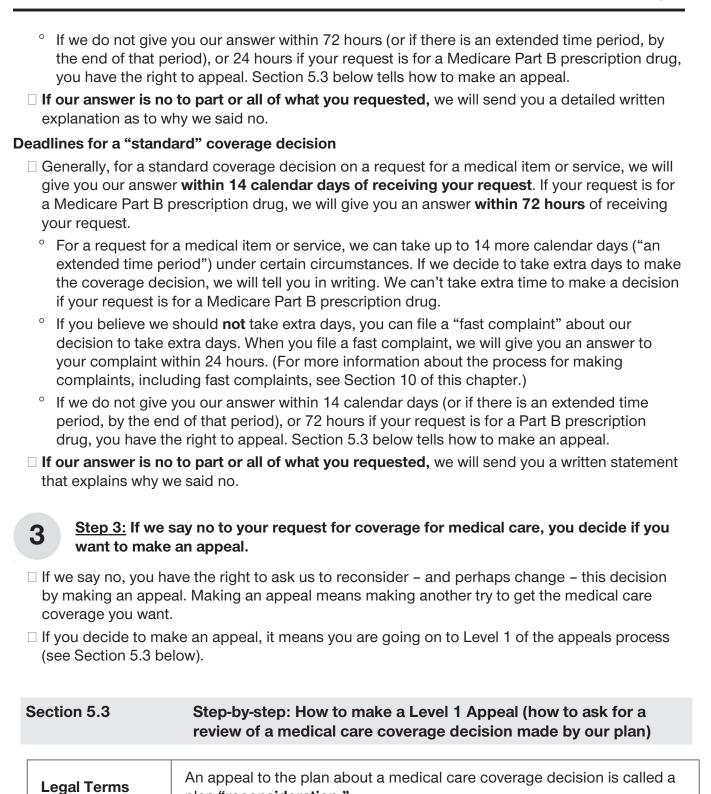
- You can get a fast coverage decision only if you are asking for coverage for medical care you have not yet received. (You cannot ask for a fast coverage decision if your request is about payment for medical care you have already received.)
- You can get a fast coverage decision only if using the standard deadlines could cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function.
- ☐ If your doctor tells us that your health requires a "fast coverage decision," we will automatically agree to give you a fast coverage decision.
- ☐ If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, without your doctor's support, we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision.
  - o If we decide that your medical condition does not meet the requirements for a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that says so (and we will use the standard deadlines instead).
  - This letter will tell you that if your doctor asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give a fast coverage decision.
  - The letter will also tell how you can file a "fast complaint" about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you requested. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.)



### <u>Step 2:</u> We consider your request for medical care coverage and give you our answer.

### Deadlines for a "fast" coverage decision

- ☐ Generally, for a fast coverage decision on a request for a medical item or service, we will give you our answer within 72 hours. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will answer within 24 hours.
  - As explained above, we can take up to 14 more calendar days under certain circumstances. If we decide to take extra days to make the coverage decision, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
  - o If you believe we should **not** take extra days, you can file a "fast complaint" about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.)



plan "reconsideration."



Step 1: You contact us and make your appeal. If your health requires a quick response, you must ask for a "fast appeal."

### W

hat to do
☐ To start an appeal, you, your doctor, or your representative, must contact us. For details on how to reach us for any purpose related to your appeal, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called, How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care.
☐ If you are asking for a standard appeal, make your standard appeal in writing by submitting a request.
or lf you have someone appealing our decision for you other than your doctor, your appeal must include an Appointment of Representative form authorizing this person to represent you. (To get the form, call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) and ask for the "Appointment of Representative" form. It is also available on Medicare's website at www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf.) While we can accept an appeal request without the form, we cannot begin or complete our review until we receive it. If we do not receive the form within 44 calendar days after receiving your appeal request (our deadline for making a decision on your appeal), your appeal request will be dismissed. If this happens, we will send you a written notice explaining your right to ask the Independent Review Organization to review our decision to dismiss your appeal.
☐ If you are asking for a fast appeal, make your appeal in writing or call us at the phone number shown in Chapter 2, Section 1 (How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care).
You must make your appeal request within 60 calendar days from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer to your request for a coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, explain the reason your appeal is late when you make your appeal. We may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause for missing the deadline may include if you had a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.
☐ You can ask for a copy of the information regarding your medical decision and add more
information to support your appeal.  Output  O
<ul> <li>You have the right to ask us for a copy of the information regarding your appeal.</li> <li>If you wish, you and your doctor may give us additional information to support your appeal.</li> </ul>
your health requires it, ask for a "fast appeal" (you can make a request by calling us)
Year man a damage of morror or and able on the same man and another and any miles

Legal Terms	A "fast appeal" is also called an "expedited reconsideration."
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☐ If you are appealing a decision we made about coverage for care that you have not yet received, you and/or your doctor will need to decide if you need a "fast appeal."

a c	he requirements and procedures for getting a "fast appeal" are the same as those for getting "fast coverage decision." To ask for a fast appeal, follow the instructions for asking for a fast overage decision. (These instructions are given earlier in this section.) your doctor tells us that your health requires a "fast appeal," we will give you a fast appeal.
2	Step 2: We consider your appeal and we give you our answer.
а	When our plan is reviewing your appeal, we take another careful look at all of the information bout your request for coverage of medical care. We check to see if we were following all the ules when we said no to your request.
	Ve will gather more information if we need it. We may contact you or your doctor to get more information.
Dead	lines for a "fast" appeal
	When we are using the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer within 72 hours after we eceive your appeal. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to do so.
0	However, if you ask for more time, or if we need to gather more information that may benefit you, we <b>can take up to 14 more calendar days</b> if your request is for a medical item or service. If we decide to take extra days to make the decision, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
	If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours (or by the end of the extended time period if we took extra days), we are required to automatically send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an Independent Review Organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Appeal Level 2 of the appeals process.
	our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must authorize or provide the overage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.
□ If	our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will automatically send your ppeal to the Independent Review Organization for a Level 2 Appeal.
Dead	lines for a "standard" appeal
it c p <b>d</b>	we are using the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer on a request for a medical em or service within 30 calendar days after we receive your appeal if your appeal is about overage for services you have not yet received. If your request is for a Medicare Part B rescription drug you have not yet received, we will give you our answer within 7 calendar ays after we receive your appeal. We will give you our decision sooner if your health ondition requires us to.

One of the control of the control

- can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- of If you believe we should **not** take extra days, you can file a "fast complaint" about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.)
- of If we do not give you an answer by the applicable deadline above (or by the end of the extended time period if we took extra days on your request for a medical item or service), we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an Independent Review Organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Level 2 of the appeals process.
- ☐ If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 30 calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service, or within 7 calendar days if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- ☐ If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will automatically send your appeal to the Independent Review Organization for a Level 2 Appeal.
- 3

Step 3: If our plan says no to part or all of your appeal, your case will automatically be sent on to the next level of the appeals process.

☐ To make sure we were following all the rules when we said no to your appeal, **our plan is** required to send your appeal to the "Independent Review Organization." When we do this, it means that your appeal is going on to the next level of the appeals process, which is Level 2.

### Section 5.4 Step-by-step: How a Level 2 Appeal is done

If our plan says no to your Level 1 Appeal, your case will **automatically** be sent on to the next level of the appeals process. During the Level 2 Appeal, the **Independent Review Organization** reviews our decision for your first appeal. This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

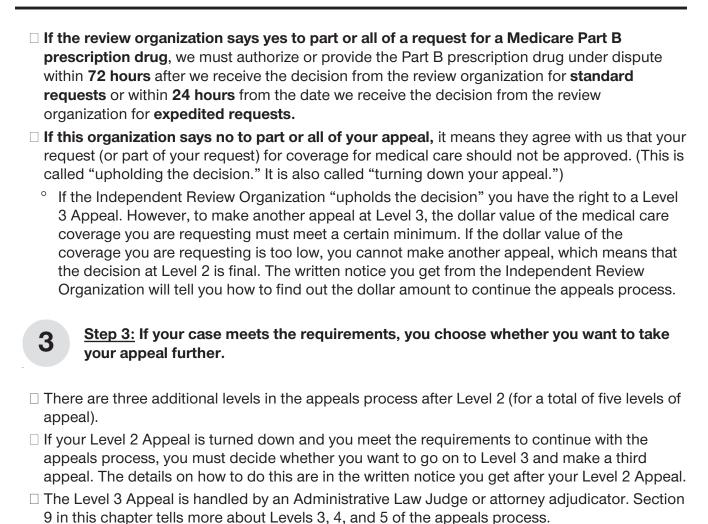
Legal Terms	The formal name for the "Independent Review Organization" is the "Independent Review Entity." It is sometimes called the "IRE."
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1

Step 1: The Independent Review Organization reviews your appeal.

☐ The Independent Review Organization is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare. This organization is not connected with us and it is not a government agency. This

	organization is a company chosen by Medicare to handle the job of being the Independent Review Organization. Medicare oversees its work.
	We will send the information about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your "case file." You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file.
	You have a right to give the Independent Review Organization additional information to support your appeal.
	Reviewers at the Independent Review Organization will take a careful look at all of the nformation related to your appeal.
If you	u had a "fast" appeal at Level 1, you will also have a "fast" appeal at Level 2
L	f you had a fast appeal to our plan at Level 1, you will automatically receive a fast appeal at Level 2. The review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal within 72 nours of when it receives your appeal.
r	However, if your request is for a medical item or service and the Independent Review Organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, it can take up to 14 more calendar days. The Independent Review Organization can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
If you	u had a "standard" appeal at Level 1, you will also have a "standard" appeal at Level 2
9 9 9	f you had a standard appeal to our plan at Level 1, you will automatically receive a standard appeal at Level 2. If your request is for a medical item or service the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal within 30 calendar days of when it receives your appeal. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal within 7 calendar days of when it receives your appeal.
r	However, if your request is for a medical item or service and the Independent Review Organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, it can take up to 14 more calendar days. The Independent Review Organization can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
2	Step 2: The Independent Review Organization gives you their answer.
The I it.	ndependent Review Organization will tell you its decision in writing and explain the reasons for
V C	f the review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a medical item or service, we must authorize the medical care coverage within 72 hours or provide the service within 14 calendar days after we receive the decision from the review organization for standard requests or within 72 hours from the date we receive the decision from the review organization for expedited requests.



### Section 5.5 What if you are asking us to pay you for our share of a bill you have received for medical care?

If you want to ask us for payment for medical care, start by reading Chapter 7 of this booklet: **Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs**. Chapter 7 describes the situations in which you may need to ask for reimbursement or to pay a bill you have received from a provider. It also tells how to send us the paperwork that asks us for payment.

### Asking for reimbursement is asking for a coverage decision from us

If you send us the paperwork that asks for reimbursement, you are asking us to make a coverage decision (for more information about coverage decisions, see Section 4.1 of this chapter). To make this coverage decision, we will check to see if the medical care you paid for is a covered service (see Chapter 4: **Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**). We will

also check to see if you followed all the rules for using your coverage for medical care (these rules are given in Chapter 3 of this booklet: **Using the plan's coverage for your medical services**).

#### We will say yes or no to your request

If the medical care you paid for is covered and you followed all the rules, we will send you the
payment for our share of the cost of your medical care within 60 calendar days after we receive
your request. Or, if you haven't paid for the services, we will send the payment directly to the
provider. (When we send the payment, it's the same as saying yes to your request for a
coverage decision.)

☐ If the medical care is **not** covered, or you did **not** follow all the rules, we will not send payment. Instead, we will send you a letter that says we will not pay for the services and the reasons why in detail. (When we turn down your request for payment, it's the same as saying **no** to your request for a coverage decision.)

### What if you ask for payment and we say that we will not pay?

If you do not agree with our decision to turn you down, **you can make an appeal**. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the coverage decision we made when we turned down your request for payment.

To make this appeal, follow the process for appeals that we describe in Section 5.3. Go to this section for step-by-step instructions. When you are following these instructions, please note:

If you make an appeal for reimbursement, we must give you our answer within 60 calendar
days after we receive your appeal. (If you are asking us to pay you back for medical care you
have already received and paid for yourself, you are not allowed to ask for a fast appeal.)

☐ If the Independent Review Organization reverses our decision to deny payment, we must send the payment you have requested to you or to the provider within 30 calendar days. If the answer to your appeal is yes at any stage of the appeals process after Level 2, we must send the payment you requested to you or to the provider within 60 calendar days.

### **SECTION 6**

Your Part D prescription drugs: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal



Have you read Section 4 of this chapter (A guide to "the basics" of coverage decisions and appeals)? If not, you may want to read it before you start this section.

### Section 6.1 This section tells you what to do if you have problems getting a Part D drug or you want us to pay you back for a Part D drug

Your benefits as a member of our plan include coverage for many prescription drugs. Please refer to our plan's **List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)**. To be covered, the drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. (A "medically accepted indication" is a use of the drug that is either

approved by the Food and Drug Administration or supported by certain reference books. See Chapter 5, Section 3 for more information about a medically accepted indication.)
☐ This section is about your Part D drugs only. To keep things simple, we generally say "drug in the rest of this section, instead of repeating "covered outpatient prescription drug" or "Part D drug" every time.
☐ For details about what we mean by Part D drugs, the List of Covered Drugs (Formulary), rule and restrictions on coverage, and cost information, see Chapter 5 (Using our plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs) and Chapter 6 (What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs).

### Part D coverage decisions and appeals

As discussed in Section 4 of this chapter, a coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your drugs.

Legal Terms	An initial coverage decision about your Part D drugs is called a "coverage determination."
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Here are examples of coverage decisions you ask us to make about your Part D drugs:

- ☐ You ask us to make an exception, including:
  - Asking us to cover a Part D drug that is not on the plan's List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)
  - Asking us to waive a restriction on the plan's coverage for a drug (such as limits on the amount of the drug you can get)
  - ° Asking to pay a lower cost-sharing amount for a covered drug on a higher cost-sharing tier
- ☐ You ask us whether a drug is covered for you and whether you satisfy any applicable coverage rules. (For example, when your drug is on the plan's **List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)** but we require you to get approval from us before we will cover it for you.)
  - Please note: If your pharmacy tells you that your prescription cannot be filled as written, the pharmacy will give you a written notice explaining how to contact us to ask for a coverage decision.
- ☐ You ask us to pay for a prescription drug you already bought. This is a request for a coverage decision about payment.

If you disagree with a coverage decision we have made, you can appeal our decision.

This section tells you both how to ask for coverage decisions and how to request an appeal. Use the chart below to help you determine which part has information for your situation:

### Which of these situations are you in?

If you are in this situation:	This is what you can do:
If you need a drug that isn't on our Drug List or need us to waive a rule or restriction on a drug	You can ask us to make an exception. (This is a type of coverage decision.)
we cover.	Start with <b>Section 6.2</b> of this chapter.

If you are in this situation:	This is what you can do:
If you want us to cover a drug on our Drug List and you believe you meet any plan rules or restrictions (such as getting approval in advance) for the drug you need.	You can ask us for a coverage decision. Skip ahead to <b>Section 6.4</b> of this chapter.
If you want to ask us to pay you back for a drug you have already received and paid for.	You can ask us to pay you back. (This is a type of coverage decision.) Skip ahead to <b>Section 6.4</b> of this chapter.
If we already told you that we will not cover or pay for a drug in the way that you want it to be covered or paid for.	You can make an appeal. (This means you are asking us to reconsider.) Skip ahead to <b>Section 6.5</b> of this chapter.

### Section 6.2 What is an exception?

If a drug is not covered in the way you would like it to be covered, you can ask us to make an "exception." An exception is a type of coverage decision. Similar to other types of coverage decisions, if we turn down your request for an exception, you can appeal our decision.

When you ask for an exception, your doctor or other prescriber will need to explain the medical reasons why you need the exception approved. We will then consider your request. Here are three examples of exceptions that you or your doctor or other prescriber can ask us to make:

**1.Covering a Part D drug for you that is not on our List of Covered Drugs (Formulary).** (We call it the "Drug List" for short.)

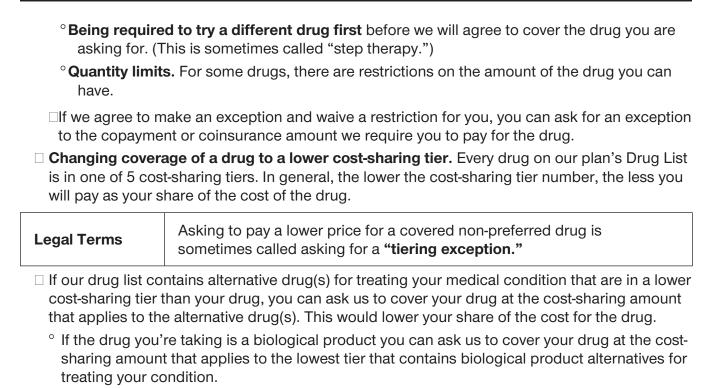
Legal Terms	Asking for coverage of a drug that is not on the Drug List is sometimes called asking for a "formulary exception."
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- ☐ If we agree to make an exception and cover a drug that is not on the Drug List, you will need to pay the cost-sharing amount that applies to drugs in Tier 4. You cannot ask for an exception to the copayment or coinsurance amount we require you to pay for the drug.
- **2.Removing a restriction on our coverage for a covered drug**. There are extra rules or restrictions that apply to certain drugs on our **List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)** (for more information, go to Chapter 5 and look for Section 4).

Legal Terms	Asking for removal of a restriction on coverage for a drug is sometimes called asking for a "formulary exception."
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☐ The extra rules and restrictions on coverage for certain drugs include:

<sup>°</sup> **Getting plan approval in advance** before we will agree to cover the drug for you. (This is sometimes called "prior authorization.")



sharing amount that applies to the lowest tier that contains brand name alternatives for treating your condition.

If the drug you're taking is a generic drug you can ask us to cover your drug at the cost-

° If the drug you're taking is a brand name drug you can ask us to cover your drug at the cost-

- of the drug you're taking is a generic drug you can ask us to cover your drug at the costsharing amount that applies to the lowest tier that contains either brand or generic alternatives for treating your condition.
- ☐ You cannot ask us to change the cost-sharing tier for any drug in Tier 5 Specialty Tier.
- ☐ If we approve your request for a tiering exception and there is more than one lower costsharing tier with alternative drugs you can't take, you will usually pay the lowest amount.

### Section 6.3 Important things to know about asking for exceptions

### Your doctor must tell us the medical reasons

Your doctor or other prescriber must give us a statement that explains the medical reasons for requesting an exception. For a faster decision, include this medical information from your doctor or other prescriber when you ask for the exception.

Typically, our Drug List includes more than one drug for treating a particular condition. These different possibilities are called "alternative" drugs. If an alternative drug would be just as effective as the drug you are requesting and would not cause more side effects or other health problems, we will generally **not** approve your request for an exception. If you ask us for a tiering exception, we will generally not approve your request for an exception unless all the alternative drugs in the lower

cost-sharing tier(s) won't work as well for you or are likely to cause an adverse reaction or other harm.

#### We can say yes or no to your request

- ☐ If we approve your request for an exception, our approval usually is valid until the end of the plan year. This is true as long as your doctor continues to prescribe the drug for you and that drug continues to be safe and effective for treating your condition.
- ☐ If we say no to your request for an exception, you can ask for a review of our decision by making an appeal. Section 6.5 tells how to make an appeal if we say no.

The next section tells you how to ask for a coverage decision, including an exception.

# Section 6.4 Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision, including an exception



Step 1: You ask our plan to make a coverage decision about the drug(s) or payment you need. If your health requires a quick response, you must ask us to make a "fast coverage decision." You cannot ask for a fast coverage decision if you are asking us to pay you back for a drug you already bought.

#### What to do

exception requests.

Request the type of coverage decision you want. Start by calling, writing, or faxing our plan
to make your request. You, your representative, or your doctor (or other prescriber) can do this.
You can also access the coverage decision process through our website. For the details, go to
Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called, <b>How to contact us when you are asking</b>
for a coverage decision about your Part D prescription drugs. Or if you are asking us to pay
you back for a drug, go to the section called, Where to send a request asking us to pay for
our share of the cost of medical care or a drug you have received.
You or your doctor or someone else who is acting on your behalf can ask for a coverage decision. Section 4 of this chapter tells how you can give written permission to someone else to act as your representative. You can also have a lawyer act on your behalf.
If you want to ask us to pay you back for a drug, start by reading Chapter 7 of this booklet: Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or
<b>drugs</b> . Chapter 7 describes the situations in which you may need to ask for reimbursement. It also tells how to send us the paperwork that asks us to pay you back for our share of the cost of a drug you have paid for.
<b>If you are requesting an exception, provide the "supporting statement."</b> Your doctor or other prescriber must give us the medical reasons for the drug exception you are requesting.

(We call this the "supporting statement.") Your doctor or other prescriber can mail the

statement to us. Or your doctor or other prescriber can tell us on the phone and follow up by mailing a written statement if necessary. See Sections 6.2 and 6.3 for more information about

•	any written request, including a request submitted on the CMS Model nination Request Form, which is available on our website.	
your health requires it, ask us to give you a "fast coverage decision"		
Legal Terms	A "fast coverage decision" is called an "expedited coverage	

□ When we give you our decision, we will use the "standard" deadlines unless we have agreed to use the "fast" deadlines. A standard coverage decision means we will give you an answer within 72 hours after we receive your doctor's statement. A fast coverage decision means we will answer within 24 hours after we receive your doctor's statement.

### ☐ To get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:

- You can get a fast coverage decision only if you are asking for a drug you have not yet received. (You cannot ask for fast coverage decision if you are asking us to pay you back for a drug you have already bought.)
- You can get a fast coverage decision only if using the standard deadlines could cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function.
- ☐ If your doctor or other prescriber tells us that your health requires a "fast coverage decision," we will automatically agree to give you a fast coverage decision.
- ☐ If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own (without your doctor's or other prescriber's support), we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision.
  - If we decide that your medical condition does not meet the requirements for a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that says so (and we will use the standard deadlines instead).
  - ° This letter will tell you that if your doctor or other prescriber asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give a fast coverage decision.
  - The letter will also tell how you can file a complaint about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you requested. It tells how to file a "fast" complaint, which means you would get our answer to your complaint within 24 hours of receiving the complaint. (The process for making a complaint is different from the process for coverage decisions and appeals. For more information about the process for making complaints, see Section 10 of this chapter.)



Step 2: We consider your request and we give you our answer.

### Deadlines for a "fast" coverage decision

☐ If we are using the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer within 24 hours.

Of Generally, this means within 24 hours after we receive your request. If you are requesting an exception, we will give you our answer within 24 hours after we receive your doctor's statement supporting your request. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
☐ If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an Independent Review Organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Level 2 of the appeals process.
☐ If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 24 hours after we receive your request or doctor's statement supporting your request.
☐ If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how you can appeal.
Deadlines for a "standard" coverage decision about a drug you have not yet received
☐ If we are using the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer within 72 hours.
Of Generally, this means within 72 hours after we receive your request. If you are requesting an exception, we will give you our answer within 72 hours after we receive your doctor's statement supporting your request. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
☐ If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an Independent Review Organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Level 2 of the appeals process.
☐ If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested –
o If we approve your request for coverage, we must <b>provide the coverage</b> we have agreed to provide <b>within 72 hours</b> after we receive your request or doctor's statement supporting your request.
☐ If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how you can appeal.
Deadlines for a "standard" coverage decision about payment for a drug you have already bought
☐ We must give you our answer within 14 calendar days after we receive your request.
☐ If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an Independent Review Organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Level 2 of the appeals process.
If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we are also required to make payment to you within 14 calendar days after we receive your request.
☐ If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how you can appeal.



### <u>Step 3:</u> If we say no to your coverage request, you decide if you want to make an appeal.

☐ If we say no, you have the right to request an appeal. Requesting an appeal means asking us to reconsider – and possibly change – the decision we made.

# Section 6.5 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal (how to ask for a review of a coverage decision made by our plan)

I egal Lerms	An appeal to the plan about a Part D drug coverage decision is called a plan "redetermination."
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<u>Step 1:</u> You contact us and make your Level 1 Appeal. If your health requires a quick response, you must ask for a "fast appeal."

#### What to do

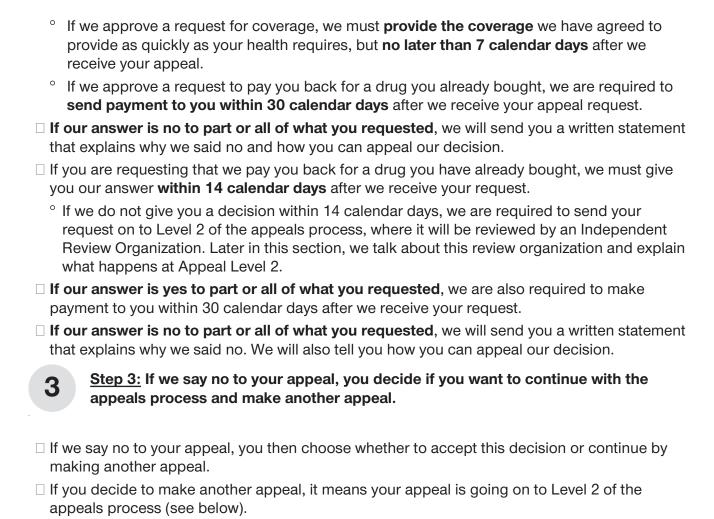
- ☐ To start your appeal, you (or your representative or your doctor or other prescriber) must contact us.
  - For details on how to reach us by phone, fax, or mail, or on our website, for any purpose related to your appeal, go to Chapter 2, Section 1, and look for the section called, How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your Part D prescription drugs.
- ☐ If you are asking for a standard appeal, make your appeal by submitting a written request.
- ☐ If you are asking for a fast appeal, you may make your appeal in writing or you may call us at the phone number shown in Chapter 2, Section 1 (How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your Part D prescription drugs).
- ☐ **We must accept any written request,** including a request submitted on the CMS Model Coverage Determination Request Form, which is available on our website.
- You must make your appeal request within 60 calendar days from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer to your request for a coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, we may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause for missing the deadline may include if you had a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.
- ☐ You can ask for a copy of the information in your appeal and add more information.
  - ° You have the right to ask us for a copy of the information regarding your appeal.

° If you wish, you and your doctor or other prescriber may give us additional information to support your appeal.

### If your health requires it, ask for a "fast appeal"

ii your neami require	es it, ask for a mast appear			
Legal Terms	A "fast appeal" is also called an "expedited redetermination."			
-	☐ If you are appealing a decision we made about a drug you have not yet received, you and your doctor or other prescriber will need to decide if you need a "fast appeal."			
	s for getting a "fast appeal" are the same as those for getting a "fast coverage ion 6.4 of this chapter.			
2 <u>Step 2:</u> We	e consider your appeal and we give you our answer.			
your coverage re	iewing your appeal, we take another careful look at all of the information abouquest. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to may contact you or your doctor or other prescriber to get more information.			
Deadlines for a "fast	appeal			
•	e fast deadlines, we must give you our answer within 72 hours after we beal. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires it.			
Level 2 of the app Organization. Late	you an answer within 72 hours, we are required to send your request on to be als process, where it will be reviewed by an Independent Reviewer in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what all Level 2 of the appeals process.			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	yes to part or all of what you requested, we must provide the coverage we rovide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.			
	no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement we said no and how you can appeal our decision.			
Deadlines for a "star	ndard" appeal			
after we receive y sooner if you hav	e standard deadlines, we must give you our answer within 7 calendar days your appeal for a drug you have not received yet. We will give you our decision e not received the drug yet and your health condition requires us to do so. If health requires it, you should ask for "fast" appeal.			
on to Level 2 c Organization. I	ve you a decision within 7 calendar days, we are required to send your reques of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an Independent Review Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what vel 2 of the appeals process.			

☐ If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested –



### Section 6.6 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 Appeal

If we say no to your appeal, you then choose whether to accept this decision or continue by making another appeal. If you decide to go on to a Level 2 Appeal, the **Independent Review Organization** reviews the decision we made when we said no to your first appeal. This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

I enal Terms	ndependent Review Organization" is the tity." It is sometimes called the "IRE."
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1

<u>Step 1:</u> To make a Level 2 Appeal, you (or your representative or your doctor or other prescriber) must contact the Independent Review Organization and ask for a review of your case.

☐ If our plan says no to your Level 1 Appeal, the written notice we send you will include instructions on how to make a Level 2 Appeal with the Independent Review Organization.  These instructions will tell who can make this Level 2 Appeal, what deadlines you must follow, and how to reach the review organization.
When you make an appeal to the Independent Review Organization, we will send the information we have about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your "case file." You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file.
<ul> <li>You have a right to give the Independent Review Organization additional information to support your appeal.</li> </ul>
2 <u>Step 2:</u> The Independent Review Organization does a review of your appeal and gives you an answer.
☐ The Independent Review Organization is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare. This organization is not connected with us and it is not a government agency. This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to review our decisions about your Part D benefits with us.
<ul> <li>Reviewers at the Independent Review Organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal. The organization will tell you its decision in writing and explain the reasons for it.</li> </ul>
Deadlines for a "fast" appeal at Level 2
$\ \square$ If your health requires it, ask the Independent Review Organization for a "fast appeal."
☐ If the review organization agrees to give you a "fast appeal," the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal within 72 hours after it receives your appeal request.
☐ If the Independent Review Organization says yes to part or all of what you requested, we must provide the drug coverage that was approved by the review organization within 24 hours after we receive the decision from the review organization.
Deadlines for a "standard" appeal at Level 2
☐ If you have a standard appeal at Level 2, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal within 7 calendar days after it receives your appeal if it is for a drug you have not received yet. If you are requesting that we pay you back for a drug you have already bought, the review organization must give you an answer to your level 2 appeal within 14 calendar days after it receives your request.
$\ \square$ If the Independent Review Organization says yes to part or all of what you requested –
o If the Independent Review Organization approves a request for coverage, we must provide the drug coverage that was approved by the review organization within 72 hours after we receive the decision from the review organization.

o If the Independent Review Organization approves a request to pay you back for a drug you already bought, we are required to send payment to you within 30 calendar days after we receive the decision from the review organization.

### What if the review organization says no to your appeal?

If this organization says no to your appeal, it means the organization agrees with our decision not to approve your request. (This is called "upholding the decision." It is also called "turning down your appeal.")

If the Independent Review Organization "upholds the decision" you have the right to a Level 3 Appeal. However, to make another appeal at Level 3, the dollar value of the drug coverage you are requesting must meet a minimum amount. If the dollar value of the drug coverage you are requesting is too low, you cannot make another appeal and the decision at Level 2 is final. The notice you get from the Independent Review Organization will tell you the dollar value that must be in dispute to continue with the appeals process.



<u>Step 3:</u> If the dollar value of the coverage you are requesting meets the requirement, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal).
If your Level 2 Appeal is turned down and you meet the requirements to continue with the appeals process, you must decide whether you want to go on to Level 3 and make a third appeal. If you decide to make a third appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you got after your second appeal.
The Level 3 Appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

# SECTION 7 How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon

When you are admitted to a hospital, you have the right to get all of your covered hospital services that are necessary to diagnose and treat your illness or injury. For more information about our coverage for your hospital care, including any limitations on this coverage, see Chapter 4 of this booklet: **Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay).** 

During your covered hospital stay, your doctor and the hospital staff will be working with you to prepare for the day when you will leave the hospital. They will also help arrange for care you may need after you leave.

The day you	leave the hosp	oital is called y	our <b>"discharge</b>	date."		
When your d	lischarge date	has been deci	ded, your docto	r or the hospital	staff will let yo	ou know

-	being asked to leave the hospital too soon, you can ask for a longer our request will be considered. This section tells you how to ask.
Section 7.1	During your inpatient hospital stay, you will get a written notice from Medicare that tells about your rights
from Medicare about Y they are admitted to a h give it to you within two employee for it. If you n back cover of this book	spital stay, you will be given a written notice called <b>An Important Message four Rights</b> . Everyone with Medicare gets a copy of this notice whenever ospital. Someone at the hospital (for example, a caseworker or nurse) must days after you are admitted. If you do not get the notice, ask any hospital eed help, please call Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the let). You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 should call 1-877-486-2048.
your rights as a hos ☐ Your right to rece ordered by your o	arefully and ask questions if you don't understand it. It tells you about spital patient, including: eive Medicare-covered services during and after your hospital stay, as doctor. This includes the right to know what these services are, who will pay
	ere you can get them. nvolved in any decisions about your hospital stay, and your right to know
☐ Where to report a	any concerns you have about quality of your hospital care.
☐ Your right to appended hospital too soon	eal your discharge decision if you think you are being discharged from the .
Legal Terms	The written notice from Medicare tells you how you can "request an immediate review." Requesting an immediate review is a formal, legal way to ask for a delay in your discharge date so that we will cover your hospital care for a longer time. (Section 7.2 below tells you how you can request an immediate review.)
2. You will be asked your rights.	to sign the written notice to show that you received it and understand
	who is acting on your behalf will be asked to sign the notice. (Section 4 of how you can give written permission to someone else to act as your
☐ Signing the notice	e shows <b>only</b> that you have received the information about your rights. The

3. **Keep your copy** of the notice so you will have the information about making an appeal (or reporting a concern about quality of care) handy if you need it.

notice does not give your discharge date (your doctor or hospital staff will tell you your discharge date). Signing the notice **does not mean** you are agreeing on a discharge date.

another copy be To look at a cop are printed on th hours a day, 7 d notice online at	otice more than two days before the day you leave the hospital, you will get afore you are scheduled to be discharged.  By of this notice in advance, you can call Customer Service (phone numbers the back cover of this booklet) or 1-800 MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 ays a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You can also see the www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/geAppealNotices.html.
Section 7.2	Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal to change your hospital discharge date
time, you will need to u	our inpatient hospital services to be covered by our plan for a longer use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, need to do and what the deadlines are.
☐ Follow the proces	ss. Each step in the first two levels of the appeals process is explained below
	es. The deadlines are important. Be sure that you understand and follow the ply to things you must do.
Customer Service State Health Insura	u need it. If you have questions or need help at any time, please call (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). Or, call your ance Assistance Program, a government organization that provides stance (see Section 2, of this chapter).
	eal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal. It checks discharge date is medically appropriate for you.
	act the Quality Improvement Organization for your state and ask for a of your hospital discharge. You must act quickly.
What is the Quality In	nprovement Organization?
Federal governme Medicare to check	is a group of doctors and other health care professionals who are paid by the nt. These experts are not part of our plan. This organization is paid by on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This hospital discharge dates for people with Medicare.
How can you contact	•
tells you how to re	you received ( <b>An Important Message from Medicare About Your Rights</b> ) ach this organization. (Or, find the name, address, and phone number of the ent Organization for your state in Chapter 2, Section 4, of this booklet.)

#### Act quickly:

- ☐ To make your appeal, you must contact the Quality Improvement Organization **before** you leave the hospital and **no later than midnight the day of your discharge.** (Your "planned discharge date" is the date that has been set for you to leave the hospital.)
  - o If you meet this deadline, you are allowed to stay in the hospital after your discharge date without paying for it while you wait to get the decision on your appeal from the Quality Improvement Organization.
  - of If you do not meet this deadline, and you decide to stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, you may have to pay all of the costs for hospital care you receive after your planned discharge date.
- ☐ If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, and you still wish to appeal, you must make an appeal directly to our plan instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 7.4.

#### Ask for a "fast review":

□ You must ask the Quality Improvement Organization for a "fast review" of your discharge. Asking for a "fast review" means you are asking for the organization to use the "fast" deadlines for an appeal instead of using the standard deadlines.

Legal Terms	A "fast review" is also called an "immediate review" or an "expedited review."
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<u>Step 2:</u> The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.

### What happens during this review?

Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (we will call them "the reviewers"
for short) will ask you (or your representative) why you believe coverage for the services should
continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.
The reviewers will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review

information that the hospital and we have given to them.

□ By noon of the day after the reviewers informed our plan of your appeal, you will also get a written notice that gives your planned discharge date and explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be

discharged on that date.

### Legal Terms

This written explanation is called the "**Detailed Notice of Discharge.**" You can get a sample of this notice by calling Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. Or you can see a sample notice online at www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices.html



<u>Step 3:</u> Within one full day after it has all the needed information, the Quality Improvement Organization will give you its answer to your appeal.

### What happens if the answer is yes?

- ☐ If the review organization says **yes** to your appeal, **we must keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as these services are medically necessary.**
- □ You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). In addition, there may be limitations on your covered hospital services. (See Chapter 4 of this booklet).

### What happens if the answer is no?

- ☐ If the review organization says **no** to your appeal, they are saying that your planned discharge date is medically appropriate. If this happens, **our coverage for your inpatient hospital services will end** at noon on the day **after** the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.
- ☐ If the review organization says **no** to your appeal and you decide to stay in the hospital, then **you may have to pay the full cost** of hospital care you receive after noon on the day after the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.



<u>Step 4:</u> If the answer to your Level 1 Appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.

☐ If the Quality Improvement Organization has turned down your appeal, **and** you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you can make another appeal. Making another appeal means you are going on to "Level 2" of the appeals process.

# Section 7.3 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 Appeal to change your hospital discharge date

If the Quality Improvement Organization has turned down your appeal, **and** you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you can make a Level 2 Appeal. During a Level 2 Appeal,

you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at the decision they made on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 Appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your stay after your planned discharge date.

Here are the steps for Level 2 of the appeal process:



### <u>Step 1:</u> You contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.

☐ You must ask for this review **within 60 calendar days** after the day the Quality Improvement Organization said **no** to your Level 1 Appeal. You can ask for this review only if you stay in the hospital after the date that your coverage for the care ended.



### <u>Step 2:</u> The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.

☐ Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.



<u>Step 3:</u> Within 14 calendar days of receipt of your request for a second review, the Quality Improvement Organization reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.

### If the review organization says yes:

We must reimburse you for our share of the costs of hospital care you have received since
noon on the day after the date your first appeal was turned down by the Quality Improvement
Organization. We must continue providing coverage for your inpatient hospital care for as
long as it is medically necessary.

☐ You must continue to pay your share of the costs and coverage limitations may apply.

#### If the review organization says no:

It means th	ney agree	with the	decision the	y made on '	your Level	1 Appeal and	will not change it.	,

☐ The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to the next level of appeal, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.



Step 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further by going on to Level 3.

There are three additional	I levels in the appeals proces	ss after Level 2 (for a to	tal of five levels of
appeal). If the review orga	anization turns down your Lev	vel 2 Appeal, you can c	hoose whether to

accept that decision or whether to go on to Level 3 and make another appeal. At Level 3, your appeal is reviewed by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

☐ Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

### Section 7.4 What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 Appeal?

### You can appeal to us instead

As explained above in Section 7.2, you must act quickly to contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your first appeal of your hospital discharge. ("Quickly" means before you leave the hospital and no later than your planned discharge date, whichever comes first.) If you miss the deadline for contacting this organization, there is another way to make your appeal.

If you use this other way of making your appeal, the first two levels of appeal are different.

### Step-by-Step: How to make a Level 1 Alternate Appeal

If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, you can make an appeal to our plan, asking for a "fast review." A fast review is an appeal that uses the fast deadlines instead of the standard deadlines.

Legal Terms A "fast" review (or "fast appeal") is also called an "expedited appeal."



### Step 1: Contact our plan and ask for a "fast review."

- ☐ For details on how to contact us, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called, How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care.
- ☐ **Be sure to ask for a "fast review."** This means you are asking us to give you an answer using the "fast" deadlines rather than the "standard" deadlines.

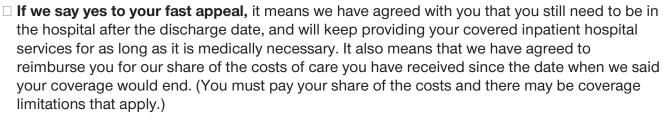


### <u>Step 2:</u> We do a "fast" review of your planned discharge date, checking to see if it was medically appropriate.

- □ During this review, we take a look at all of the information about your hospital stay. We check to see if your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. We will check to see if the decision about when you should leave the hospital was fair and followed all the rules.
- ☐ In this situation, we will use the "fast" deadlines rather than the standard deadlines for giving you the answer to this review.



## <u>Step 3:</u> We give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a "fast review" ("fast appeal").



- ☐ If we say no to your fast appeal, we are saying that your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. Our coverage for your inpatient hospital services ends as of the day we said coverage would end.
  - o If you stayed in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you may have to pay the full cost of hospital care you received after the planned discharge date.



<u>Step 4:</u> If our plan says no to your fast appeal, your case will automatically be sent on to the next level of the appeals process.

☐ To make sure we were following all the rules when we said no to your fast appeal, **our plan is required to send your appeal to the "Independent Review Organization."** When we do this, it means that you are **automatically** going on to Level 2 of the appeals process.

### Step-by-Step: Level 2 Alternate Appeal Process

During the Level 2 Appeal, an **Independent Review Organization** reviews the decision we made when we said no to your "fast appeal." This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

Legal Terms  The formal name for the "Independent Review Organization" is the "Independent Review Entity." It is sometimes called the "IRE."
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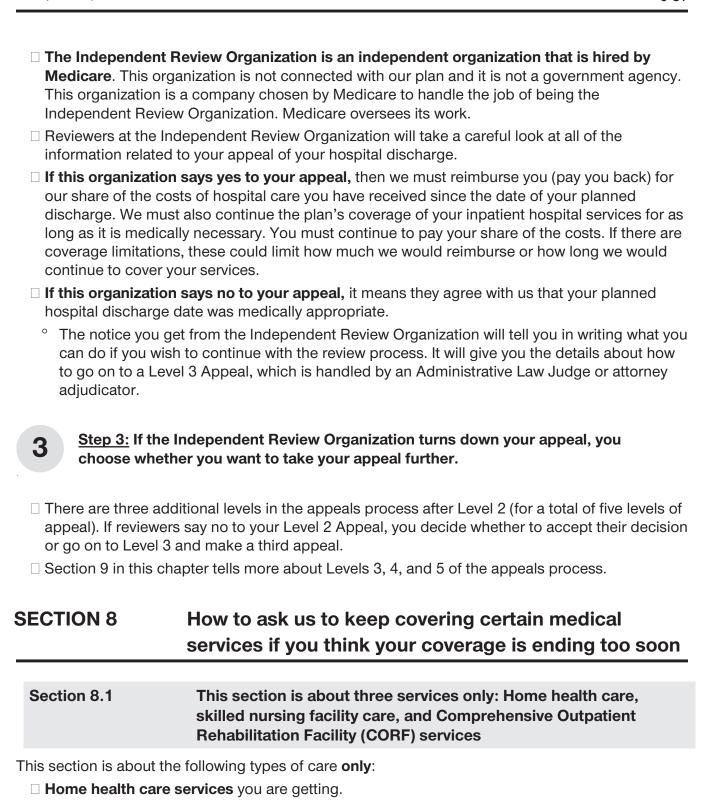


## <u>Step 1:</u> We will automatically forward your case to the Independent Review Organization.

□ We are required to send the information for your Level 2 Appeal to the Independent Review Organization within 24 hours of when we tell you that we are saying no to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. The complaint process is different from the appeal process. Section 10 of this chapter tells how to make a complaint.)



<u>Step 2:</u> The Independent Review Organization does a "fast review" of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.



<ul> <li>Skilled nursing care you are getting as a patient in a skilled nursing facility. (To learn a requirements for being considered a "skilled nursing facility," see Chapter 12, Definiti important words.)</li> </ul>	
□ Rehabilitation care you are getting as an outpatient at a Medicare-approved Compreh Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF). Usually, this means you are getting treatmen illness or accident, or you are recovering from a major operation. (For more informatio this type of facility, see Chapter 12, Definitions of important words.)	it for an

When you are getting any of these types of care, you have the right to keep getting your covered services for that type of care for as long as the care is needed to diagnose and treat your illness or injury. For more information on your covered services, including your share of the cost and any limitations to coverage that may apply, see Chapter 4 of this booklet: **Medical Benefits Chart** (what is covered and what you pay).

When we decide it is time to stop covering any of the three types of care for you, we are required to tell you in advance. When your coverage for that care ends, we will stop paying our share of the cost for your care.

If you think we are ending the coverage of your care too soon, **you can appeal our decision**. This section tells you how to ask for an appeal.

#### Section 8.2 We w

We will tell you in advance when your coverage will be ending

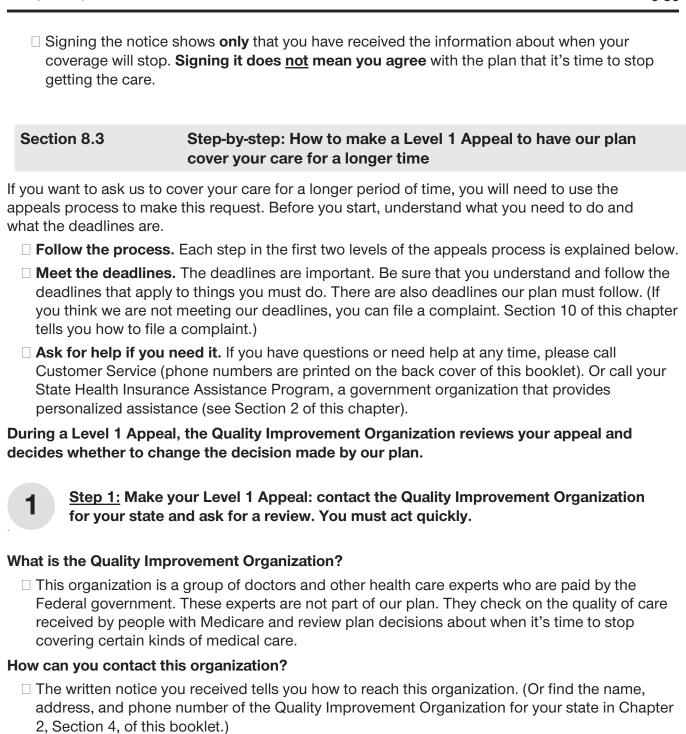
The written notice is called the "Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage."

<ul> <li>1. You receive a notice in writing. At least two days before our plan is going to stop covering your care, you will receive a notice.</li> <li>The written notice tells you the date when we will stop covering the care for you.</li> <li>The written notice also tells what you can do if you want to ask us to change this decision about when to end your care, and keep covering it for a longer period of time.</li> </ul>					
Legal Terms	In telling you what you can do, the written notice is telling how you can request a "fast-track appeal." Requesting a fast-track appeal is a formal, legal way to request a change to our coverage decision about when to stop your care. (Section 8.3 below tells how you can request a fast-track				

### 2. You will be asked to sign the written notice to show that you received it.

appeal.)

$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	n the notice. (	Section 4 tells
how you can give written permission to someone else to act as yo	our representa	ative.)



□ Ask this organization for a "fast-track appeal" (to do an independent review) of whether it is

medically appropriate for us to end coverage for your medical services.

What should you ask for?

- ☐ You must contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your appeal by noon of the day before the effective date on the Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage.
- ☐ If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, and you still wish to file an appeal, you must make an appeal directly to us instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 8.5.



<u>Step 2:</u> The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.

#### What happens during this review?

- ☐ Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (we will call them "the reviewers" for short) will ask you (or your representative) why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.
- ☐ The review organization will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that our plan has given to them.
- ☐ By the end of the day the reviewers informed us of your appeal, and you will also get a written notice from us that explains in detail our reasons for ending our coverage for your services.

**Legal Terms** 

This notice of explanation is called the "**Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage.**"



<u>Step 3:</u> Within one full day after they have all the information they need, the reviewers will tell you their decision.

#### What happens if the reviewers say yes to your appeal?

- ☐ If the reviewers say **yes** to your appeal, then **we must keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary.**
- □ You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). In addition, there may be limitations on your covered services (see Chapter 4 of this booklet).

### What happens if the reviewers say no to your appeal?

- ☐ If the reviewers say **no** to your appeal, then **your coverage will end on the date we have told you.** We will stop paying our share of the costs of this care on the date listed on the notice.
- ☐ If you decide to keep getting the home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services **after** this date when your coverage ends, then **you will have to pay the full cost** of this care yourself.



## <u>Step 4:</u> If the answer to your Level 1 Appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.

- □ This first appeal you make is "Level 1" of the appeals process. If reviewers say no to your Level
   1 Appeal and you choose to continue getting care after your coverage for the care has ended
   then you can make another appeal.
- ☐ Making another appeal means you are going on to "Level 2" of the appeals process.

# Section 8.4 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 Appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time

If the Quality Improvement Organization has turned down your appeal <u>and</u> you choose to continue getting care after your coverage for the care has ended, then you can make a Level 2 Appeal. During a Level 2 Appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at the decision they made on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 Appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services **after** the date when we said your coverage would end.

Here are the steps for Level 2 of the appeal process:



### <u>Step 1:</u> You contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.

- ☐ You must ask for this review **within 60 days** after the day when the Quality Improvement Organization said **no** to your Level 1 Appeal. You can ask for this review only if you continued getting care after the date that your coverage for the care ended.
- 2 <u>Step 2:</u> The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.
  - ☐ Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.
- Step 3: Within 14 days of receipt of your appeal request, reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.

# What happens if the review organization says yes to your appeal? We must reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. We must continue providing coverage for the care

for as long as it is medically necessary.

\[
\text{ You must continue to pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.}\]

### What happens if the review organization says no?

- ☐ It means they agree with the decision we made to your Level 1 Appeal and will not change it.
- ☐ The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to the next level of appeal, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.



# <u>Step 4:</u> If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further.

- ☐ There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If reviewers turn down your Level 2 Appeal, you can choose whether to accept that decision or to go on to Level 3 and make another appeal. At Level 3, your appeal is reviewed by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.
- ☐ Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

### You can appeal to us instead

Section 8.5

What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 Appeal?

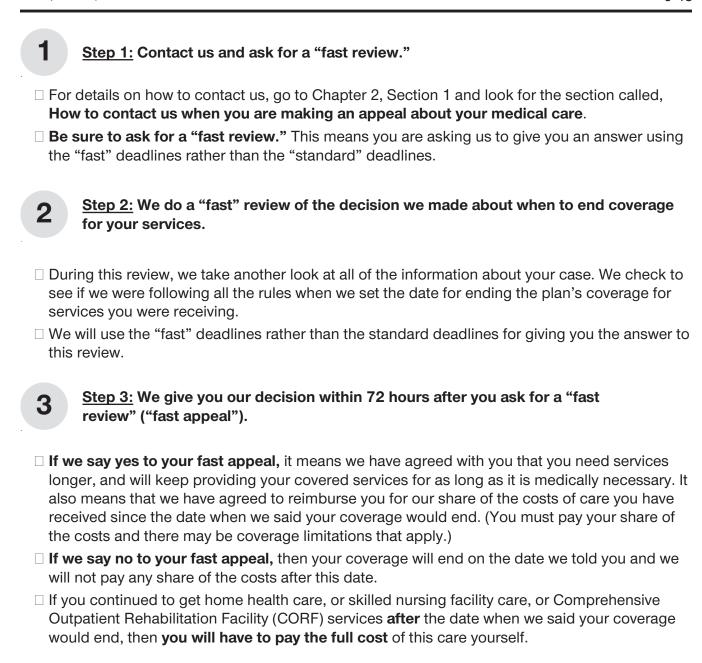
As explained above in Section 8.3, you must act quickly to contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your first appeal (within a day or two, at the most). If you miss the deadline for contacting this organization, there is another way to make your appeal. If you use this other way of making your appeal, the first two levels of appeal are different.

### Step-by-Step: How to make a Level 1 Alternate Appeal

If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, you can make an appeal to our plan, asking for a "fast review." A fast review is an appeal that uses the fast deadlines instead of the standard deadlines.

Here are the steps for a Level 1 Alternate Appeal:

Legal Terms A "fast"
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4

<u>Step 4:</u> If we say no to your fast appeal, your case will automatically go on to the next level of the appeals process.

To make sure we were following all the rules when we said no to your fast appeal, we are
required to send your appeal to the "Independent Review Organization." When we do this,
it means that you are automatically going on to Level 2 of the appeals process.

### **Step-by-Step: Level 2 Alternate Appeal Process**

During the Level 2 Appeal, the **Independent Review Organization** reviews the decision we made when we said no to your "fast appeal." This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

Legal Terms
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### <u>Step 1:</u> We will automatically forward your case to the Independent Review Organization.

□ We are required to send the information for your Level 2 Appeal to the Independent Review Organization within 24 hours of when we tell you that we are saying no to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. The complaint process is different from the appeal process. Section 10 of this chapter tells how to make a complaint.)



<u>Step 2:</u> The Independent Review Organization does a "fast review" of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.

☐ The Independent Review Organization is an independent organization that is hired by
Medicare. This organization is not connected with our plan and it is not a government agency
This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to handle the job of being the
Independent Review Organization. Medicare oversees its work.
<ul> <li>Reviewers at the Independent Review Organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.</li> </ul>
If this organization says was to your appeal, then we must reimburse you (nay you back) for

- ☐ If this organization says yes to your appeal, then we must reimburse you (pay you back) for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. We must also continue to cover the care for as long as it is medically necessary. You must continue to pay your share of the costs. If there are coverage limitations, these could limit how much we would reimburse or how long we would continue to cover your services.
- ☐ If this organization says no to your appeal, it means they agree with the decision our plan made to your first appeal and will not change it.
  - The notice you get from the Independent Review Organization will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to a Level 3 Appeal.



<u>Step 3:</u> If the Independent Review Organization turns down your appeal, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

☐ There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If reviewers say no to your Level 2 Appeal, you can choose whether to accept that decision or whether to go on to Level 3 and make another appeal. At Level 3, your appeal is reviewed by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.
□ Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

### SECTION 9 Taking your appeal to Level 3 and beyond

### Section 9.1 Appeal Levels 3, 4, and 5 for Medical Service Requests

This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 Appeal and a Level 2 Appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.

If the dollar value of the item or medical service you have appealed meets certain minimum levels, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar value is less than the minimum level, you cannot appeal any further. If the dollar value is high enough, the written response you receive to your Level 2 Appeal will explain who to contact and what to do to ask for a Level 3 Appeal.

For most situations that involve appeals, the last three levels of appeal work in much the same way. Here is who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

### Level 3 Appeal

A judge (called an Administrative Law Judge) or an attorney adjudicator who works for the Federal government will review your appeal and give you an answer.

- ☐ If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says yes to your appeal, the appeals process may or may not be over We will decide whether to appeal this decision to Level 4. Unlike a decision at Level 2 (Independent Review Organization), we have the right to appeal a Level 3 decision that is favorable to you.
  - o If we decide **not** to appeal the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the service within 60 calendar days after receiving the Administrative Law Judge's or attorney adjudicator's decision.
  - o If we decide to appeal the decision, we will send you a copy of the Level 4 Appeal request with any accompanying documents. We may wait for the Level 4 Appeal decision before authorizing or providing the service in dispute.
- ☐ If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says no to your appeal, the appeals process may or may not be over.
  - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.

o If you do not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

### **Level 4 Appeal**

The Medicare **Appeals Council** (Council) will review your appeal and give you an answer. The Council is part of the Federal government.

- ☐ If the answer is yes, or if the Council denies our request to review a favorable Level 3

  Appeal decision, the appeals process may or may not be over We will decide whether to appeal this decision to Level 5. Unlike a decision at Level 2 (Independent Review Organization), we have the right to appeal a Level 4 decision that is favorable to you if the value of the item or medical service meets the required dollar value.
  - o If we decide **not** to appeal the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the service within 60 calendar days after receiving the Council's decision.
  - ° If we decide to appeal the decision, we will let you know in writing.
- ☐ If the answer is no or if the Council denies the review request, the appeals process may or may not be over.
  - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
  - If you do not want to accept the decision, you might be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Council says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to a Level 5 Appeal. If the rules allow you to go on, the written notice will also tell you who to contact and what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

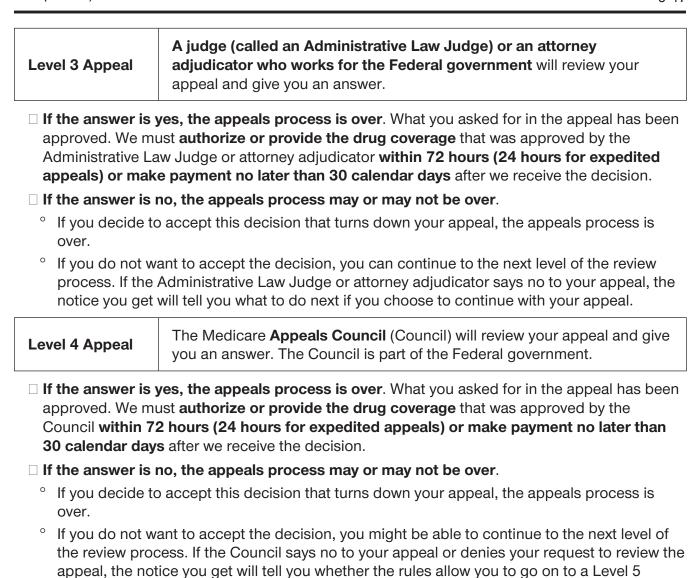
☐ This is the last step of the appeals process.

### Section 9.2 Appeal Levels 3, 4, and 5 for Part D Drug Requests

This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 Appeal and a Level 2 Appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.

If the value of the drug you have appealed meets a certain dollar amount, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar amount is less, you cannot appeal any further. The written response you receive to your Level 2 Appeal will explain who to contact and what to do to ask for a Level 3 Appeal.

For most situations that involve appeals, the last three levels of appeal work in much the same way. Here is who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.



**Level 5 Appeal** 

A judge at the **Federal District Court** will review your appeal.

Appeal. If the rules allow you to go on, the written notice will also tell you who to contact and

☐ This is the last step of the appeals process.

what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

### **MAKING COMPLAINTS**

### **SECTION 10**

How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, or other concerns



If your problem is about decisions related to benefits, coverage, or payment, then this section is not for you. Instead, you need to use the process for coverage decisions and appeals. Go to Section 4 of this chapter.

### Section 10.1 What kinds of problems are handled by the complaint process?

This section explains how to use the process for making complaints. The complaint process is used for certain types of problems **only**. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service you receive. Here are examples of the kinds of problems handled by the complaint process.

### If you have any of these kinds of problems, you can "make a complaint"

Complaint	Example
Quality of your medical care	☐ Are you unhappy with the quality of the care you have received (including care in the hospital)?
Respecting your privacy   Do you believe that someone did not respect your right to privacy shared information about you that you feel should be confident	
Disrespect, poor customer service, or other negative behaviors  □ Has someone been rude or disrespectful to you? □ Are you unhappy with how our Customer Service has treate □ Do you feel you are being encouraged to leave the plan?	
Waiting times	<ul> <li>Are you having trouble getting an appointment, or waiting too long to get it?</li> <li>Have you been kept waiting too long by doctors, pharmacists, or other health professionals? Or by Customer Service or other staff at our plan?</li> <li>Examples include waiting too long on the phone, in the waiting room, when getting a prescription, or in the exam room.</li> </ul>
Cleanliness	☐ Are you unhappy with the cleanliness or condition of a clinic, hospital, or doctor's office?
Information you get from us	<ul> <li>□ Do you believe we have not given you a notice that we are required to give?</li> <li>□ Do you think written information we have given you is hard to understand?</li> </ul>

Complaint	Example		
Timeliness (These types of complaints are all related to the timeliness of our actions related to coverage decisions and appeals)	The process of asking for a coverage decision and making appeals is explained in Sections 4-9 of this chapter. If you are asking for a coverage decision or making an appeal, you use that process, not the complaint process.  However, if you have already asked us for a coverage decision or made an appeal, and you think that we are not responding quickly enough, you can also make a complaint about our slowness. Here are examples:  □ If you have asked us to give you a "fast coverage decision" or a "fast appeal," and we have said we will not, you can make a complaint.		
	If you believe we are not meeting the deadlines for giving you a coverage decision or an answer to an appeal you have made, you can make a complaint.		
	□ When a coverage decision we made is reviewed and we are told that we must cover or reimburse you for certain medical services or drugs, there are deadlines that apply. If you think we are not meeting these deadlines, you can make a complaint.		
	☐ When we do not give you a decision on time, we are required to forward your case to the Independent Review Organization. If we do not do that within the required deadline, you can make a complaint.		

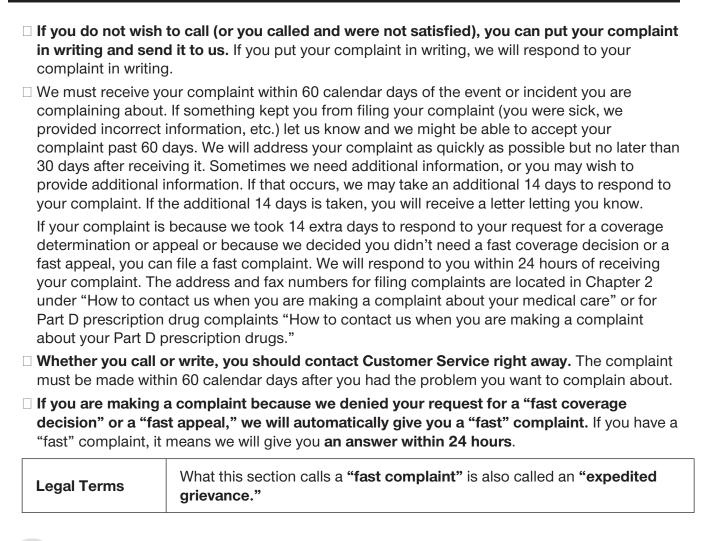
Section 10.2	The formal name for "making a complaint" is "filing a grievance"	
Legal Terms	<ul> <li>□ What this section calls a "complaint" is also called a "grievance."</li> <li>□ Another term for "making a complaint" is "filing a grievance."</li> <li>□ Another way to say "using the process for complaints" is "using the process for filing a grievance."</li> </ul>	

### Section 10.3 Step-by-step: Making a complaint



Step 1: Contact us promptly – either by phone or in writing.

<sup>□</sup> **Usually, calling Customer Service is the first step.** If there is anything else you need to do, Customer Service will let you know. 1-800-643-4845, TTY: 711, 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week



2

### Step 2: We look into your complaint and give you our answer.

If possible, we will answer you right away. If you call us with a complaint, we may be able to give you an answer on the same phone call. If your health condition requires us to answer quickly, we will do that.
Most complaints are answered within 30 calendar days. If we need more information and the delay is in your best interest or if you ask for more time, we can take up to 14 more calendar days (44 calendar days total) to answer your complaint. If we decide to take extra days, we will tell you in writing.
If we do not agree with some or all of your complaint or don't take responsibility for the problem you are complaining about, we will let you know. Our response will include our reasons for this answer. We must respond whether we agree with the complaint or not.

# Section 10.4 You can also make complaints about quality of care to the Quality Improvement Organization

You can make your complaint about the quality of care you received by using the step-by-step process outlined above.

When your complaint is about quality of care, you also have two extra options:

- ☐ You can make your complaint to the Quality Improvement Organization. If you prefer, you can make your complaint about the quality of care you received directly to this organization (without making the complaint to us).
  - The Quality Improvement Organization is a group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients.
  - o To find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state, look in Chapter 2, Section 4, of this booklet. If you make a complaint to this organization, we will work with them to resolve your complaint.
- □ **Or you can make your complaint to both at the same time**. If you wish, you can make your complaint about quality of care to us and also to the Quality Improvement Organization.

### Section 10.5 You can also tell Medicare about your complaint

You can submit a complaint about AARP Medicare Advantage Choice Plan 2 (PPO) directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx. Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.

If you have any other feedback or concerns, or if you feel the plan is not addressing your issue, please call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users can call 1-877-486-2048.

# Chapter 10

Ending your membership in the plan

# Chapter 10 Ending your membership in the plan

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		our plan	7

### SECTION 1 Introduction

### Section 1.1 This chapter focuses on ending your membership in our plan

Ending your membership in the plan may be **voluntary** (your own choice) or **involuntary** (not your own choice):

- ☐ You might leave our plan because you have decided that you **want** to leave.
  - There are only certain times during the year, or certain situations, when you may voluntarily end your membership in the plan. Section 2 tells you when you can end your membership in the plan.
  - The process for voluntarily ending your membership varies depending on what type of new coverage you are choosing. Section 3 tells you **how** to end your membership in each situation.
- ☐ There are also limited situations where you do not choose to leave, but we are required to end your membership. Section 5 tells you about situations when we must end your membership.

If you are leaving our plan, you must continue to get your medical care and prescription drugs through our plan until your membership ends.

### SECTION 2 When can you end your membership in our plan?

You may end your membership in our plan only during certain times of the year, known as enrollment periods. All members have the opportunity to leave the plan during the Annual Enrollment Period and during the Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period. In certain situations, you may also be eligible to leave the plan at other times of the year.

### Section 2.1 You can end your membership during the Annual Enrollment Period

You can end your membership during the **Annual Enrollment Period** (also known as the "Annual Open Enrollment Period"). This is the time when you should review your health and drug coverage and make a decision about your coverage for the upcoming year.

- ☐ When is the Annual Enrollment Period? This happens from October 15 to December 7.
- □ What type of plan can you switch to during the Annual Enrollment Period? You can choose to keep your current coverage or make changes to your coverage for the upcoming year. If you decide to change to a new plan, you can choose any of the following types of plans:
  - Another Medicare health plan. (You can choose a plan that covers prescription drugs or one that does not cover prescription drugs.)
  - Original Medicare with a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.
  - ° or Original Medicare without a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.
    - If you receive "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay for your prescription drugs: If you switch to Original Medicare and do not enroll in a separate Medicare prescription drug

plan, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you have opted out of automatic enrollment.

**Note**: If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage for 63 or more days in a row, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later. ("Creditable" coverage means the coverage is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage.) See Chapter 1, Section 5 for more information about the late enrollment penalty.

☐ When will your membership end? Your membership will end when your new plan's coverage begins on January 1.

### Section 2.2 You can end your membership during the Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period

You have the opportunity to make **one** change to your health coverage during the **Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period**.

- ☐ When is the Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period? This happens every year from January 1 to March 31.
- □ What type of plan can you switch to during the Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period? During this time, you can:
  - Switch to another Medicare Advantage Plan. (You can choose a plan that covers prescription drugs or one that does not cover prescription drugs.)
  - Disenroll from our plan and obtain coverage through Original Medicare. If you choose to switch to Original Medicare during this period, you can also join a separate Medicare prescription drug plan at this time.
- □ When will your membership end? Your membership will end on the first day of the month after you enroll in a different Medicare Advantage plan or we get your request to switch to Original Medicare. If you also choose to enroll in a Medicare prescription drug plan, your membership in the drug plan will begin the first day of the month after the drug plan gets your enrollment request.

# Section 2.3 In certain situations, you can end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period

In certain situations, members of our plan may be eligible to end their membership at other times of the year. This is known as a **Special Enrollment Period**.

Who is eligible for a Special Enrollment Period? If any of the following situations apply to
you, you may be eligible to end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period. These
are just examples, for the full list you can contact the plan, call Medicare, or visit the Medicare
website (www.medicare.gov):

- Usually, when you have moved.
- ° If you have Medicaid.
- ° If you are eligible for "Extra Help" with paying for your Medicare prescriptions.
- ° If we violate our contract with you.
- If you are getting care in an institution, such as a nursing home or long-term care (LTC) hospital.
- o If you enroll in the Program of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE). \* PACE is not available in all states. If you would like to know if PACE is available in your state, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- ° Note: If you're in a drug management program, you may not be able to change plans. Chapter 5, Section 10 tells you more about drug management programs.
- □ When are Special Enrollment Periods? The enrollment periods vary depending on your situation.
- □ What can you do? To find out if you are eligible for a Special Enrollment Period, please call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. If you are eligible to end your membership because of a special situation, you can choose to change both your Medicare health coverage and prescription drug coverage. This means you can choose any of the following types of plans:
  - Another Medicare health plan. (You can choose a plan that covers prescription drugs or one that does not cover prescription drugs.)
  - ° Original Medicare with a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.
  - - or Original Medicare without a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.
    - If you receive "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay for your prescription drugs: If you switch to Original Medicare and do not enroll in a separate Medicare prescription drug plan, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you have opted out of automatic enrollment.

**Note:** If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage for a continuous period of 63 days or more, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later. ("Creditable" coverage means the coverage is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage.) See Chapter 1, Section 5 for more information about the late enrollment penalty.

□ When will your membership end? Your membership will usually end on the first day of the month after your request to change your plan is received.

# Section 2.4 Where can you get more information about when you can end your membership?

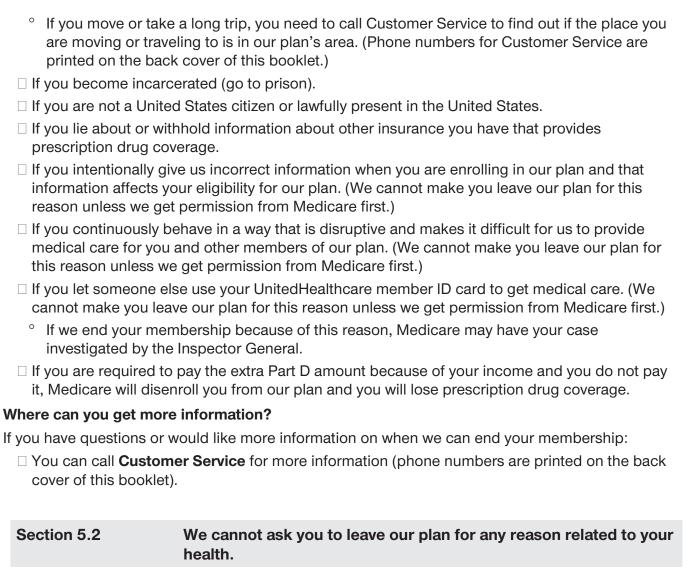
If you have any questions or would like more information on when you can end your membership:

	booklet).  You can find the  Everyone with Medicare received  You can also don't a printed  You can contact	information in the <b>Medicare &amp;</b> Medicare receives a copy of <b>N</b> ve it within a month after first ownload a copy from the Medicare at t	Medicare & You each fall. Those new to signing up. dicare website (www.medicare.gov). Or, you can		
S	SECTION 3 How do you end your membership in our plan?				
9	Section 3.1 Usually, you end your membership by enrolling in another plan				
о р	Usually, to end your membership in our plan, you simply enroll in another Medicare plan during one of the enrollment periods (see Section 2 in this chapter for information about the enrollment periods). However, if you want to switch from our plan to Original Medicare without a Medicare prescription drug plan, you must ask to be disenrolled from our plan. There are two ways you can ask to be disenrolled:  You can make a request in writing to us. Contact Customer Service if you need more information on how to do this (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).  -or-You can contact Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.				
p c d	rescription drug cov nrollment penalty if overage is expected rug coverage.) See	rerage for 63 days or more in a you join a Medicare drug plan I to pay, on average, at least a	rug coverage and go without creditable a row, you may have to pay a Part D late later. ("Creditable" coverage means the s much as Medicare's standard prescription information about the late enrollment penalty.		
	If you would like to	o switch from our plan to:	This is what you should do:		
	☐ Another Medic	are health plan.	<ul> <li>Enroll in the new Medicare health plan.</li> <li>You will automatically be disenrolled from our plan when your new plan's coverage begins.</li> </ul>		
	•	are <b>with</b> a separate cription drug plan.	<ul> <li>Enroll in the new Medicare prescription drug plan.</li> <li>You will automatically be disenrolled from</li> </ul>		

our plan when your new plan's coverage

begins.

<ul> <li>Original Medicare without a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.</li> <li>Note: If you disenroll from a Medicare prescription drug plan and go without creditable prescription drug coverage for 63 days or more in a row, you may have to pay a late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later. See Chapter 1, Section 5 for more information about the late enrollment penalty.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ Send us a written request to disenroll.         Contact Customer Service if you need more information on how to do this (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).</li> <li>□ You can also contact Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, and ask to be disenrolled. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.</li> <li>□ You will be disenrolled from our plan when your coverage in Original Medicare begins.</li> </ul>				
SECTION 4 Until your membership ends, you must keep getting					
your medical ser	vices and drugs through our plan				
Section 4.1 Until your members	ship ends, you are still a member of our plan				
•					
f you leave our plan, it may take time before your membership ends and your new Medicare coverage goes into effect. (See Section 2 for information on when your new coverage begins.) During this time, you must continue to get your medical care and prescription drugs through our plan.					
☐ You should continue to use our network pharmacies to get your prescriptions filled until your membership in our plan ends. Usually, your prescription drugs are only covered if they are filled at a network pharmacy including through our mail-order pharmacy services.					
☐ If you are hospitalized on the day that you usually be covered by our plan until you are your new health coverage begins).	r membership ends, your hospital stay will re discharged (even if you are discharged after				
SECTION 5 We must end you situations	ur membership in the plan in certain				
Section 5.1 When must we end	your membership in the plan?				
We must end your membership in the plan if any of the following happen:  ☐ If you no longer have Medicare Part A and Part B.  ☐ If you move out of our service area.					
☐ If you are away from our service area for mo	ore than 6 months.				



Our plan is not allowed to ask you to leave our plan for any reason related to your health.

#### What should you do if this happens?

If you feel that you are being asked to leave our plan because of a health-related reason, you should call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You may call 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

### Section 5.3 You have the right to make a complaint if we end your membership in our plan

If we end your membership in our plan, we must tell you our reasons in writing for ending your membership. We must also explain how you can file a grievance or make a complaint about our decision to end your membership. You can also look in Chapter 9, Section 10 for information about how to make a complaint.

# Chapter 11 Legal notices

# Chapter 11 Legal notices

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#### SECTION 1 Notice about governing law

Many laws apply to this **Evidence of Coverage** and some additional provisions may apply because they are required by law. This may affect your rights and responsibilities even if the laws are not included or explained in this document. The principal law that applies to this document is Title XVIII of the Social Security Act and the regulations created under the Social Security Act by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, or CMS. In addition, other Federal laws may apply and, under certain circumstances, the laws of the state you live in.

#### SECTION 2 Notice about non-discrimination

Our plan must obey laws that protect you from discrimination or unfair treatment. We don't discriminate based on race, ethnicity, national origin, color, religion, sex, gender, age, mental or physical disability, health status, claims experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, or geographic location within the service area. All organizations that provide Medicare Advantage Plans, like our plan, must obey Federal laws against discrimination, including Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, the Americans with Disabilities Act, Section 1557 of the Affordable Care Act, all other laws that apply to organizations that get Federal funding, and any other laws and rules that apply for any other reason.

If you want more information or have concerns about discrimination or unfair treatment, please call the Department of Health and Human Services' Office for Civil Rights at 1-800-368-1019 (TTY 1-800-537-7697) or your local Office for Civil Rights.

If you have a disability and need help with access to care, please call us at Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). If you have a complaint, such as a problem with wheelchair access, Customer Service can help.

# SECTION 3 Notice about Medicare Secondary Payer subrogation rights

We have the right and responsibility to collect for covered Medicare services for which Medicare is not the primary payer. According to CMS regulations at 42 CFR sections 422.108 and 423.462, our plan, as a Medicare Advantage Organization, will exercise the same rights of recovery that the Secretary exercises under CMS regulations in subparts B through D of part 411 of 42 CFR and the rules established in this section supersede any State laws.

#### SECTION 4 Third party liability and subrogation

If you suffer an illness or injury for which any third party is alleged to be liable or responsible due to any negligent or intentional act or omission causing illness or injury to you, you must promptly notify us of the illness or injury. We will send you a statement of the amounts we paid for services provided in connection with the illness or injury. If you recover any sums from any third party, we shall be reimbursed out of any such recovery from any third party for the payments we made on your behalf, subject to the limitations in the following paragraphs.

- 1)Our payments are less than the recovery amount. If our payments are less than the total recovery amount from any third party (the "recovery amount"), then our reimbursement is computed as follows:
  - a) First: Determine the ratio of the procurement costs to the recovery amount (the term "procurement costs" means the attorney fees and expenses incurred in obtaining a settlement or judgment).
  - b) **Second**: Apply the ratio calculated above to our payment. The result is our share of procurement costs.
  - c) Third: Subtract our share of procurement costs from our payments. The remainder is our reimbursement amount.
- 2)Our payments equal or exceed the recovery amount. If our payments equal or exceed the recovery amount, our reimbursement amount is the total recovery amount minus the total procurement costs.
- 3) We incur procurement costs because of opposition to our reimbursement. If we must bring suit against the party that received the recovery amount because that party opposes our reimbursement, our reimbursement amount is the lower of the following:
  - a) Our payments made on your behalf for services; or
  - b) the recovery amount, minus the party's total procurement cost.

Subject to the limitations stated above, you agree to grant us an assignment of, and a claim and a lien against, any amounts recovered through settlement, judgment or verdict. You may be required by us and you agree to execute documents and to provide information necessary to establish the assignment, claim, or lien to ascertain our right to reimbursement.

#### SECTION 5 Member liability

In the event we fail to reimburse provider's charges for covered services, you will not be liable for any sums owed by us. Neither the plan nor Medicare will pay for non-covered services except for the following eligible expenses:
☐ Emergency services

□ Orgenity needed services	
□ Out-of-area and routine travel dialysis (must be received in a Medicare Certified Dialysi	s Facility
within the United States)	
□ Post-stabilization services	

If you enter into a private contract with a provider, neither the plan nor Medicare will pay for those services.

### SECTION 6 Medicare-covered services must meet requirement of reasonable and necessary

In determining coverage, services must meet the reasonable and necessary requirements under Medicare in order to be covered under your plan, unless otherwise listed as a covered service. A service is "reasonable and necessary" if the service is:

- ☐ Safe and effective;
- □ Not experimental or investigational; and
- □ Appropriate, including the duration and frequency that is considered appropriate for the service, in terms of whether it is:
- 1. Furnished in accordance with accepted standards of medical practice for the diagnosis or treatment of the patient's condition or to improve the function of a malformed body member;
- 2. Furnished in a setting appropriate to the patient's medical needs and condition;
- 3. Ordered and furnished by qualified personnel;
- 4. One that meets, but does not exceed, the patient's medical need; and
- 5. At least as beneficial as an existing and available medically appropriate alternative.

### SECTION 7 Non duplication of benefits with automobile, accident or liability coverage

If you are receiving benefits as a result of other automobile, accident or liability coverage, we will not duplicate those benefits. It is your responsibility to take whatever action is necessary to receive payment under automobile, accident, or liability coverage when such payments may reasonably be expected, and to notify us of such coverage when available. If we happen to duplicate benefits to which you are entitled under other automobile, accident or liability coverage, we may seek reimbursement of the reasonable value of those benefits from you, your insurance carrier, or your health care provider to the extent permitted under State and/or federal law. We will provide benefits over and above your other automobile, accident or liability coverage, if the cost of your health care services exceeds such coverage. You are required to cooperate with us in obtaining payment from your automobile, accident or liability coverage carrier. Your failure to do so may result in termination of your plan membership.

#### SECTION 8 Acts beyond our control

If, due to a natural disaster, war, riot, civil insurrection, complete or partial destruction of a facility, ordinance, law or decree of any government or quasi-governmental agency, labor dispute (when said dispute is not within our control), or any other emergency or similar event not within the control of us, providers may become unavailable to arrange or provide health services pursuant to this Evidence of Coverage and Disclosure Information, then we shall attempt to arrange for covered services insofar as practical and according to our best judgment. Neither we nor any provider shall have any liability or obligation for delay or failure to provide or arrange for covered services if such delay is the result of any of the circumstances described above.

## SECTION 9 Contracting medical providers and network hospitals are independent contractors

The relationships between us and our network providers and network hospitals are independent contractor relationships. None of the network providers or network hospitals or their physicians or employees are employees or agents of UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company or one of its affiliates. An agent would be anyone authorized to act on our behalf. Neither we nor any employee of UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company or one of its affiliates is an employee or agent of the network providers or network hospitals.

#### SECTION 10 Technology assessment

We regularly review new procedures, devices and drugs to determine whether or not they are safe and efficacious for members. New procedures and technology that are safe and efficacious are eligible to become Covered Services. If the technology becomes a Covered Service, it will be subject to all other terms and conditions of the plan, including medical necessity and any applicable member copayments, coinsurance, deductibles or other payment contributions.

In determining whether to cover a service, we use proprietary technology guidelines to review new devices, procedures and drugs, including those related to behavioral/mental health. When clinical necessity requires a rapid determination of the safety and efficacy of a new technology or new application of an existing technology for an individual member, one of our Medical Directors makes a medical necessity determination based on individual member medical documentation, review of published scientific evidence, and, when appropriate, relevant specialty or professional opinion from an individual who has expertise in the technology.

#### SECTION 11 Member statements

In the absence of fraud, all statements made by you will be deemed representations and not warranties. No such representation will void coverage or reduce covered services under this Evidence of Coverage or be used in defense of a legal action unless it is contained in a written application.

#### SECTION 12 Information upon request

lowing: or one of its affiliates
mmunication
ledicare benefit programs please report it to us  I device company - bills for re, prescriptions, supplies or ned; approved by Medicare; or edicare drug or health plan. AARP Medicare Advantage a.m 8 p.m. local time, 7

This hotline allows you to report cases anonymously and confidentially. We will make every effort to maintain your confidentiality. However, if law enforcement needs to get involved, we may not be able to guarantee your confidentiality. Please know that our organization will not take any action against you for reporting a potential fraud case in good faith.

You may also report potential medical or prescription drug fraud cases to the Medicare Drug Integrity Contractor (MEDIC) at 1-877-7SafeRx (1-877-772-3379) or to the Medicare program directly at (1-800-633-4227). The Medicare fax number is 1-717-975-4442 and the website is www.medicare.gov.

#### SECTION 14 Commitment of Coverage Decisions

UnitedHealthcare's Clinical Services Staff and Physicians make decisions on the health care services you receive based on the appropriateness of care and service and existence of coverage. Clinical Staff and Physicians making these decisions: 1. Do not specifically receive reward for issuing non-coverage (denial) decisions; 2. Do not offer incentives to physicians or other health care professionals to encourage inappropriate underutilization of care or services; and 3. Do not hire, promote, or terminate physicians or other individuals based upon the likelihood or the perceived likelihood that the individual will support or tend to support the denial of benefits.

#### SECTION 15 Renew Active<sup>TM</sup> Terms and Conditions

#### **Eligibility Requirements**

• Only members enrolled in a participating Medicare Plan insured by UnitedHealthcare® Insurance Company ("UnitedHealthcare®") and affiliates are eligible for the Renew Active program ("Program"), which includes access to a standard fitness membership at participating gyms and fitness locations at no additional cost.

#### **Enrollment Requirements**

Membership and participation in the Program is voluntary.
You must enroll in the Program according to the instructions provided on this website. More specifically, you must obtain your confirmation code and bring it to a participating gym or fitness location to receive standard membership access at no additional cost. In addition, you will use your confirmation code when registering with AARP® Staying Sharp® and/or the Fitbit® Community for Renew Active. Please note, that by using your confirmation code at a participating gym or fitness location, AARP Staying Sharp, or the Fitbit® Community for Renew Active, you are electing to disclose that you are a Renew Active member with a participating UnitedHealthcare® Medicare plan.
Program enrollment is on an individual basis and the Program's waived monthly membership rate for standard membership services at participating gyms and fitness locations is only applicable to individual memberships.
You are responsible for any and all non-covered services and/or similar fee-based products and services offered by participating gyms and fitness locations that require a separate fee to be paid to participating gyms and fitness locations. Including, without limitation, fees associated with personal training sessions, specialized classes, or additional/enhanced facility membership levels beyond the basic or standard membership level.
Equipment, classes, personalized fitness plans, caregiver access and events may vary by location.
Access to gym and fitness location network may vary by location and plan. Renew Active premium gym and fitness location network only available with certain plans.

#### **Liability Waiver**

<ul> <li>Always seek the advice of a doctor prior to beginning an exercise program or making to your lifestyle or health care routine.</li> </ul>	changes
□ Certain services, including equipment, classes, personalized fitness plans are provided gyms and fitness locations. Classes and events are provided by affiliates of UnitedHeal Insurance Company or other third parties not affiliated with UnitedHealthcare. Online to health program is provided by AARP Staying Sharp and the Fitbit® Community for Renactive is provided by Fitbit®. Participation in AARP Staying Sharp and the Fitbit® Community for Renew Active is subject to your acceptance of their respective terms and policies. UnitedHealthcare® and its respective subsidiaries and affiliates do not endorse and are responsible for the services or information provided by this Program, the content on an site, or for any injuries you may sustain while participating in any activities under the Program is provided by the program is provided to the provided by this Program.	althcare orain new munity e not ny linked
Other Requirements	
<ul> <li>You must verify that the individual gym or fitness location participates in the Program be enrolling.</li> </ul>	oefore
☐ If your participating gym or fitness location operator completely ceases to participate i Program, your Program participation and waived monthly membership rate will be discontinued until you join another participating gym or fitness location and enroll in the Program. If you wish to cancel your gym membership, you can opt to do so per the cancellation policy of the applicable gym or fitness location.	
Data Requirements	
Optum (the Program administrator) and/or your gym or fitness location will collect and electronically send and/or receive the minimum amount of your personal information rein order to facilitate the Program in accordance with the requirements of applicable law including privacy laws. Such required personal information includes, but is not limited program confirmation code, gym or fitness location membership ID, activity year and reand monthly visit count. By enrolling in the Program and receiving the pre-determined membership rates from your participating location, you accept the Terms and Condition the Program set forth herein and authorize Optum to request, and your gym or fitness to provide, such personal information.	required ws, to, month, monthly ons of
Optum (the Program administrator) will receive certain personal information from AAR Staying Sharp and Fitbit <sup>®</sup> . Such personal information includes, but is not limited to, proconfirmation code together with data regarding your usage of AARP Staying Sharp an Fitbit <sup>®</sup> Community for Renew Active (for example, the number of times you visited their each month). By enrolling in the Program you accept the Terms and Conditions of the set forth herein and authorize Optum to request, and AARP Staying Sharp, and Fitbit <sup>®</sup> provide such personal information.	ogram d the ir website Program
☐ The online brain health program provided by AARP Staying Sharp and the Fitbit® Comfor Renew Active provide by Fitbit® are offered pursuant to the terms and policies contheir websites, and you should review their terms and conditions and privacy policy be using their websites or providing any data or information to them on their websites.	tained on

UnitedHealthcare® and their respective subsidiaries and affiliates are not responsible for the acts or omissions of AARP Staying Sharp or Fitbit®.

# Chapter 12

Definitions of important words

#### **Chapter 12**

#### **Definitions of important words**

**Ambulatory Surgical Center** – An Ambulatory Surgical Center is an entity that operates exclusively for the purpose of furnishing outpatient surgical services to patients not requiring hospitalization and whose expected stay in the center does not exceed 24 hours.

**Annual Enrollment Period** – A set time each fall when members can change their health or drug plans or switch to Original Medicare. The Annual Enrollment Period is from October 15 until December 7.

**Appeal** – An appeal is something you do if you disagree with our decision to deny a request for coverage of health care services or prescription drugs or payment for services or drugs you already received. You may also make an appeal if you disagree with our decision to stop services that you are receiving. For example, you may ask for an appeal if we don't pay for a drug, item, or service you think you should be able to receive. Chapter 9 explains appeals, including the process involved in making an appeal.

**Balance Billing** – When a provider (such as a doctor or hospital) bills a patient more than the plan's allowed cost-sharing amount. As a member of AARP Medicare Advantage Choice Plan 2 (PPO), you only have to pay our plan's allowed cost-sharing amounts when you get services covered by our plan. We do not allow network providers to "balance bill" or otherwise charge you more than the amount of cost-sharing your plan says you must pay. In some cases, out-of-network providers can balance bill you for covered services. If you obtain covered services from an out-of-network provider who does not accept Medicare assignment, you will be responsible for the plan cost-sharing, plus any difference between the amount we pay the provider and the Medicare limiting charge.

**Benefit period** – The way that Original Medicare measures your use of hospital and skilled nursing facility (SNF) services. A benefit period begins the day you go into a hospital or skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you haven't received any inpatient hospital care (or skilled care in a SNF) for 60 days in a row. If you go into a hospital or a skilled nursing facility after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. You must pay the inpatient hospital deductible for each benefit period. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods.

**Brand Name Drug** – A prescription drug that is manufactured and sold by the pharmaceutical company that originally researched and developed the drug. Brand name drugs have the same active-ingredient formula as the generic version of the drug. However, generic drugs are manufactured and sold by other drug manufacturers and are generally not available until after the patent on the brand name drug has expired.

Catastrophic Coverage Stage – The stage in the Part D Drug Benefit where you pay a low copayment or coinsurance for your drugs after you or other qualified parties on your behalf have spent \$6,550 in covered drugs during the covered year.

**Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS)** – The Federal agency that administers Medicare. Chapter 2 explains how to contact CMS.

**Clinical Research Study** – A clinical research study is a way that doctors and scientists test new types of medical care, like how well a new cancer drug works. They test new medical care procedures or drugs by asking for volunteers to help with the study. This kind of study is one of the final stages of a research process that helps doctors and scientists see if a new approach works and if it is safe.

**Coinsurance** – An amount you may be required to pay as your share of the cost for services or prescription drugs. Coinsurance is usually a percentage (for example, 20%). Coinsurance for innetwork services is based upon contractually negotiated rates (when available for the specific covered service to which the coinsurance applies) or Medicare Allowable Cost, depending on our contractual arrangements for the service.

**Combined Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amount** – This is the most you will pay in a year for all Part A and Part B services from both network (preferred) providers and out-of-network (non-preferred) providers. See Chapter 4, Section 1.2 for information about your combined maximum out-of-pocket amount.

**Complaint** – The formal name for "making a complaint" is "filing a grievance." The complaint process is used for certain types of problems only. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service you receive. See also "Grievance," in this list of definitions.

**Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF)** – A facility that mainly provides rehabilitation services after an illness or injury, and provides a variety of services including physical therapy, social or psychological services, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy and speechlanguage pathology services, and home environment evaluation services.

**Copayment (or "copay")** – An amount you may be required to pay as your share of the cost for a medical service or supply, like a doctor's visit, hospital outpatient visit, or a prescription drug. A copayment is a set amount, rather than a percentage. For example, you might pay \$10 or \$20 for a doctor's visit or prescription drug.

Cost-Sharing – Cost-sharing refers to amounts that a member has to pay when services or drugs are received. (This is in addition to the plan's monthly premium.) Cost-sharing includes any combination of the following three types of payments: (1) any deductible amount a plan may impose before services or drugs are covered; (2) any fixed "copayment" amount that a plan requires when a specific service or drug is received; or (3) any "coinsurance" amount, a percentage of the total amount paid for a service or drug that a plan requires when a specific service or drug is received. A "daily cost-sharing rate" may apply when your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply of certain drugs for you and you are required to pay a copayment.

**Cost-Sharing Tier** – Every drug on the list of covered drugs is in one of 5 cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier, the higher your cost for the drug.

**Coverage Determination** – A decision about whether a drug prescribed for you is covered by the plan and the amount, if any, you are required to pay for the prescription. In general, if you bring your prescription to a pharmacy and the pharmacy tells you the prescription isn't covered under your plan, that isn't a coverage determination. You need to call or write to your plan to ask for a formal decision about the coverage. Coverage determinations are called "coverage decisions" in this booklet. Chapter 9 explains how to ask us for a coverage decision.

**Covered Drugs** – The term we use to mean all of the prescription drugs covered by our plan.

**Covered Services** – The general term we use in this EOC to mean all of the health care services and supplies that are covered by our plan.

**Creditable Prescription Drug Coverage** – Prescription drug coverage (for example, from an employer or union) that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage. People who have this kind of coverage when they become eligible for Medicare can generally keep that coverage without paying a penalty, if they decide to enroll in Medicare prescription drug coverage later.

**Custodial Care** – Custodial care is personal care provided in a nursing home, hospice, or other facility setting when you do not need skilled medical care or skilled nursing care. Custodial care is personal care that can be provided by people who don't have professional skills or training, such as help with activities of daily living like bathing, dressing, eating, getting in or out of a bed or chair, moving around, and using the bathroom. It may also include the kind of health-related care that most people do themselves, like using eye drops. Medicare doesn't pay for custodial care.

**Customer Service** – A department within our plan responsible for answering your questions about your membership, benefits, grievances, and appeals. See Chapter 2 for information about how to contact Customer Service.

**Daily cost-sharing rate** – A "daily cost-sharing rate" may apply when your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply of certain drugs for you and you are required to pay a copayment. A daily cost-sharing rate is the copayment divided by the number of days in a month's supply. Here is an example: If your copayment for a one-month supply of a drug is \$30, and a one-month's supply in your plan is 30 days, then your "daily cost-sharing rate" is \$1 per day. This means you pay \$1 for each day's supply when you fill your prescription.

Daily Cost Share applies only if the drug is in the form of a solid oral dose (e.g., tablet or capsule) when dispensed for less than a one-month supply under applicable law. The Daily Cost Share requirements do not apply to either of the following:

- 1. Solid oral doses of antibiotics.
- 2. Solid oral doses that are dispensed in their original container or are usually dispensed in their original packaging to assist patients with compliance.

**Deductible** – The amount you must pay for health care or prescriptions before our plan begins to pay.

**Disenroll** or **Disenrollment** – The process of ending your membership in our plan. Disenrollment may be voluntary (your own choice) or involuntary (not your own choice).

**Dispensing Fee** – A fee charged each time a covered drug is dispensed to pay for the cost of filling a prescription. The dispensing fee covers costs such as the pharmacist's time to prepare and package the prescription.

**Durable Medical Equipment (DME)** – Certain medical equipment that is ordered by your doctor for medical reasons. Examples include walkers, wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, or hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home.

**Emergency** – A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require

immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life, loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

**Emergency Care** – Covered services that are: 1) rendered by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services; and 2) needed to treat, evaluate, or stabilize an emergency medical condition.

**Evidence of Coverage (EOC) and Disclosure Information** – This document, along with your enrollment form and any other attachments, riders, or other optional coverage selected, which explains your coverage, what we must do, your rights, and what you have to do as a member of our plan.

**Exception** – A type of coverage decision that, if approved, allows you to get a drug that is not on your plan sponsor's drug list (a formulary exception), or get a non-preferred drug at a preferred lower cost-sharing level (a tiering exception). You may also request an exception if your plan sponsor requires you to try another drug before receiving the drug you are requesting, or the plan limits the quantity or dosage of the drug you are requesting (a formulary exception).

**Extra Help** – A Medicare program to help people with limited income and resources pay Medicare prescription drug program costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and coinsurance.

**Generic Drug** – A prescription drug that is approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) as having the same active ingredient(s) as the brand name drug. Generally, a "generic" drug works the same as a brand name drug and usually costs less.

**Grievance** – A type of complaint you make about us or one of our network providers or pharmacies, including a complaint concerning the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes.

**Home Health Aide** – A home health aide provides services that don't need the skills of a licensed nurse or therapist, such as help with personal care (e.g., bathing, using the toilet, dressing, or carrying out the prescribed exercises). Home health aides do not have a nursing license or provide therapy.

Home Health Care – Skilled nursing care and certain other health care services that you get in your home for the treatment of an illness or injury. Covered services are listed in the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4, Section 2.1 under the heading "Home health agency care." If you need home health care services, our plan will cover these services for you provided the Medicare coverage requirements are met. Home health care can include services from a home health aide if the services are part of the home health plan of care for your illness or injury. They aren't covered unless you are also getting a covered skilled service. Home health services don't include the services of housekeepers, food service arrangements, or full-time nursing care at home.

**Hospice** – A member who has 6 months or less to live has the right to elect hospice. We, your plan, must provide you with a list of hospices in your geographic area. If you elect hospice and continue to pay premiums you are still a member of our plan. You can still obtain all medically necessary services as well as the supplemental benefits we offer. The hospice will provide special treatment for your state.

**Hospice Care** – A special way of caring for people who are terminally ill and providing counseling for their families. Hospice care is physical care and counseling that is given by a team of people who are part of a Medicare-certified public agency or private company. Depending on the situation,

this care may be given in the home, a hospice facility, a hospital, or a nursing home. Care from a hospice is meant to help patients in the last months of life by giving comfort and relief from pain. The focus is on care, not cure. For more information on hospice care visit www.medicare.gov and under "Search Tools" choose "Find a Medicare Publication" to view or download the publication "Medicare Hospice Benefits." Or, call (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You may call 24 hours a day/7 days a week.

**Hospital Inpatient Stay** – A hospital stay when you have been formally admitted to the hospital for skilled medical services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an "outpatient."

**Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount (IRMAA)** – If your modified adjusted gross income as reported on your IRS tax return from 2 years ago is above a certain amount, you'll pay the standard premium amount and an Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount, also known as IRMAA. IRMAA is an extra charge added to your premium. Less than 5% of people with Medicare are affected, so most people will not pay a higher premium.

Initial Coverage Limit - The maximum limit of coverage under the Initial Coverage Stage.

**Initial Coverage Stage** – This is the stage before your total drug costs including amounts you have paid and what your plan has paid on your behalf for the year have reached \$4,130.

**Initial Enrollment Period** – When you are first eligible for Medicare, the period of time when you can sign up for Medicare Part A and Part B. For example, if you're eligible for Medicare when you turn 65, your Initial Enrollment Period is the 7-month period that begins 3 months before the month you turn 65, includes the month you turn 65, and ends 3 months after the month you turn 65.

**In-Network Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amount** – The most you will pay for covered Part A and Part B services received from in-network (preferred) providers. After you have reached this limit, you will not have to pay anything when you get covered services from network providers for the rest of the contract year. However, until you reach your combined out-of-pocket amount, you must continue to pay your share of the costs when you seek care from an out-of-network (non-preferred) provider. See Chapter 4, Section 1.2 for information about your in-network maximum out-of-pocket amount.

Institutional Special Needs Plan (SNP) – A Special Needs Plan that enrolls eligible individuals who continuously reside or are expected to continuously reside for 90 days or longer in a long-term care (LTC) facility. These LTC facilities may include a skilled nursing facility (SNF); nursing facility (NF); (SNF/NF); an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded (ICF/MR); and/or an inpatient psychiatric facility. An institutional Special Needs Plan to serve Medicare residents of LTC facilities must have a contractual arrangement with (or own and operate) the specific LTC facility(ies).

**Institutional Equivalent Special Needs Plan (SNP)** – An institutional Special Needs Plan that enrolls eligible individuals living in the community but requiring an institutional level of care based on the State assessment. The assessment must be performed using the same respective State level of care assessment tool and administered by an entity other than the organization offering the plan. This type of Special Needs Plan may restrict enrollment to individuals that reside in a contracted assisted living facility (ALF) if necessary to ensure uniform delivery of specialized care.

**List of Covered Drugs (Formulary or "Drug List")** – A list of prescription drugs covered by the plan. The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of doctors and pharmacists. The list includes both brand name and generic drugs.

Low Income Subsidy (LIS) - See "Extra Help."

**Maximum Charge (Limiting Charge)** – In the Original Medicare plan, the highest amount of money you can be charged for a covered service by doctors and other health care suppliers who don't accept assignment. The limiting charge is 15% over Medicare's approved amount. The limiting charge only applies to certain services and doesn't apply to supplies or equipment.

**Medicaid (or Medical Assistance)** – A joint Federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with low incomes and limited resources. Medicaid programs vary from state to state, but most health care costs are covered if you qualify for both Medicare and Medicaid. See Chapter 2, Section 6 for information about how to contact Medicaid in your state.

**Medical Emergency** – A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life, loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

**Medically Accepted Indication** – A use of a drug that is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration or supported by certain reference books. See Chapter 5, Section 3 for more information about a medically accepted indication.

**Medically Necessary** – Services, supplies, or drugs that are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

**Medicare** – The Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (generally those with permanent kidney failure who need dialysis or a kidney transplant). People with Medicare can get their Medicare health coverage through Original Medicare, a Programs of Allinclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE) plan, or a Medicare Advantage Plan.

Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period – A set time each year when members in a Medicare Advantage plan can cancel their plan enrollment and switch to another Medicare Advantage plan, or obtain coverage through Original Medicare. If you choose to switch to Original Medicare during this period, you can also join a separate Medicare prescription drug plan at that time. The Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period is from January 1 until March 31, and is also available for a 3-month period after an individual is first eligible for Medicare.

Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan – Sometimes called Medicare Part C. A plan offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide you with all your Medicare Part A and Part B benefits. A Medicare Advantage Plan can be an HMO, PPO, a Private Fee-for-Service (PFFS) plan, or a Medicare Medical Savings Account (MSA) plan. When you are enrolled in a Medicare Advantage Plan, Medicare services are covered through the plan, and are not paid for under Original Medicare. In most cases, Medicare Advantage Plans also offer Medicare Part D (prescription drug coverage). These plans are called Medicare Advantage Plans with Prescription Drug Coverage. Everyone who has Medicare Part A and Part B is eligible to join any Medicare Advantage health plan that is offered in their area.

**Medicare Allowable Cost** – The maximum price of a service for reimbursement purposes under Original Medicare.

Medicare Assignment - In Original Medicare, a doctor or supplier "accepts assignment" when he

or she agrees to accept the Medicare-approved amount as full payment for covered services. For covered out-of-network services, it can save you money if your doctor or supplier accepts assignment. If a doctor or supplier accepts assignment, your cost-sharing is limited to your copayment or coinsurance amount for the covered service.

**Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program** – A program that provides discounts on most covered Part D brand name drugs to Part D members who have reached the Coverage Gap Stage and who are not already receiving "Extra Help." Discounts are based on agreements between the Federal government and certain drug manufacturers. For this reason, most, but not all, brand name drugs are discounted.

**Medicare-Covered Services** – Services covered by Medicare Part A and Part B. All Medicare health plans, including our plan, must cover all of the services that are covered by Medicare Part A and B.

**Medicare Health Plan** – A Medicare health plan is offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide Part A and Part B benefits to people with Medicare who enroll in the plan. This term includes all Medicare Advantage Plans, Medicare Cost Plans, Demonstration/Pilot Programs, and Programs of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).

**Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage (Medicare Part D)** – Insurance to help pay for outpatient prescription drugs, vaccines, biologicals, and some supplies not covered by Medicare Part A or Part B.

"Medigap" (Medicare Supplement Insurance) Policy – Medicare supplement insurance sold by private insurance companies to fill "gaps" in Original Medicare. Medigap policies only work with Original Medicare. (A Medicare Advantage Plan is not a Medigap policy.)

**Member (Member of our plan, or "Plan Member")** – A person with Medicare who is eligible to get covered services, who has enrolled in our plan, and whose enrollment has been confirmed by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS).

**Network** – The doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, hospitals, and other health care facilities or providers that have an agreement with us to provide covered services to our members and to accept our payment and any plan cost-sharing as payment in full. (See Chapter 1, Section 3.2)

**Network Pharmacy** – A network pharmacy is a pharmacy where members of our plan can get their prescription drug benefits. We call them "network pharmacies" because they contract with our plan. In most cases, your prescriptions are covered only if they are filled at one of our network pharmacies.

**Network Provider** – "Provider" is the general term we use for doctors, other health care professionals, hospitals, and other health care facilities that are licensed or certified by Medicare and by the State to provide health care services. We call them "**network providers**" when they have an agreement with our plan to accept our payment as payment in full, and in some cases to coordinate as well as provide covered services to members of our plan. Our plan pays network providers based on the agreements it has with the providers or if the providers agree to provide you with plan-covered services. Network providers may also be referred to as "plan providers."

**Non-Preferred Network Mail-order Pharmacy –** A network mail-order pharmacy that generally offers Medicare Part D covered drugs to members of our plan at higher cost-sharing levels than

apply at a preferred network mail-order pharmacy.

**Optional Supplemental Benefits** – Non-Medicare-covered benefits that can be purchased for an additional premium and are not included in your package of benefits. If you choose to have optional supplemental benefits, you may have to pay an additional premium. You must voluntarily elect Optional Supplemental Benefits in order to get them.

**Organization Determination** – The Medicare Advantage Plan has made an organization determination when it makes a decision about whether items or services are covered or how much you have to pay for covered items or services. Organization determinations are called "coverage decisions" in this booklet. Chapter 9 explains how to ask us for a coverage decision.

**Original Medicare** ("Traditional Medicare" or "Fee-for-service" Medicare) – Original Medicare is offered by the government, and not a private health plan such as Medicare Advantage Plans and prescription drug plans. Under Original Medicare, Medicare services are covered by paying doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers payment amounts established by Congress. You can see any doctor, hospital, or other health care provider that accepts Medicare. You must pay the deductible. Medicare pays its share of the Medicare-approved amount, and you pay your share. Original Medicare has two parts: Part A (Hospital Insurance) and Part B (Medical Insurance) and is available everywhere in the United States.

**Out-of-Network Pharmacy** – A pharmacy that doesn't have a contract with our plan to coordinate or provide covered drugs to members of our plan. As explained in this Evidence of Coverage, most drugs you get from out-of-network pharmacies are not covered by our plan unless certain conditions apply.

**Out-of-Network Provider or Out-of-Network Facility** – A provider or facility with which we have not arranged to coordinate or provide covered services to members of our plan. Out-of-network providers are providers that are not employed, owned, or operated by our plan or are not under contract to deliver covered services to you. Using out-of-network providers or facilities is explained in this booklet in Chapter 3.

**Out-of-Pocket Costs** – See the definition for "cost-sharing" above. A member's cost-sharing requirement to pay for a portion of services or drugs received is also referred to as the member's "out-of-pocket" cost requirement.

**PACE plan** – A PACE (Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly) plan combines medical, social, and long-term care services for frail people to help people stay independent and living in their community (instead of moving to a nursing home) as long as possible, while getting the high-quality care they need. People enrolled in PACE plans receive both their Medicare and Medicaid benefits through the plan. PACE is not available in all states. If you would like to know if PACE is available in your state, please contact Customer Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

#### Part C - see "Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan."

**Part D** – The voluntary Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit Program. (For ease of reference, we will refer to the prescription drug benefit program as Part D.)

**Part D Drugs** – Drugs that can be covered under Part D. We may or may not offer all Part D drugs. (See your formulary for a specific list of covered drugs.) Certain categories of drugs were specifically excluded by Congress from being covered as Part D drugs.

Part D Late Enrollment Penalty – An amount added to your monthly premium for Medicare drug coverage if you go without creditable coverage (coverage that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as standard Medicare prescription drug coverage) for a continuous period of 63 days or more after you are first eligible to join a Part D plan. You pay this higher amount as long as you have a Medicare drug plan. There are some exceptions. For example, if you receive "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay your prescription drug plan costs, you will not pay a late enrollment penalty.

**Preferred Cost-Sharing** – Preferred cost-sharing means lower cost-sharing for certain covered Part D drugs at certain network pharmacies.

**Preferred Network Mail-order Pharmacy –** A network mail-order pharmacy that generally offers Medicare Part D covered drugs to members of our plan that may have lower cost-sharing levels than at other network pharmacies or mail-order pharmacies.

**Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) Plan** – A Preferred Provider Organization plan is a Medicare Advantage Plan that has a network of contracted providers that have agreed to treat plan members for a specified payment amount. A PPO plan must cover all plan benefits whether they are received from network or out-of-network providers. Member cost-sharing will generally be higher when plan benefits are received from out-of-network providers. PPO plans have an annual limit on your out-of-pocket costs for services received from in-network (preferred) providers and a higher limit on your total combined out-of-pocket costs for services from both in-network (preferred) and out-of-network (non-preferred) providers.

**Premium** – The periodic payment to Medicare, an insurance company, or a health care plan for health or prescription drug coverage.

**Primary Care Provider (PCP)** – Your primary care provider is the doctor or other provider you see first for most health problems. He or she makes sure you get the care you need to keep you healthy. He or she also may talk with other doctors and health care providers about your care and refer you to them. In many Medicare health plans, you must see your primary care provider before you see any other health care provider. See Chapter 3, Section 2.1 for information about Primary Care Providers.

**Prior Authorization** – For medical services it means a process where your PCP or treating provider must receive approval in advance before certain medical services will be provided or payable. For certain drugs that may or may not be on our drug list (formulary) it means a process where you or your provider must receive approval in advance before certain drugs will be provided or payable. Covered services that need prior authorization are marked in the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4. Covered drugs that need prior authorization are marked in the formulary. In the network portion of a PPO, some in-network medical services are covered only if your PCP or other network provider gets "prior authorization" from our plan. In a PPO, you do not need prior authorization to obtain out-of-network services. However, you may want to check with the plan before obtaining services from out-of-network providers to confirm that the service is covered by your plan and what your cost-sharing responsibility is.

**Prosthetics and Orthotics** – These are medical devices ordered by your doctor or other health care provider. Covered items include, but are not limited to, arm, back and neck braces; artificial limbs; artificial eyes; and devices needed to replace an internal body part or function, including ostomy supplies and enteral and parenteral nutrition therapy.

**Providers** – Doctors and other health care professionals that the state licenses to provide medical services and care. The term "providers" also includes hospitals and other health care facilities.

**Quality Improvement Organization (QIO)** – A group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients. See Chapter 2, Section 4 for information about how to contact the QIO for your state.

**Quantity Limits** – A management tool that is designed to limit the use of selected drugs for quality, safety, or utilization reasons. Limits may be on the amount of the drug that we cover per prescription or for a defined period of time.

**Rehabilitation Services** – These services include physical therapy, speech and language therapy, and occupational therapy.

**Retail Walk-In Clinic** – A provider location that generally does not require appointments and may be a standalone location or located in a retail store, supermarket or pharmacy. Walk-In Clinic Services are subject to the same cost sharing as Urgent Care Centers. (See the Benefit Chart in Chapter 4)

**Service Area** – A geographic area where a health plan accepts members if it limits membership based on where people live. For plans that limit which doctors and hospitals you may use, it's also generally the area where you can get routine (non-emergency) services. The plan may disenroll you if you permanently move out of the plan's service area.

**Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) Care** – Skilled nursing care and rehabilitation services provided on a continuous, daily basis, in a skilled nursing facility. Examples of skilled nursing facility care include physical therapy or intravenous injections that can only be given by a registered nurse or doctor.

**Special Enrollment Period** – A set time when members can change their health or drug plans or return to Original Medicare. Situations in which you may be eligible for a Special Enrollment Period include: if you move outside the service area, if you are getting "Extra Help" with your prescription drug costs, if you move into a nursing home, or if we violate our contract with you.

**Special Needs Plan** – A special type of Medicare Advantage Plan that provides more focused health care for specific groups of people, such as those who have both Medicare and Medicaid, who reside in a nursing home, or who have certain chronic medical conditions.

**Standard Cost-sharing** – Standard cost-sharing is cost-sharing other than preferred cost-sharing offered at a network pharmacy.

**Step Therapy** – A utilization tool that requires you to first try another drug to treat your medical condition before we will cover the drug your physician may have initially prescribed.

**Supplemental Security Income (SSI)** – A monthly benefit paid by Social Security to people with limited income and resources who are disabled, blind, or age 65 and older. SSI benefits are not the same as Social Security benefits.

**Urgently Needed Services** – Urgently needed services are provided to treat a non-emergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care. Urgently needed services may be furnished by network providers or by out-of-network providers when network providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible.

# AARP Medicare Advantage Choice Plan 2 (PPO) Customer Service:



#### Call **1-800-643-4845**

Calls to this number are free. 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week. Customer Service also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.

#### TTY **711**

Calls to this number are free. 8 a.m. - 8 p.m. local time, 7 days a week.

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Write: **P.O. Box 30770 Salt Lake City, UT 84130-0770** 

www.myAARPMedicare.com

#### State Health Insurance Assistance Program

State Health Insurance Assistance Program is a state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare. You can call the SHIP in your state at the number listed in Chapter 2 Section 3 of the Evidence of Coverage.

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